



Installation and Getting
Started Guide

ProCurve Series 8100f1 Switches

www.procurve.com



ProCurve Series 8100fl Switches

Installation and Getting Started Guide

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Applicable Products

ProCurve Switch 8108fl (J8727A)

ProCurve Switch 8116fl (J8728A)

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Before installing and operating these products, please read the [“Installation Guidelines”](#) in Chapter 2 and the safety statements in [“Safety and Regulatory Statements”](#).

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Introducing the ProCurve Series 8100fl Switch

The ProCurve Series 8100fl switches are multiport modular switches that perform non-blocking, wire-speed, layer-2 switching, layer-3 routing, and layer-4 application switching. They are designed to interconnect LAN networks built upon the ProCurve Adaptive EDGE Architecture, as an alternative to traditional core routing switches. These interconnect switches provide high bandwidth, high availability, and high performance connectivity between Intelligent EDGE devices, supporting applications that require security and convergence decisions at the edge of your network.

The ProCurve Series 8100fl switches include the Switch 8108fl and the Switch 8116fl. This chapter describes both switches including:

- Front and back of a switch
- Hardware and software features (see [page 1-14](#) for details)

Switch 8108fl

8 Interface Module slots

- Up to 80 100/1000-T ports
- Up to 80 Gigabit fiber ports
- Up to 16 10 Gigabit flexible media transceiver ports



ProCurve Switch 8108fl
(J8727A)



ProCurve Switch 8116fl
(J8728A)

Switch 8116fl

16 Interface Module slots

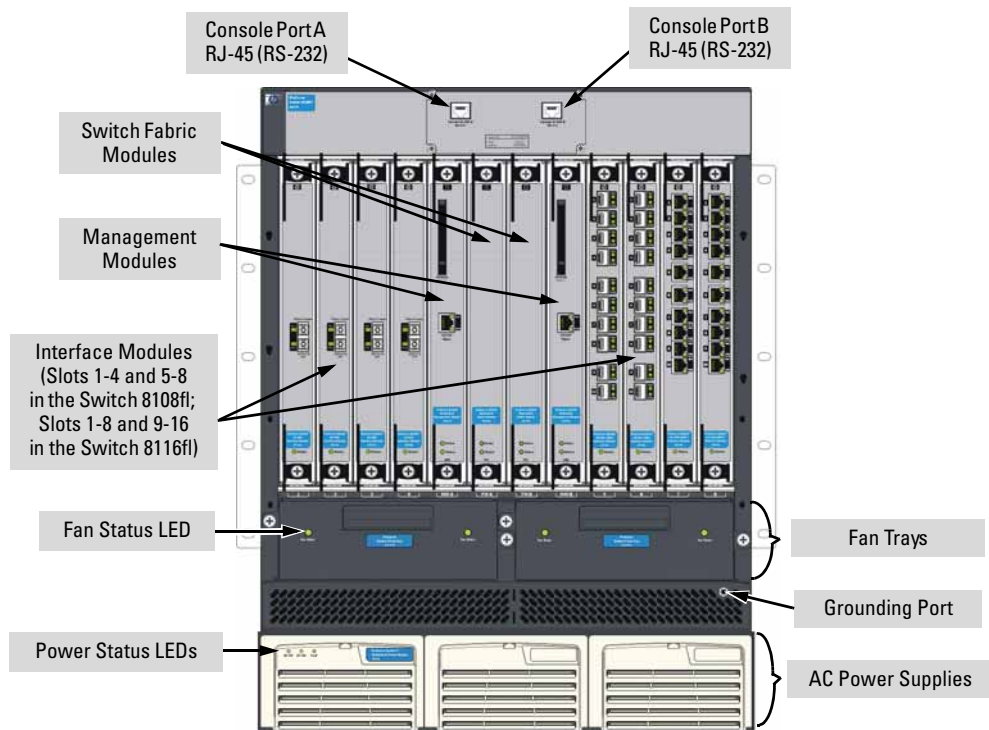
- Up to 160 100/1000-T ports
- Up to 160 Gigabit fiber ports
- Up to 32 10 Gigabit flexible media transceiver ports

Switch 8108fl and Switch 8116fl. The *Switch 8108fl* is an 8-slot chassis that comes with one management module, one switch fabric module, one backplane, and one power supply. The *Switch 8116fl* is a 16-slot chassis with one management module, one switch fabric module, one backplane, and two power supplies. Both switches support the same interface modules.

Front of the Switch

This section describes the following ProCurve Switch 8100fl components:

- Switch Chassis
- Modules
- Power System
- Fan Assembly
- LEDs



This illustration shows a Switch 8108fl, but the labeling and descriptions also apply to the taller Switch 8116fl.

Note

In a Switch 8116fl, the switch fabric module is sized differently. Otherwise, all hardware components are identical. For a full listing of the physical and environmental specifications for each model, refer to [Appendix A, “Specifications”](#).

Switch Chassis

The Switch 8108fl is an 8-slot chassis; the Switch 8118fl is a 16-slot chassis.

Console Ports

The top of the chassis contains two RJ-45 serial console ports—one for Management Module A (primary management module), and one for Management Module B (secondary management module). These ports are used to directly connect a management console to the switch by using the RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter and straight-through cable supplied with the switch. You can use the console port only for out-of-band management. It cannot be used for a Telnet connection. For network connections, use the 10/100 Base-T port on the Management module, as shown in [Table 1-1 on page 1-6](#).

Slot Covers

All ProCurve Switch 8100fl slots must have an installed module or be covered by a slot cover any time the switch is powered on. Slot covers are included in your shipment as needed, and are half-height size, except for the full-height slot cover for the 8116fl switch fabric module. Half-height slot covers have different widths—switch fabric modules are wider than interface modules.

Caution

Failure to cover empty slots while the system is running degrades the forced air cooling system and can cause the system to overheat.

Backplane

The backplane is installed at the factory and occupies the rear of the chassis. It is designed to be completely passive to ensure high availability of the system. The power supplies use the backplane to supply power to the system. Interface modules and the primary management module use the backplane to exchange control information and packets.

Modules

Each module is shipped separately from the chassis. The different types of supported modules are described in the following sections. As of this printing, the following modules are supported in ProCurve 8100fl switches:

- ProCurve 8108fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8729A)
- ProCurve 8116fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8730A)
- ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Management Module (J8731A)
- ProCurve Switch fl 1-Port 10-GbE LR Interface Module (J8733A)

- ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module (J8734A)
- ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port Mini-GBIC Interface Module (J8735A)
- ProCurve Switch fl 1-Port X2 10GbE Interface Module (J8736A)
- ProCurve Switch fl 2-Port X2 10GbE Interface Module (J8737A)

The Switch 8116fl has two unused slots labelled **EM** above each management module slot. These two slots are reserved for future use.

Caution

To avoid damaging modules and the backplane, be sure that you insert each type of module into its appropriate slot.

Switch Fabric Module

Each ProCurve Switch 8100fl requires one switch fabric module to process traffic for any interface module. A second switch fabric module can be installed for redundancy.

Switch fabric modules (half-height module for Switch 8108fl; full-height module for Switch 8116fl) are installed in slots labelled **FM**. When installing two modules, install the primary module in slot **FM-A**; install the secondary module in slot **FM-B**. (When installing a single switch fabric module, you can install the module in either slot.)

Note

The 8108fl switch fabric module and 8116fl switch fabric module are *not* interchangeable. You can install the half-height module only in the 8108fl Switch—the 8116fl Switch requires a full-height switch fabric module.

Management Module

A ProCurve Switch 8100fl requires at least one primary management module to operate. You can install a second management module for redundancy.

Management modules (thicker, half-height modules) are installed in slots labelled **MM**. You must install the primary management module in slot **MM-A**; you can install a second redundant management module in slot **MM-B**.

The management module maintains persistent images of all software that runs on the system. The primary non-volatile storage medium is a Compact Flash card located on the module—this is a separate memory module for storing run-time images and tables. The management module is the main processing unit of the ProCurve Switch 8100fl chassis. It contains system-wide bridging and routing tables, and runs the main control protocols. Traffic that does not yet have an entry in the L2 lookup tables on individual interface modules is sent to the management module to be learned. After processing traffic, the

management module updates the L2 tables on the interface modules that received the traffic thus ensuring system-wide coordination and visibility. In this way, the interface modules learn how to forward traffic.

Interface Modules and Accessories

Interface modules (narrow, half-height modules) provide network connectivity options in addition to bridging and routing functionality. The Switch 8108fl has 8 slots (numbered **1-8**) for interface modules; the Switch 8116fl has 16 slots (numbered **1-16**) for interface modules. The following interface modules are supported in ProCurve 8100fl switches:

- ProCurve Switch fl 1-Port 10-GbE LR Interface Module (J8733A)*
- ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module (J8734A)
- ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port Mini-GBIC Interface Module (J8735A) that uses and supports the following mini-GBICs:
 - ProCurve Gigabit-SX LC mini-GBIC (J4858B)
 - ProCurve Gigabit-LX LC mini-GBIC (J4859B)
 - ProCurve Gigabit-LH LC mini-GBIC (J4860B)
 - ProCurve Gigabit 1000Base-T mini-GBIC (J8177B)
- ProCurve Switch fl 1-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8736A)**
- ProCurve Switch fl 2-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8737A) that uses and supports the following transceivers (as of this printing):
 - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC SR Optic transceiver (J8436A)
 - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC LR Optic transceiver (J8437A)
 - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC ER Optic transceiver (J8438A)
 - 10 Gigabit-X2-CX4 copper transceiver (J8440A)
 - 10 Gigabit-X2-CX4 Optical Media Converter (J8439A)

* Discontinued in Summer 2006.

** Discontinued in Spring 2007. Replaced by the 2-Port X2 10Gbe Module (J8737A).

Power Supply

The ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Power Supply (J8732A) operates between 100–240 VAC. Each component (management module, interface module, and so on) regulates its own power needs. The Switch 8108fl requires one power supply to operate a fully-populated chassis—an optional second power supply provides for redundancy. For the Switch 8116fl, two power supplies are required to operate a fully-populated chassis—an optional third power supply provides for redundancy.

