



SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Modes	T1/FT1 Frame Relay, T1/FT1 PPP, T1/FT1 Multilink PPP, T1/FT1 Multilink Frame Relay, T1/FT1 HDLC
T1/FT1 Interface	Supported Standards: AT&T TR 62411, AT&T TR 54016, Bellcore TR 194, ANSI T1.403 Line Rate: 1.544 Mbps \pm 75 bps Line Code: AMI or B8ZS Framing: D4 (SF) or ESF FT1 Line Rate: DS0 channelized Input Signal: 0 to -36 dB (DS1) Line Build-Out: 0, -7.5, -15, -22.5 dB Connector: RJ-48C DS0 Assignment: Programmable
Clock Source	Network, internal, and through
Diagnostics	Test pattern Generation and Detection: QRSS, 511, $2^{15} - 1$, $2^{20} - 1$, all ones, all zeros Network loopbacks (local and remote); responds to both inband and FDL loop codes Alarm generation and detection Network and user sets of performance data (15 minutes and 24 hours)
Compliance	FCC Part 15 Class A, EN 55022 Class A, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3 ACTA/FCC Part 68, IC CS-03 UL/CUL 60950, IEC 60950
Physical	Dimensions: 6.99 cm (2.75 in) W x 10.80 cm (4.25 in) D Operating Temperature: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) Relative Humidity: Up to 95 percent, noncondensing at 30°C (86°F) Non-Operating Temperature: -20°C to 70°C (-4°F to 158°F) Non-Operating Relative Humidity: Up to 95 percent, noncondensing at 30°C (86°F) Altitude: Up to 3.05 km (10,000 ft)

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

1. Remove power from the unit.
2. Slide the ProCurve Secure Router dl 2xT1 Module into the option slot until the module is firmly seated against the chassis.
3. Secure the screws at both edges of the module.
4. Connect the cables to the associated device(s).
5. Complete the installation of the base unit.
6. Restore power to the unit.

Note *For safety information for the routers and all modules, please refer to the safety and ESD precautions in the **ProCurve Secure Router Installation Guide** included in your router shipment.*

T1/1 AND T1/2 NETWORK (RJ-48C) CONNECTION PINOUT

Pin	Name	Description
1	R1	Receive data from the network - Ring 1
2	T1	Receive data from the network - Tip 1
3	—	Unused
4	R	Transmit data toward the network - Ring
5	T	Transmit data toward the network - Tip
6-8	—	Unused

Note *An optional backup module is required for backup applications.*

*For a description of the backup connection pinouts, refer to the **Quick Start Guide** included with your backup module*

2X T1 MODULE COMMANDS

clock source [line* | internal | through]

Configures the source timing used for both T1 interfaces.

line*	Recovers clock from the primary circuit.
internal	Provides clocking using the internal oscillator.
through	Recovers clock from the circuit connected to the alternate interface.

Note *The 2xT1 module supports a single clock source for both T1 interfaces. Changing the clock source on one T1 interface automatically affects the configuration of the other T1 interface. For example, setting the clock source to **line** on the first T1 configures the clock source of the second T1 as **through**.*

coding [ami | b8zs*]

Configures the line coding for the T1 physical interface. The settings must match the line coding supplied on the circuit by the service provider (or external equipment).

ami	Configures the line coding for alternate mark inversion.
b8zs*	Configures the line coding for bipolar eight zero substitution.

fdl [ansi* | att | none]

Configures the format of the facility data link (FDL) channel on the T1 circuit.

ansi*	Configures the FDL for ANSI T1.403 standard.
att	Configures the FDL for ATT TR 54016 standard.
none	No FDL standard configured.

framing [d4 | esf*]

Configures the framing format of the T1 interface. This setting must match the framing format provided by the service provider or external device. Use the **no** form of this command to return to the default value.

d4	Specifies D4 superframe (SF) T1 framing.
esf*	Specifies extended SF T1 framing.

lbo [long <0' | -7.5 | -15 | -22.5> | short <0 to 655>]

Sets the line build out (in dB or feet) for the T1 Interface. Use the **lbo long** command for T1 interfaces with a cable length greater than 655 feet. Use the **lbo short** command for T1 interfaces with a cable length less than 655 feet.

loopback network [line | payload]

Initiates a loopback on the interface toward the network. Use the **no** form of this command to deactivate the loopback.

line	Initiates a metallic loopback of the physical T1 network interface.
payload	Initiates a loopback of the T1 framer (CSU portion) of the T1 network interface.

loopback remote line [fdl | inband]

Sends a loopback code to the remote unit to initiate a line loopback. Use the **no** form of this command to send a loopdown code to the remote unit to deactivate the loopback.

fdl	Uses the facility data link (FDL) to initiate a full 1.544 Mbps physical (metallic) loopback of the signal received by the remote unit from the network.
inband	Uses the inband channel to initiate a full 1.544 Mbps physical (metallic) loopback of the signal received by the remote unit from the network.

loopback remote payload

Sends a loopback code to the remote unit to initiate a payload loopback. Use the **no** form of this command to deactivate the loopback.

remote-alarm rai

Selects the alarm signaling type to be sent when a loss of frame is detected on the T1 receive signal. Use the **no** form of this command to disable all transmitted alarms.

rai*	Sends a remote alarm indication (RAI) in response to a loss of frame. Also prevents a received RAI from causing a change in interface operational status.
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remote-loopback

Configures the interface to respond to loopbacks initiated by a remote unit (or service provider). Use the **no** version of this command to disable this feature.

show test-pattern

Displays the results (including error count) from active test patterns.

shutdown

Disables the interface (both physical and virtual) so that no data will be passed through. Use the **no** form of this command to turn on the interface and allow it to pass data. By default, all interfaces are disabled.

snmp trap link-status

Controls the SNMP variable, *ifLinkUpDownTrapEnable* (RFC2863) to enable the interface to send SNMP traps when there is an interface status change. Use the **no** form of this command to disable this trap.

tdm-group <group#> timeslots <1-24> speed [64]

Creates a group of contiguous DS0s on this interface to be used during the **bind** process.

<group#>	Number label (1 to 255) to identify this TDM group.
timeslot <1-24>	Specifies the timeslots used in the TDM group. Enter as a single number (representing one of the 24E1 channel timeslots) or as a contiguous group of channels. (For example, 1-10 specifies the first ten channels of the T1.)

64 (Optional) Specifies a DS0 rate of 64 kbps.

test-pattern [clear | insert | ones | p215 | p220 | p511 | qrss | zeros]

Activates the built-in pattern generator and begins sending the specified test pattern. Can be used to verify a data path when used in conjunction with an active loopback. Use the **no** form of this command to cease pattern generation.

clear	Clears the test pattern error count. Display the error count using the show test-pattern command.
insert	Inserts an error into currently active test pattern. Display the injected error result using the show test-pattern command.
ones	Generates a pattern of continuous ones.
p215	Generates a pseudorandom test pattern sequence based on a 15-bit shift register.
p220	Generates a pseudorandom test pattern sequence based on a 20-bit shift register.
p511	Generates repeating pattern of ones and zeros.
qrss	Generates a random test pattern.
zeros	Generates a pattern of continuous zeros.

* Indicates default values.

Note *This command list is an illustration of available commands. For complete command descriptions and default values, refer to the **SRoS Command Line Interface Reference Guide** provided on your ProCurve SRoS Documentation CD.*