Fan Trays

The chassis contains two fan tray assemblies to provide a cooling air flow across the switch modules. Each fan tray assembly contains three fans. The fan tray assembly is hot swappable to allow for easy replacement of fans.

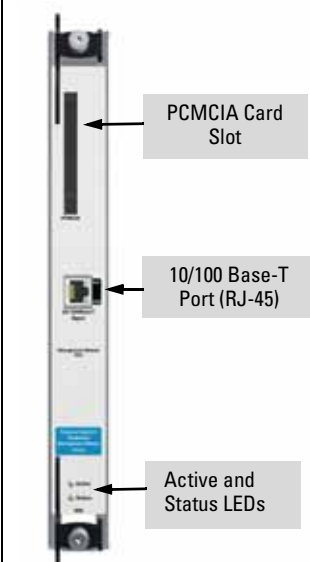
LEDs

The tables in this section describe how the LEDs on the switch chassis and modules show the operational status of the switch and network connections.

Management Module LEDs

The management module has Active and Status LEDs showing the module's operational status, plus LEDs on the RJ-45 port showing network connections. The LED states are described in the following table.

Table 1-1. Management Module (J8731A) LEDs

Management Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
	Active	Green	Flashing	Negotiating active/backup management module(s) during boot sequence.
		Green	Solid	Module is active - normal.
		n/a	Off	Module is in back up mode.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is booting up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Module is in service - normal.
		Yellow/Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure.
	10/100 Base-T Port			
	Activity (Act)	n/a	Off	No data is being transferred and/or no connector is plugged into the port.
		Green	Flashing	Transmitting data.
	Link	n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
		Green	Solid	Link is up.

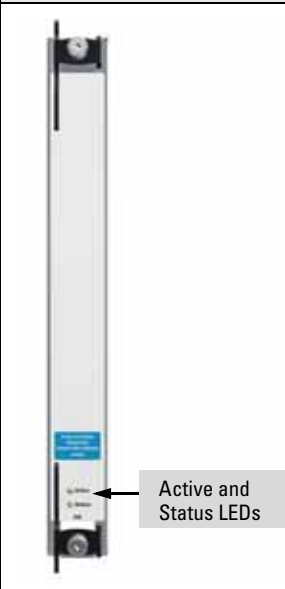
10/100 Base-T Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) Port. Use the RJ-45 port to manage a ProCurve 8100fl Switch from a management workstation through an inband Telnet session. The RJ-45 port is configured as a media data interface (MDI). For out-of-band console access, you can also connect directly to the RJ-45 serial port on top of the chassis (see [page 2-27](#)).

PCMCIA Flash Card. The PCMCIA card slot holds a PC flash memory card (reserved for future software releases).

Switch Fabric Module LEDs

Switch fabric modules have two LEDs: an Active LED (on top) and a Status LED (on bottom). The LED states are described in the following table.

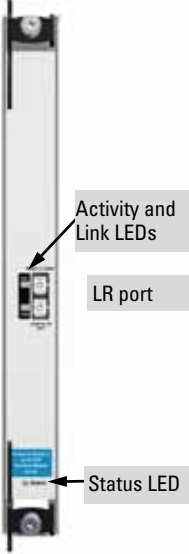
Table 1-2. Switch Fabric Module (J8729A/J8730A) LED

Switch Fabric Module LEDs	LED	Color	State	Meaning
	Active	Green	Flashing	Negotiating active/backup switch fabric module(s) during boot sequence.
		Green	Solid	Module is active - normal.
		n/a	Off	Module is in back up mode.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Module is in service - normal.
		Yellow/ Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Interface Module LEDs

Interface modules have LEDs showing activity and link status by port, plus a Status LED at the bottom showing the operational status of each module. LED function and behavior differs according to module (refer to the following tables for details).

Table 1-3. 1-Port 10GB LR Module (J8733A) LEDs

1-Port 10GB LR Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
	Activity (Act)	Green	Flashing	Transmitting data.
		Green	Solid	Link is up; no data is being transferred.
		Off	Flashing	When no connector is plugged into the port, the LED will flash approximately once every few seconds. This on/off cycle is a safety feature known as Auto Laser Shutdown.
	Link	Green	Solid	Link is up.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Software image loaded successfully.
		Yellow/Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Note

This module was discontinued in Summer 2006. The 2-Port X2 10Gbe Module (J8737A) shown on [page 1-12](#), provides functionally-equivalent LR connectivity (with separate purchase of LR transceivers) in a two port X2, media-flexible package.

Table 1-4. 10-Port 100/1000Base-T Module (J8734A) LEDs

The 10-Port 100/1000 Base-T Module shows the link status of each port on top and has an LED showing the activity status of each port on the bottom.

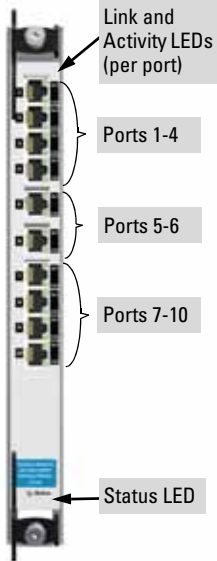
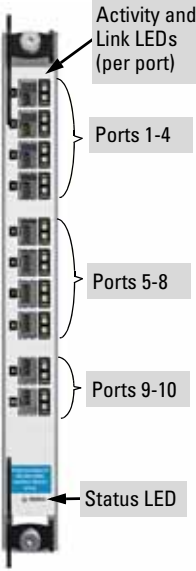
10-Port 100/1000Base-T Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
	Link (per port)	Green	Solid	Port is in 1000 Mbps mode.
		Amber	Solid	Port is in 100 Mbps mode.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
	Activity (per port)	Green	Flashing	Transmitting data.
		n/a	Off	No data is being transferred, and/or no connector is plugged into the port.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Software image loaded successfully.
		Yellow/Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Table 1-5. 10-Port mini-GBIC Module (J8735A) LEDs

The 10-Port mini-GBIC Module shows the activity status of each port on top and has an LED showing the link status of each port on the bottom.

10-Port mini-GBIC Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
	Activity (per port)	Green	Flashing	Transmitting data.
		Green	Solid	Link is up; no data is being transferred.
		Off	Flashing	When no connector is plugged into the port, the LED will flash approximately once every four seconds. This is a safety feature known as Auto Laser Shutdown
	Link (per port)	Green	Solid	Link is up.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Software image loaded successfully.
		Yellow/Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Note

The 10-Port mini-GBIC Module supports various ProCurve mini-GBICs. Refer to the *ProCurve Switch fl Modules Installation Guide* for further details.

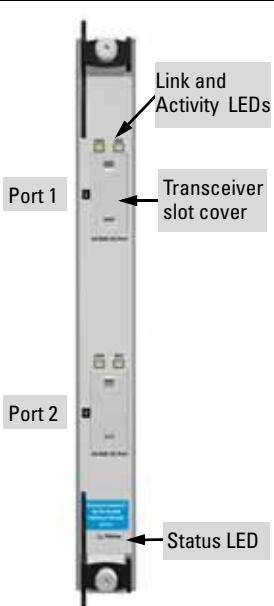
Table 1-6. 1-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8736A) LEDs

1-Port X2 10GbE Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
 Link and Activity LEDs Transceiver slot cover Status LED	Link	Green	Solid	Link is up
		Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure or unsupported transceiver. See Error Log for details.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
	Activity (Act)	Green	Flashing	Transmitting data. Blink rate indicates traffic utilization of the port.
		Green	Solid	Traffic exceeds 90% of link capacity.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port, or no traffic is being passed through the port.
	Link and Activity (both port LEDs together)	Orange/ Green/ Off	Solid Orange (0.5 secs), then Solid Green (1.5 secs), and then Off	A transceiver has been correctly inserted into the transceiver port. After the insertion test, the LEDs will remain Off until a network cable is inserted into the transceiver and the LEDs follow their normal operational behavior.
	Link, Activity and Status (all module LEDs together)	Orange/ Green/ Off	Solid Orange (0.5 secs), then Solid Green (1.5 secs), and then Off	The module is receiving initial power due to being inserted into the slot, and/or due to the slot being enabled via the CLI.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Software image loaded successfully.
		Amber	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Note

This module's discontinuance is in Spring 2007. The 2-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8737A) shown on [page 1-12](#), provides functionally-equivalent X2 media-flexible connectivity in a two port package.

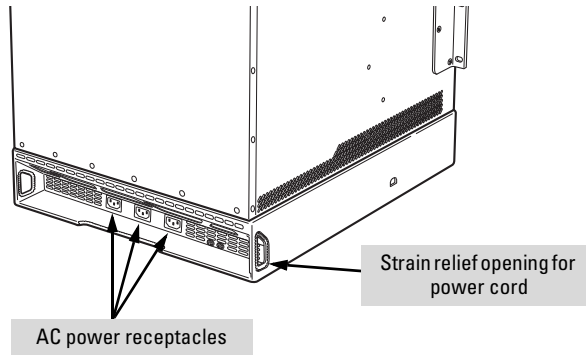
Table 1-7. 2-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8737A) LEDs

2-Port X2 10GbE Module	LED	Color	State	Meaning
 The diagram shows the front of the 2-Port X2 10GbE Module. It has two ports, Port 1 and Port 2. Above Port 1 are the Link and Activity LEDs. Below Port 1 is the Transceiver slot cover. Below Port 2 is the Status LED.	Link	Green	Solid	Link is up
		Orange	Flashing	Self-test failure or unsupported transceiver. See Error Log for details.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port.
	Activity (Act)	Green	Flashing	Transmitting data. Blink rate indicates traffic utilization of the port.
		Green	Solid	Traffic exceeds 90% of link capacity.
		n/a	Off	No connector is plugged into the port, or no traffic is being passed through the port.
	Link and Activity (both port LEDs together)	Orange/ Green/ Off	Solid Orange (0.5 secs), then Solid Green (1.5 secs), and then Off	A transceiver has been correctly inserted into the transceiver port. After the insertion test, the LEDs will remain Off until a network cable is inserted into the transceiver and the LEDs follow their normal operational behavior.
	Link, Activity and Status (all module LEDs together)	Orange/ Green/ Off	Solid Orange (0.5 secs), then Solid Green (1.5 secs), and then Off	The module is receiving initial power due to being inserted into the slot, and/or due to the slot being enabled via the CLI.
	Status	n/a	Off	No power to the module.
		Green	Flashing	Module is powering up and downloading operating software.
		Green	Solid	Software image loaded successfully.
		Amber	Flashing	Self-test failure.

Note

The 2-Port X2 10GbE Module provides two flexible media transceiver slots that support a number of different transceivers. Refer to the *ProCurve Switch fl Modules Installation Guide* for further details.

Back of the Switch: Power Connectors



ProCurve 8100fl switches have power connections on the back at the bottom of the chassis. Use the strain-relief opening to tie wrap the power cable.

Note

If necessary, attach the power cables before installing the chassis in the rack.

ProCurve Switch 8100fl Features

The Series 8100fl Switch hardware provides wire-speed performance regardless of the performance monitoring, filtering, and Quality of Service (QoS) features enabled by the software.

ProCurve 8100fl switches support the following features:

- Hot swapping on:
 - Interface modules that can be installed in any order and combination
 - Management module (when a redundant management module is online)
 - Switch fabric modules (when a redundant fabric module is online)
 - Power supply (when a redundant supply is online)
 - Supported mini-GBICs and transceivers
- High performance:
 - Switch 8108fl—160 Gbps aggregate switching capacity in each switch fabric module; 80Gbps system throughput
 - Switch 8116fl—320Gbps aggregate switching capacity in each switch fabric module; 160Gbps system throughput
 - Up to 238 million packets-per-second non-blocking routing throughput
- Full-duplex operation on all ports
- Easy management of the switch through the following interfaces:
 - Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) v1/v2
 - Full-featured command line interface (CLI)
- Hardware redundancy (see [“Hot Swapping and Redundancy” on page 4-4](#) for details):
 - (Optional) redundant power supply
 - (Optional) redundant management module
 - (Optional) redundant switch fabric module
- Automatic routing switch failover provides hot standby redundancy using standards-based VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol)
- Switch management login security:
 - Terminal Access Controller Access Control System (TACACS+)
 - Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)
 - Secure Session Shells (SSH) version 1.5 and 2.0

- QoS mechanisms:
 - Weighted random early detection (WRED)
 - Traffic prioritization based on 802.1p and Diffserv (TOS)
 - Virtual Output Queuing (VOQ) architecture eliminates head of line blocking issues within the queuing system
 - Class of Service (CoS) sets 802.1p priority tag based on source port Diffserv or 802.1p
 - Guaranteed minimum bandwidths per port/per queue allows traffic to receive guaranteed minimum bandwidth during times of congestion
- Port mirroring to monitor traffic from specific ports
- Port trunking for higher switch-to-switch throughput and link-level redundancy, with support for standards-based link aggregation (802.3ad)
- 802.1s Multi Instance Spanning Tree Protocol to eliminate network loops
- 802.1Q-compliant VLANs to divide the attached end nodes into logical groupings to suit your business needs
- Layer 3 routing functionality:
 - IP static routes
 - Routing Internet Protocol (RIP) V1 and V2
 - Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
 - Support for equal cost multipath (ECMP)
- Other advanced features to enhance network performance, security, and control. For more information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* on the documentation CD-ROM shipped with your switch.

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Installing the ProCurve Switch 8100fl

This chapter describes how to install a ProCurve Switch 8100fl. The illustrations in this chapter show the 8-slot Switch 8108fl—unless otherwise indicated, the same procedures apply to both the Switch 8108fl and the 16-slot Switch 8116fl.

WARNING

To avoid possible personal injury, be careful when lifting the chassis out of the shipping box. The Switch 8108fl chassis weighs approximately 130lbs as shipped and 94 lbs when empty; the Switch 8116fl chassis weighs over 200lbs as shipped and 137 lbs when empty. See [“Installation Guidelines” on page 2-5](#) for additional safety considerations when handling this product.

Parts and Part Numbers

Note

The following components are the same in both the Switch 8108fl and the Switch 8116fl:

- Power supplies
- Fan trays
- Management module
- Interface modules

The switch fabric modules, however, are different in each model.

Switch 8108fl (J8727A)

The ProCurve Switch 8108fl is shipped in several containers with the following components:

- 8-slot chassis (J8727A) with blank slot covers for vacant slots (see [page 2-29](#) for slot cover part numbers) and blank power supplies (1530-2431)
 - One ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Management Module (J8731A)
 - One ProCurve Switch 8108fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8729A)
 - One ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Power Supply (J8732A)
-

- Two fan trays (J8989-61001)
- Accessory kit (5069-8546):
 - Rack Mount Kit (5070-0113):
 - Rack mounting brackets: Right and Left
 - Set of screws to attach brackets to the switch
 - RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter and straight-through cable (5092-1718)
 - ProCurve Switch 8100fl documentation kit:
 - *ReadMe First*
 - *ProCurve Switch 8100fl Installation and Getting Started Guide*, this manual
 - *ProCurve Switch 8100fl Documentation CD ROM*
(contains PDF file copies of the documentation for the ProCurve 8100fl switches)
 - Customer Support/Warranty booklet
- Power cable—three of the following:

Australia/New Zealand	8120-6900	Switzerland	8121-6897
China	8121-0070	Taiwan	8121-0968
Continental Europe	8120-6352	Thailand	8121-0675
Denmark	8120-6897	United Kingdom/Hong Kong/Singapore	8121-0907
Israel	8121-1010	United States/Canada/Mexico (110V)	8120-6894
Japan	8121-0942	United States/Canada/Mexico (220V)	8120-8651
South Africa	8121-0915		

Japan Power Cord Warning

製品には、同梱された電源コードをお使い下さい。
同梱された電源コードは、他の製品では使用出来ません。

Please use the attached power cable. The attached power cable is not to be used with any other products.

Switch 8116fl (J8728A)

The ProCurve Switch 8116fl is shipped with the following components:

- 16-slot chassis (J8728A) with blank slot covers (see [page 2-29](#) for slot cover part numbers) and blank power supplies (1530-2431)
- One ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Management Module (J8731A)
- One ProCurve Switch 8116fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8730A)
- One ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Power Supply (J8732A)
- Two fan trays (J8989-61001)
- Accessory kit (5069-8547):
 - Rack Mount Kit (5070-0114):
 - Mounting brackets: Right and Left

- Set of screws to attach brackets to the switch
- RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter and straight-through cable (5092-1718)
- ProCurve Switch 8100fl documentation kit:
 - *ReadMe First*
 - *ProCurve Series 8100fl Switches Installation and Getting Started Guide*, this manual
 - *ProCurve Switch 8100fl Documentation CD ROM*
(contains PDF file copies of the documentation for the ProCurve 8100fl switches)
 - Customer Support/Warranty booklet

■ Power cables, three of the following:

Australia/New Zealand	8120-6900	Switzerland	8121-6897
China	8121-0070	Taiwan	8121-0968
Continental Europe	8120-6352	Thailand	8121-0675
Denmark	8120-6897	United Kingdom/Hong Kong/Singapore	8121-0907
Israel	8121-1010	United States/Canada/Mexico (110V)	8120-6894
Japan	8121-0942	United States/Canada/Mexico (220V)	8120-8651
South Africa	8121-0915		

Japan Power Cord Warning

製品には、同梱された電源コードをお使い下さい。
同梱された電源コードは、他の製品では使用出来ません。

Please use the attached power cable. The attached power cable is not to be used with any other products.

Additional Parts

Depending on your order's specifications, your shipment may also contain some or all of the following additional parts:

- ProCurve Switch 8108fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8729A)
- ProCurve Switch 8116fl Redundant Switch Fabric Module (J8730A)
- ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Management Module (J8731A)
- ProCurve Switch fl Redundant Power Supply (J8732A)
- One or more of the following interface modules (see [page 1-5](#) for a complete list of interface module accessories and part numbers):
 - ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module (J8734A)
 - ProCurve Switch fl 10-Port Mini-GBIC Interface Module (J8735A)
 - ProCurve Switch fl 2-Port X2 10GbE Module (J8737A)

Installation Procedures

WARNING

To avoid personal injury or product damage, read the safety warnings and installation precautions on [page 2-5](#) and follow the rack mounting guidelines on [page 2-9](#). Never attempt to mount a ProCurve Switch 8100fl unaided.

Summary

Follow these steps to install your switch. Details for each of the steps highlighted below are provided in the rest of the chapter.

1. **Preparing the installation site ([page 2-7](#)).** Make sure that the physical environment into which you will be installing the switch is properly prepared, including having the correct network cabling ready to connect to the switch, and establishing a good location for the switch.
2. **Mounting the chassis ([page 2-9](#)).** A ProCurve Switch 8100fl is mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. To avoid personal injury, reduce the weight of the chassis by removing all hardware components, (such as all module blanks, power supplies, fan trays, and so on) from the chassis before moving and installing it in a rack.
3. **Installing fan trays ([page 2-15](#)).** ProCurve 8100fl switches come with two fan trays to provide cooling for the switch. The fan tray assembly is located above the power supply, just below the vertical module slots.
4. **Installing modules ([page 2-16](#)).** There are three types of modules in each ProCurve Switch 8100fl: fabric, management, and interface modules.

You must install at least one switch fabric module and one management module to operate the switch. In addition, the interface modules provide various network connectivity options (see the *ProCurve Switch fl Modules Installation Guide* for details):

- The X2 10-GbE modules (J8736A and J8737A) require that you install a transceiver (see [page 4-9](#)).
 - The 10-Port mini-GBIC module requires that you install mini-GBICs (see [page 4-15](#)).
5. **Installing power supplies ([page 2-24](#)).** There are three power supply slots in the Switch 8108fl and Switch 8116fl. The Switch 8108fl is shipped with one AC power supply; the Switch 8116fl is shipped with two AC power supplies.

6. **Connecting a console to the switch** (page 2-22). Use the switch's console interface to modify the switch's configuration settings. For information about to complete the software configuration for the switch, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* on the Documentation CD-ROM that comes with your switch.
7. **Verifying installation** (page 2-29). This is a simple process of plugging the switch into a power source and checking that the LED behavior on the switch's front panel displays normal operation.
8. **Connecting network devices** (page 2-31). Using the appropriate connectors and cables, connect other network devices to the switch ports.

Installation Guidelines

When you install the ProCurve Switch 8100fl, follow these instructions to prevent personal injury:

WARNING

- Never attempt to mount a chassis into a rack by yourself.
- Devices installed in a rack or cabinet must be mounted as low as possible, with the heaviest device at the bottom and progressively lighter devices installed above. The rack or cabinet must be adequately secured to prevent it from becoming unstable and/or falling over.
- High leakage current can be caused by multiple power supplies. For this reason, ensure that each power supply is connected to a separate branch circuit with a proper earth connection before you connect it. The grounding screws are located on the back side of the switch chassis.
- Never operate the switch with exposed power supply or module slots. Blank slot covers must be installed in any empty slots to ensure safe operation and proper cooling. You can leave the PC card slot in the management module exposed, but do not insert any objects other than the appropriate PC flash RAM card into the PC card slot.
- Never operate the switch if the chassis becomes wet or if the area in which the chassis is installed is wet.
- To avoid energy and mechanical hazards, never allow any part of your body, jewelry, tool, or other foreign object to enter any module or power supply slots.
- The fiber optic connectors on the ProCurve Switch 8100fl are Type 1 lasers. Avoid looking directly into connected optical connectors or optical fiber cables.

Installation Guidelines (continued)

When you install the ProCurve Switch 8100fl, follow these instructions to prevent damage to switch components:

Cautions

- Always use proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) gear when touching or handling a management module, interface module, power supply, fan tray, or other internal parts of the switch. (Refer to the illustration on [page 1-2](#) for the location of the chassis grounding port.)
- Ensure the power source circuits are properly grounded
- Use the power cables supplied with the switch to connect it to the power source.

If your installation requires a different power cable than the one supplied with the switch and power supply, be sure the cable is adequately sized for the switch's current requirements. In addition, be sure to use a power cable displaying the mark of the safety agency that defines the regulations for power cables in your country. The mark is your assurance that the power cable can be used safely with the switch and power supply.

- ProCurve 8100fl switches have no power on-and-off switch. To power on and off the switch, connect and disconnect the power supply cable or remove all power supplies. Ensure that the socket outlet is located/ installed near the equipment and is easily accessible in case the switch must be powered off. To avoid electrical shock, disconnect all power supply cables before servicing equipment.
- Ensure the switch does not overload the power circuits, wiring, and over-current protection. Each power cable should be connected to separate branch circuits. To determine the possibility of overloading the supply circuits, add together the ampere ratings of all devices installed on the same circuit as the switch and compare the total with the rating limit for the circuit. The maximum ampere ratings are usually printed on the devices near the AC power connectors.
- Do not install the switch in an environment where the operating ambient temperature might exceed 40°C (104°F).
- Allow three to four inches of space around the sides and back of the switch to make sure the air flow for the switch is not restricted.
- Ensure that for any switch slot into which no module is installed, the cover plate is installed to cover the slot. A cover plate is required for safe operation, and to ensure proper switch cooling. For safety, you should never have more than one module slot uncovered at a time while the switch is powered on.

1. Preparing the Installation Site

Cabling Infrastructure

When preparing the installation site, ensure that the cabling infrastructure meets the necessary network specifications. For correct cable types and lengths, see [Table 2-1](#) and [Appendix B, “Switch Ports and Network Cables”](#).

Table 2-1. Summary of Cable Types to Use with the Switch

Module	Port Type/ Transceiver	Cable Type	Length Limits
Twisted-Pair Cables			
10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module (J8734A)	100/1000Base-T	For either 100 Mbps or 1000 Mbps operation: Category 5 or better, 100-ohm UTP or shielded twisted-pair (STP) balanced cable. For 1000 Mbps (gigabit) operation, Category 5e cabling or better is recommended.	100 meters
X210GbE Modules (J8736A and J8737A)	CX4	Speed 3.125Gbx4 (Cables compliant with the 802.3ak standard)	0.5 – 15 meters
Fiber Optic Cables			
10-Port Mini-GBIC Interface Module (J8735A)	Gigabit-SX (on Gigabit-SX-LC mini-GBIC)	Multimode fiber-optic cables fitted with LC connectors	220 meters to 550 meters depending on the cable used. For more information, see “Fiber-Optic Cables” on page B-3 .
	Gigabit-LX (on Gigabit-LX-LC mini-GBIC)	Single-mode fiber-optic cables fitted with LC connectors. The multimode cables specified for the Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC may also be used, but a mode-conditioning patch cord may be needed — see the <i>Installation Guide</i> that came with your module for more information.	• 10 kilometers (single-mode cable) • 550 meters (multimode cable)
	Gigabit-LH (on Gigabit-LH mini-GBIC)	The same single-mode fiber-optic cables as for Gigabit-LX.	70 kilometers
	Note: Gigabit-LH - Between the transmit and receive ends of the cable, at least 5db of attenuation is required for a reliable connection. This is equivalent to 20 km of the fiber-optic cable. For distances less than 20 km, you must add attenuators to bring the total attenuation to at least 5 db. Most cable vendors carry attenuators.		

Module	Port Type/ Transceiver	Cable Type	Length Limits
1-Port 10-GbE Interface Module (J8733A)	10-GbE LR	9/125 μm (core-cladding) diameter, 1310 nm, low metal content, single-mode fiber optic cables fitted with SC connectors. The cables must comply with the ITU-T G.651 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type A1b or A1a standards.	10 kilometers
X2 10-GbE Modules (J8736A and J8737A)	10-GbE SR	Multimode fiber-optic cable designed for Gigabit Ethernet: 62.5/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter or 50/125 μm , 850 nm, low metal content, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	62.5 μm cable: 160 Mhz*km = 2-26 meters 200 Mhz*km = 2-33 meters 50 μm cable: 400 Mhz*km = 2-66 meters 500 Mhz*km = 2-82 meters 2000 Mhz*km = 2-300 meters
	10-GbE LR	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, 1480 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	single-mode cable: 2-10 kilometers
	10-GbE ER	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, 1550 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	single-mode cable: 2-30 kilometers (40 kilometers, on an engineered fiber optic link that meets standards in the specification).
	OMC CX4 Fiber (Optical Media Converter) for CX4 transceiver	12 fiber 50/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable. 12 fiber 62.5/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable is also supported.	1-300 meters
Note: Conditioning patch cord cables are not supported on 10-GbE speeds.			

Installation Location

Before installing the switch, plan its location and orientation relative to other devices and equipment:

- In the front of the switch, allow at least 7.6 cm (3 inches) of space for the twisted-pair and fiber-optic cabling.
- In the back of the switch, allow at least 10.2 cm (4 inches) of space for the power cable and cooling. Attach the power cable to the switch before you install the switch. Then install the switch without power supplies. Next, install the power supplies and connect the other end of the power cable to the AC electrical outlet when you want to power on the switch.
- On the sides of the switch, leave at least 7.6 cm (3 inches) for cooling.

2. Mounting the Switch

ProCurve 8100fl switches are designed to be mounted in a standard 19" equipment rack.

If necessary, remove all blanks used to cover the slots for interface module, management modules, switch fabric modules, fan trays, and power supplies. Follow ESD procedures when handling these components.

WARNING

A fully loaded 8108fl Switch weighs approximately 220 lb (100 kg), and an unloaded chassis weighs approximately 94 lb (43 kg). To avoid personal injury, plan on having at least two people available to help move the unit into place onto the rack. TWO OR MORE PEOPLE ARE REQUIRED WHEN MOUNTING THIS SWITCH.

A fully loaded Switch 8116fl weighs approximately 340 lb (154 kg), and an unloaded chassis weighs approximately 137 lb (62 kg). To avoid personal injury, plan on having at least three people available to help move the unit into place onto the rack. THREE OR MORE PEOPLE ARE REQUIRED WHEN MOUNTING THIS SWITCH.

Cautions

Follow these safety precautions before you move the switch:

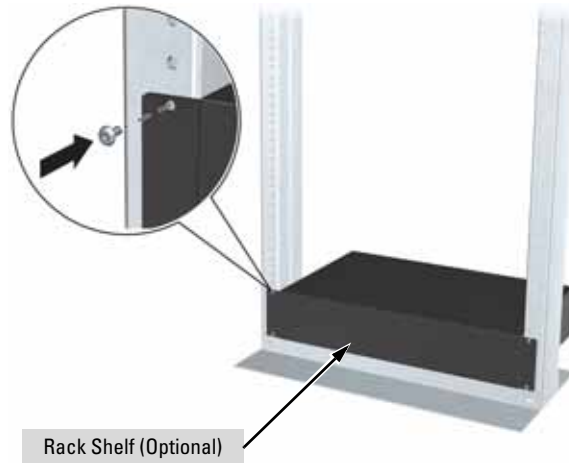
- ProCurve Networking recommends that you use a rack shelf (not provided) to help mount a switch, as described in this section. If you do not have a rack shelf, it is recommended that you use a hand crane or other lifting device to avoid personal injury.
- Avoid lifting the total weight of the chassis manually. However, if you must lift the assembly, consider the total weight of the system and calculate at least one person for every 60lb of weight to be lifted. Never lift the unit alone.
- Once installed, the chassis is not intended to be moved frequently. To avoid having to move the chassis, ensure that your site has the correct power sources and network connections (for site requirements and guidelines, refer to [page 2-7](#)).

To mount the ProCurve Switch 8100fl chassis:

1. Lift the chassis out of the shipping container with the help of the product sling (shown on [page 2-12](#)) packed with the chassis.
2. Remove all module and power supply blanks from the chassis to make it as light as possible before installing it in the rack.
3. Move the chassis into position in front of the rack using a trolley (not shipped with the switch).

Position the chassis so that the front of the switch is facing towards you. This will allow you to easily slide the chassis into place.

4. (Optional) Install a rack shelf (not provided with your switch) into position as low as possible in the rack. Make sure that any screws used to secure the shelf to the rack are securely tightened.



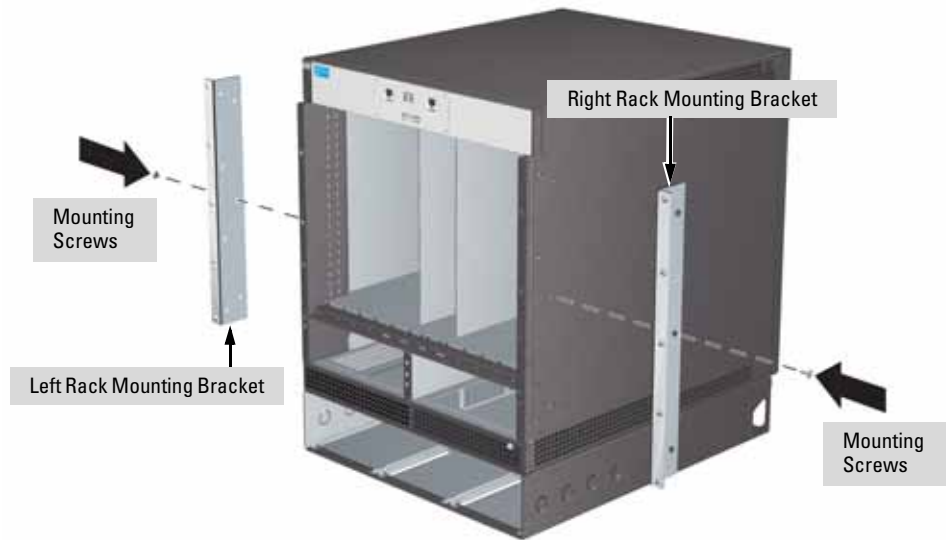
WARNING

Make sure the rack is bolted down to prevent it from becoming unstable and/or falling over when the chassis is installed.

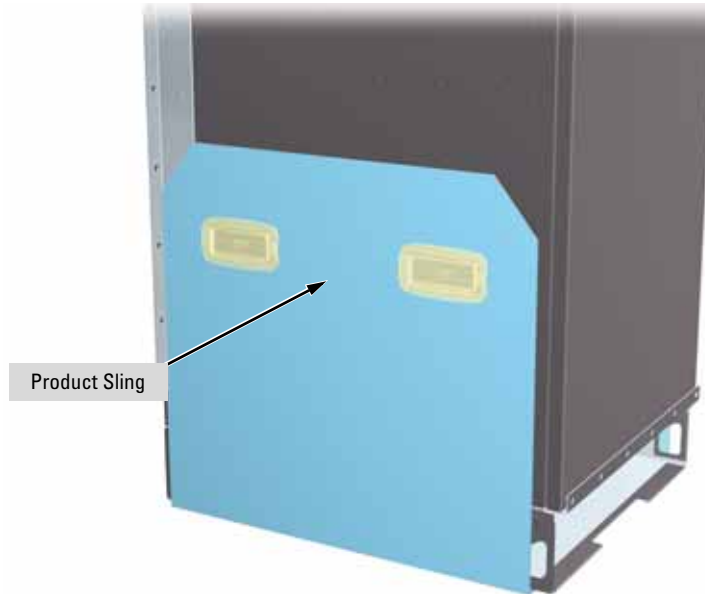
The chassis will be installed on top of the rack shelf.

5. The mounting brackets supplied with the switch allow it to be mounted in different locations relative to the front of the rack (see illustration below). Attach the brackets on both sides of the chassis for the position you select.

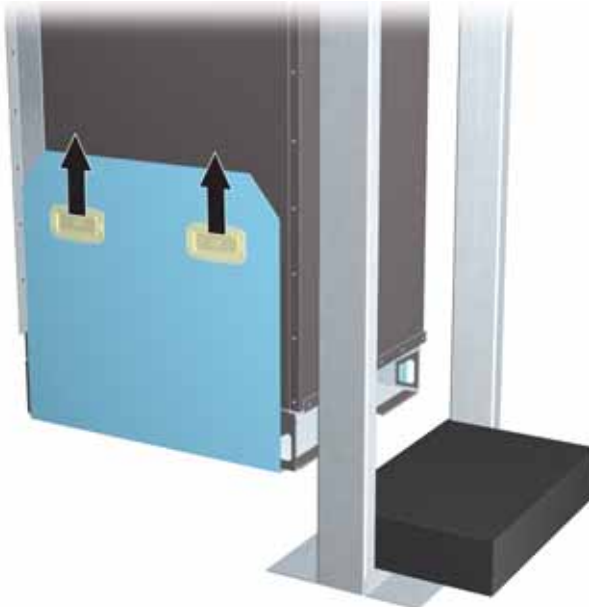
Be sure to tighten the mounting screws until they are snug. Be careful not to overtighten them. This can result in damage to the screws or chassis.



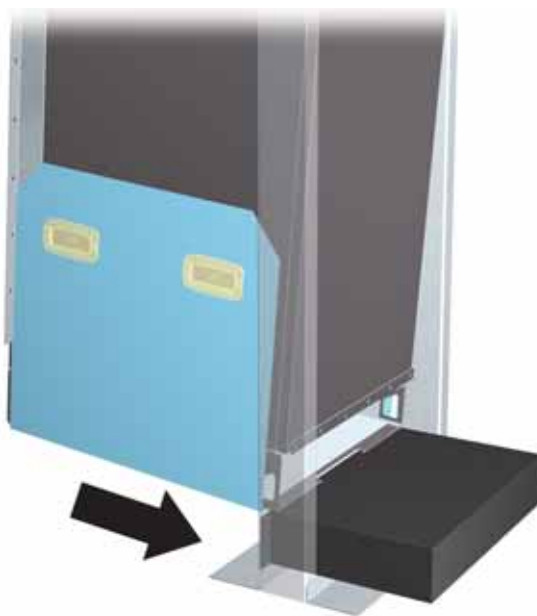
6. Position the chassis in the product sling so that the front of the chassis lines up with the front edge of the sling (see illustration below). This allows the back of the chassis to extend over the sling so that it can be more easily positioned in the rack or on the rack shelf.



7. With the help of a second person or hand crane, lift the chassis into position in front of the rack or set its back edge on top of a rack shelf.

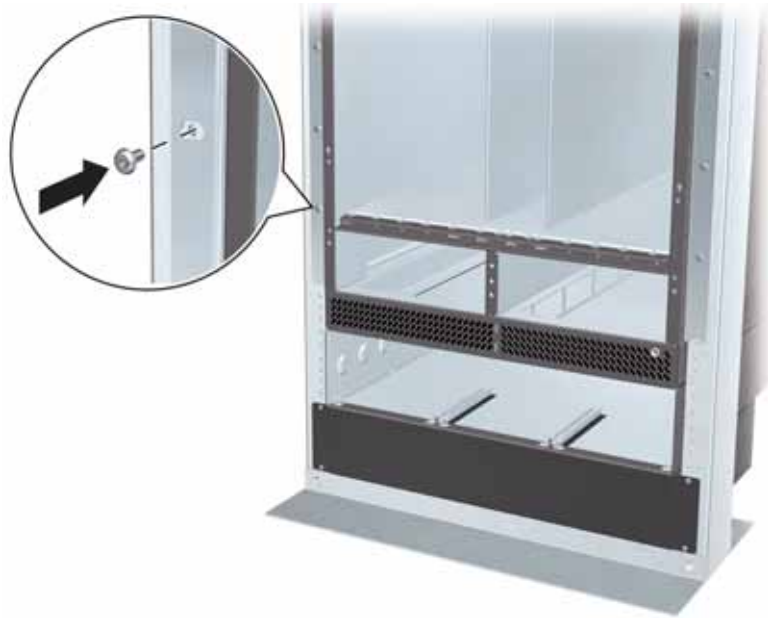


8. With the help of a third person, carefully slide the chassis into the rack (over the rack shelf, if one is installed) until the mounting brackets touch the rack and you can remove the product sling.



The chassis may lean slightly backwards in the rack.

9. While a second person pushes the bottom of the chassis so that the mounting brackets are flush with the rack, use the appropriate screwdriver to tighten the screws in the lowest holes of the mounting brackets on the chassis to the rack.



Continue tightening the screws in the holes on the right and left sides of the mounting brackets to fix it to the rack, starting with the bottommost holes and moving upwards.

WARNING

All mounting screws must be tightened securely before the chassis can be loaded with additional hardware. If you accidentally leave the screws loose, the chassis can slip and fall, possibly causing damage and injury.

3. Installing Fan Trays

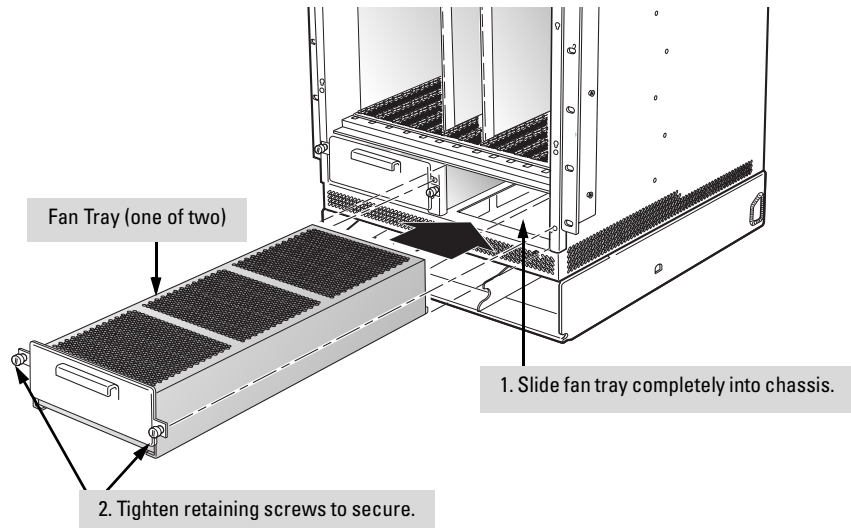
Each ProCurve Switch 8100fl chassis is shipped with two fan trays to provide cooling for the modules. Each fan tray assembly is installed below the vertical slots. The fan tray assembly is hot-swappable so you can replace the assembly yourself while the switch is powered on.

Note

To ensure that the fan tray assembly can provide adequate cooling, always provide a minimum of 3 inches (7.62 centimeters) of clearance behind the chassis. Adequate ventilation is provided from the front as long as you maintain sufficient clearance to add or remove modules.

To install a fan tray (5069-7936):

1. Align the fan tray guides with its corresponding slot and push in until the fan tray mounting plate contacts the chassis frame.



2. Tighten the two screws on each side of the fan tray housing using a slotted or Phillips screw driver. (Hand tightening the captive screws may not be sufficient to prevent normal fan vibration from allowing the assembly to work loose and become disconnected.)
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to install the second fan tray.

Caution

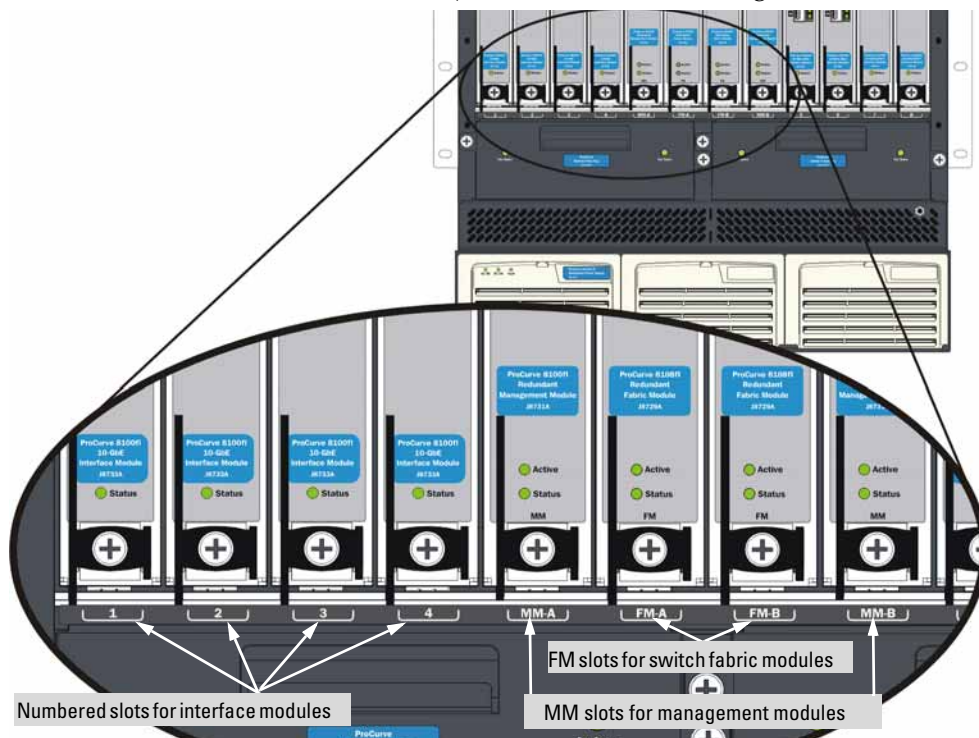
If you want to change a fan tray, remove the old tray and insert a new one as quickly as possible to maintain proper cooling of the chassis.

4. Installing Modules

A ProCurve Switch 8100fl supports three types of modules (shipped separately from the chassis):

- *Switch fabric modules* (half-height modules for the Switch 8108fl; full-height modules for the Switch 8116fl) are installed in the central slots labeled **FM**. Install the primary module in slot **FM-A**; install the hot standby module into slot **FM-B**. (When you install a single switch fabric module, you can use either slot **FM-A** or **FM-B**.)
- *Management modules* (thicker, half-height modules) are installed in slots labeled **MM**.
 - If you are installing only one management module, you can install it in either slot **MM-A** or **MM-B**.
 - If you are installing two management modules, the primary management module is the one installed in slot **MM-A**. The redundant management module is the module installed in slot **MM-B**.
- *Interface modules* (narrow half-height modules) are installed in numbered slots (**1-8** on the Switch 8108fl; **1-16** on the Switch 8116fl).

Be sure to install each type of module in its appropriate slot by referring to the slot number or label, as shown in the following illustration:



Installation Precautions

To avoid damaging modules and the backplane, be sure to insert the right type of module into the slot type designed for it. If you install a module in the wrong slot, physical keying prevents the module from fully entering the slot.

- ***Avoid damage from static electricity.*** Static electricity can severely damage the electronic components on the modules. Follow these procedures to avoid such damage:
 - Use proper ESD grounding procedures before handling modules.
 - Handle the module by its bulkhead or edges and avoid touching the components and the circuitry on the board.
 - When installing the module, equalize any static charge difference between your body and the switch by wearing a grounding wrist strap and attaching it to the switch's metal body, or by frequently touching the switch's metal body.
- ***Ensure you fully insert the modules.*** That is, press the module into the slot until the bulkhead on the module is contacting or is very close to contacting the front face of the switch chassis.
 - ***Do not force a module into its slot.*** If the module does not seem to be seating correctly, ease it back out and check alignment. Forcing a module can damage it and the backplane. Modules are keyed so that they cannot be fully installed in a wrong slot.
 - ***Check for alignment.*** Make sure that the metal plate of the module—not the circuit board—is between the module guides. Check both the upper and lower guides for proper alignment.
- ***Secure the module.*** Once the module is fully inserted, make sure that you fully close the ejector levers and screw in the two retaining screws to secure the module in place.
- For safe operation, proper switch cooling, and reduction of electromagnetic emissions, ensure that a slot cover is installed on any unused module slot. ***For safety, no more than one slot should be uncovered at a time when you install a module and while the switch is powered on.***

Hot Swapping Modules

Modules can be “hot swapped”, that is installed or replaced while the switch is powered on. The procedures and conditions differ slightly, according to the type of module. For more information, see [“Hot Swapping and Redundancy” on page 4-4.](#)

Installing a Switch Fabric Module

A ProCurve Switch 8100fl requires at least one switch fabric module to process traffic for any interface module. Only one switch fabric module is required for full throughput.

Note that the 8-slot Switch 8108fl uses the half-height switch fabric module. The 16-slot Switch 8116fl uses a full-height switch fabric module.

If you are installing two switch fabric modules, the primary switch fabric module is the one installed in slot **FM-A**. The redundant switch fabric module is the module installed in slot **FM-B**.

Caution

To prevent equipment damage, review the installation precautions on [page 2-17](#).

To install a switch fabric module (J8729A or J8730A):

1. If a cover plate is installed in the switch fabric module slot, remove it by loosening the captive screws (using slotted or P2 Phillips screwdriver) and pulling the ejectors.
2. Open the ejectors at the top and bottom of the module, and hold the upper ejector lever in the unlocked position while you are installing the module (see step 1 in the illustration opposite).
3. Position the switch fabric module in the **FM-A** slot (for primary module) or **FM-B** slot (for redundant module). (You can use either slot in a single switch fabric module installation.)
4. Slide the switch fabric module all the way into the slot, firmly but gently pressing to make sure that the pins on the back of the module are completely seated in the backplane.

Caution

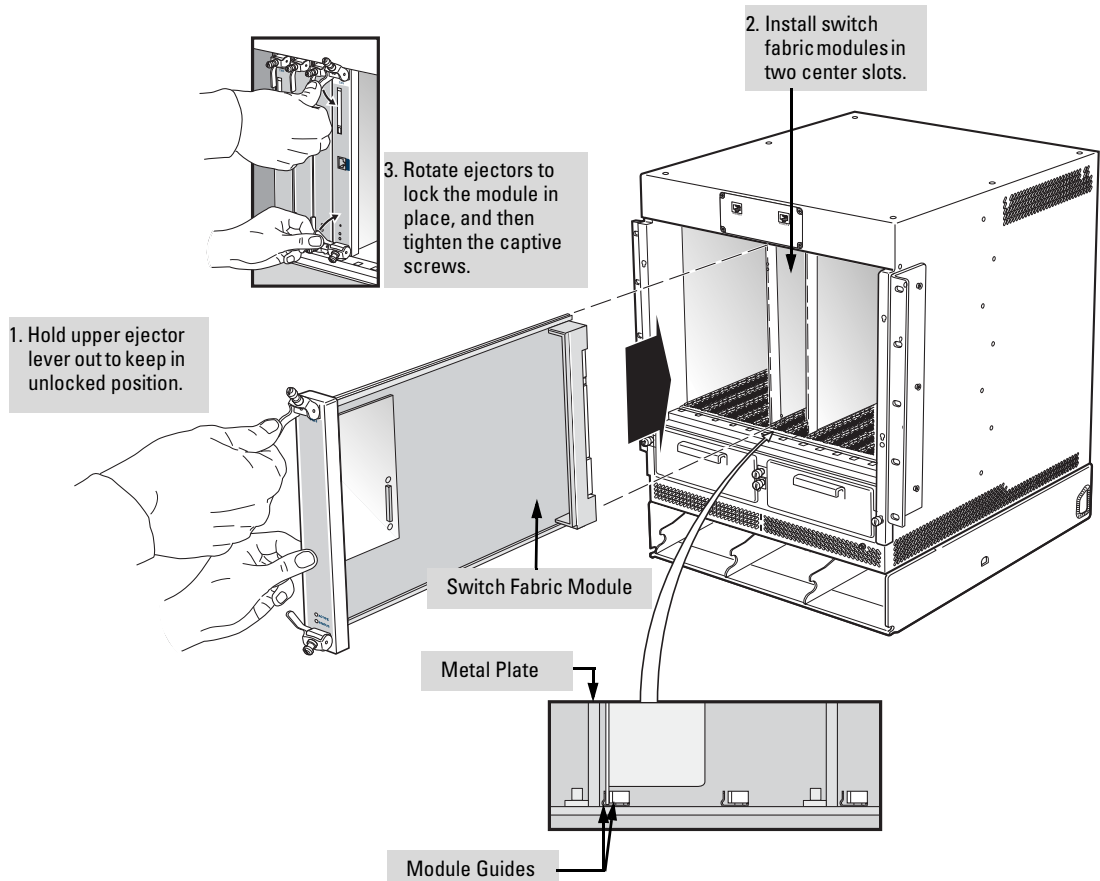
The 8116fl switch fabric module is a double height module, which makes it heavier than the other modules. Make sure that the module is properly seated when you insert it in the switch chassis.

Make sure that the metal plate of the module, and not the circuit board, is between the guides. Check both the upper and lower guides for proper alignment.

Do not force a module into its slot. If the module does not seem to be seating correctly, ease it back out and check alignment. Forcing a module can damage it and the chassis.

5. To lock the module into the slot, close the ejectors until they are vertical.

6. Tighten the captive screw on each ejector by hand and seat with a screw driver to keep the module from being removed accidentally. Do not overtighten the captive screws.



Caution

The module must be fully seated and the ejectors fully locked (vertical) before the captive screws will align properly. Also, fully seating the module ensures proper contact of the card with the backplane which is necessary for optimal performance.

7. Repeat steps 1 to 6 to install a second switch fabric module to provide full (100%) redundancy in the event of a failure of the primary module.

Installing a Management Module

The management module is the main processing unit of a ProCurve Switch 8100fl and is required for the unit to operate. It contains system-wide bridging and routing tables, and runs the main control protocols.

In addition to a slot for the primary management module, the chassis also has a slot for a second (optional) redundant management module:

- If you are installing only one management module, you can install it in either slot **MM-A** or **MM-B**.
- If you are installing two management modules, the primary management module is the one installed in slot **MM-A**. The redundant management module is the module installed in slot **MM-B**.

Caution

To prevent equipment damage, be sure to follow the installation precautions on [page 2-17](#).

To install a management module (J8731A):

1. If a cover plate is installed in the management module slot **MM-A** or **MM-B**, remove the cover plate: loosen the captive screws on the ejectors until the screws pop out, then open the ejectors and pull out the plate.
2. Open the ejectors at the top and bottom of the module, and hold the upper ejector lever in the unlocked position while you are installing the module (see step 1 in the illustration opposite).
3. Align the metal plate of the management module with the guides at the top and the bottom of the slot opening, as shown in the illustration on the next page.

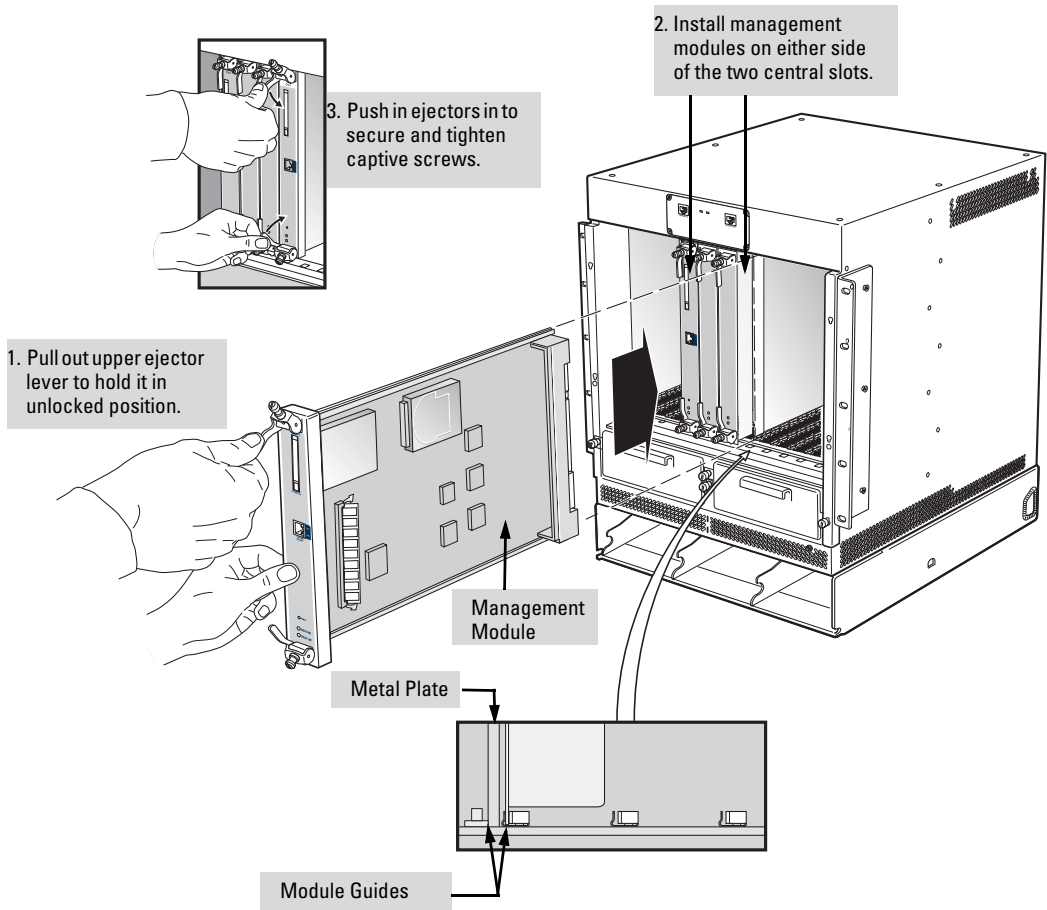
Caution

Make sure that the metal plate of the management module, and not the circuit board, is between the module guides. Check both the upper and lower guides.

Do not force a module into its slot. If the module does not seem to be seating correctly, ease it back out and check alignment. Forcing a module can damage it and the chassis.

4. Slide the management module all the way into the slot, firmly but gently pressing to make sure that the pins on the back of the management module are completely seated in the backplane.
5. To lock the module into the slot, close the ejectors until they are vertical.

6. Tighten the captive screw on each ejector by hand and seat with a screw driver to keep the module from being removed accidentally. Do not overtighten the captive screws. (You can tighten the thumb screws with a P2 Phillips screwdriver to eliminate the possibility of casual removal by unauthorized personnel.)



Caution

The management module must be fully seated and the ejectors fully locked (vertical) before the captive screws will align properly. Also, fully seating the card ensures proper contact of the card with the backplane which is necessary for optimal performance.

7. Repeat steps 1 to 6 to install a secondary management module to provide full (100%) redundancy in the event of a failure of the primary module.

Installing an Interface Module

ProCurve 8100fl switches provide non-blocking throughput regardless of the software features you are using. Therefore, you do not need to “load balance” interface modules by placing them in certain physical relationships to balance the load on the backplane. Regardless of where you install the interface modules, the backplane can provide full, non-blocking throughput.

You can install interface modules in any numbered slot (**1–8** on the Switch 8108fl and **1–16** on the Switch 8116fl). The illustration on [page 2-23](#) shows an example of how to install an interface module.

To install an interface module (J8733A, J8734A, or J8735A):

Caution

To prevent equipment damage, review the installation precautions on [page 2-17](#).

1. If a cover plate is installed in the interface module slot, remove the cover plate: loosen the screws on the ejectors, then open the ejectors and pull out the plate.
2. Open the ejectors at the top and bottom of the module, and hold the upper ejector lever in the unlocked position while you are installing the module (see step 1 in the illustration opposite).
3. Align the metal plate of the interface module between the module guides, as shown in the illustration.

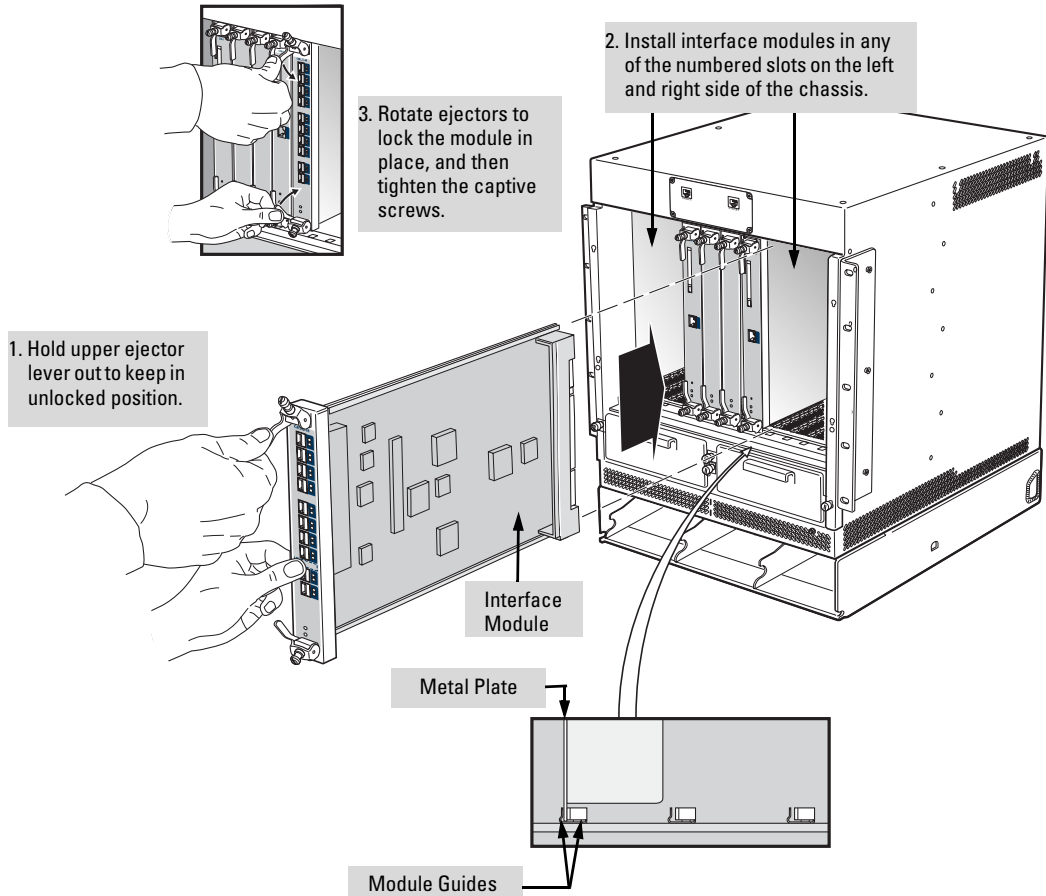
Caution

Make sure that the metal plate of the interface module, and not the circuit board, is between the module guides. Check both the upper and lower guides.

Do not force a module into its slot. If the module does not seem to be seating correctly, ease it back out and check alignment. Forcing a module can damage it and the chassis.

4. Slide the interface module all the way into the slot, firmly but gently pressing the interface module in place to make sure that the pins on the back of the interface module are completely seated in the backplane.
5. To lock the module into the slot, close the ejectors until they are vertical.

6. Tighten the captive screw on each ejector by hand and seat with a screw driver to keep the module from being removed accidentally. Do not overtighten the captive screws. (You can tighten the thumb screws with a P2 Phillips screwdriver to eliminate the possibility of casual removal by unauthorized personnel.)



Caution

The interface module must be fully seated and the ejectors fully locked (vertical) before the captive screws will align properly. Also, fully seating the card ensures proper contact of the module with the backplane which is necessary for optimal performance.

7. Repeat steps 1 to 6 to install any additional interface modules.

5. Installing AC Power Supplies

The Switch 8108fl is shipped with a single AC power supply; the Switch 8116fl is shipped with two AC power supplies. Extra slots are provided in the front of each chassis for the use of additional (optional) redundant power supplies: one in the Switch 8108fl and two in the Switch 8116fl.

This section explains how to install one or more AC power supplies in the chassis. It is recommended that you complete installation of the switch modules before turning the power on to verify the installation (see [page 2-29](#)).

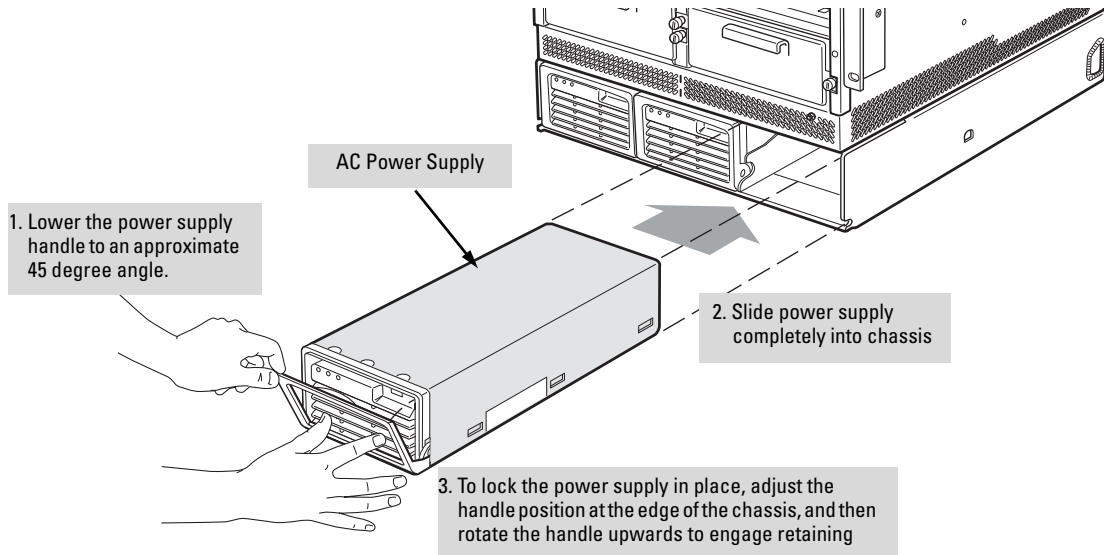
Cautions

Observe the following precautions when installing a power supply in your switch:

- Take into consideration the ratings on power supplies when connecting them to your supply circuits. Overloading circuits can destroy overcurrent protection as well as supply wiring.
 - Use a single-phase grounded AC power source located within 6 feet (1.89 meters) of the installation site.
 - Use only certified and suitable power cables and plug assemblies for your location.
 - Do not cover the power supply inlet or exhaust vent.
 - High leakage current can be caused by multiple power supplies. For this reason, it is essential that each power cable be connected to separate branch circuits with proper earth connections.
-

To install an AC power supply (J8732A):

1. Insert a flat blade screwdriver (or similar lever device) into the indent located on the bottom edge in the center of the handle. Gently turn the screwdriver with the handle downward and lower the power supply handle to its fully extended position.
2. Position the power supply between the guides in an open power supply slot.

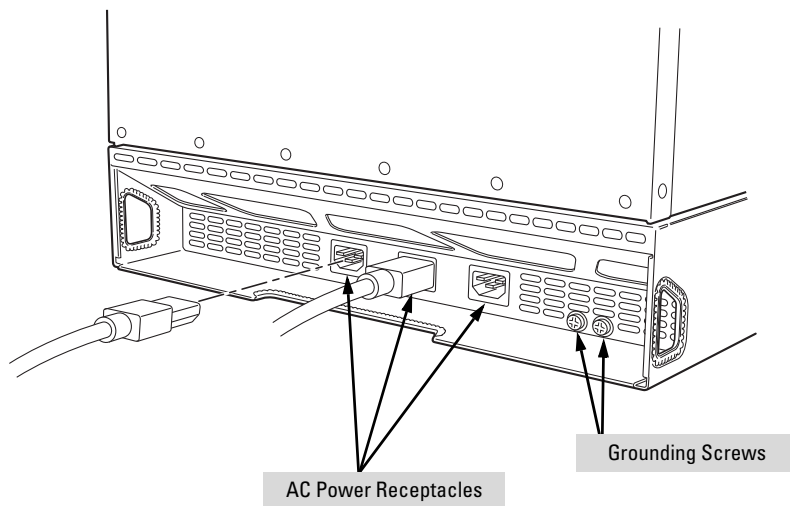


3. Slide the AC power supply all the way into the slot, firmly but gently pressing to make sure that the connectors on the back of the power supply are completely seated in the backplane.
4. Push the handle up and flush with the power supply chassis. The handle should snap into place, locking the power supply into position.

Caution

If the handle does not snap into a vertical position, do not force it. You may need to re-insert the power supply, taking care to adjust the handle position during the final few centimeters to successfully engage the retaining latch.

5. Attach the power cable to the corresponding AC outlet from the rear, side, or bottom of the chassis as your installation requires (see the following illustration).



To provide strain relief for a power cable, tie wrap the cable to the access opening on the side of the chassis or to the rack.

6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 to install an additional power supply.

6. Connecting a Console to the Switch

ProCurve 8100fl switches have a console interface for managing and configuring the switch. The console can be accessed via the following methods.

- **Out-of-band:** Connect a PC or VT-100 terminal directly to the switch using the RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter and straight-through cable that comes with each ProCurve Switch 8100fl. For console access, you can directly connect to the RJ-45 serial port on the top of the switch chassis or connect through a Telnet session to the 10/100Base-T Ethernet port on the management module. (The 10/100Base-T Ethernet port requires initial configuration. Refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* for detailed information.)
- **In-band:** Manage the switch using a Telnet session from a workstation on your network with a VT-100 terminal emulator. This method requires that you configure the switch with an IP address and a subnet mask by using either out-of-band console access or through DHCP/Bootp.

ProCurve 8100fl switches can support simultaneous out-of-band console and in-band Telnet sessions.

Terminal Configuration

To connect a console to the switch, configure the PC terminal emulator as a VT-100 or ANSI terminal, or use a VT-100 terminal and configure it to operate with the following settings:

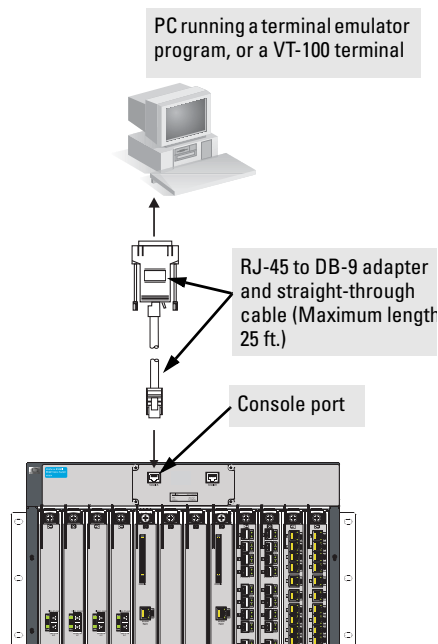
- Baud rate set to 9600
- 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, and flow control set to None
- For the Windows Terminal program, disable (uncheck) the “Use Function, Arrow, and Ctrl Keys for Windows” option.
- For the Hilgrave HyperTerminal program, select the “Terminal keys” option for the “Function, arrow, and ctrl keys act as” parameter.

If you want to operate the console using a different configuration, ensure you change the settings on both the terminal and on the switch. Change the switch settings first, then change the terminal settings, and re-establish the console session.

Direct Console Access

To connect a console to the switch, follow these steps:

1. Connect the PC or terminal to the switch's RJ-45 console port using the RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter and straight-through cable included with the switch. (If your PC or terminal has a 25-pin serial connector, first attach a 9-pin to 25-pin straight-through adapter to the PC end of the console cable.)
2. Turn on the terminal or the PC power. If you are using a PC, start the PC terminal program.
3. Press the Enter key two or three times and you will see the copyright page and the message "Press any key to continue". Press a key, and you will then see the switch console CLI prompt.



Telnet Console Access

To access the switch through a Telnet session, follow these steps:

1. Ensure the switch is configured with an IP address (as described in ["Setting the Management Module IP Address" on page 3-2](#)) and that the switch is reachable from the Telnet workstation (for example by using a Ping command to the switch's IP address).
2. Start the Telnet program and connect to the switch's IP address.
3. You will see the copyright page and the message "Press any key to continue". Press a key, and you will then see the switch console CLI prompt.

If you want to continue with console management of the switch at this time through either a direct connection or a telnet session, see [Chapter 3, "Getting Started With Switch Configuration"](#) for the basic configuration steps. For more detailed information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* on the Documentation CD-ROM that comes with your switch.

7. Verifying the Installation

After you have installed all the appropriate components for your switch (power supplies, fan trays, and the various modules required for your installation), replace the power and slot covers over any empty power bays and module slots. Then power on the switch to verify that it is working properly by following the procedure described on [page 2-30](#).

Caution

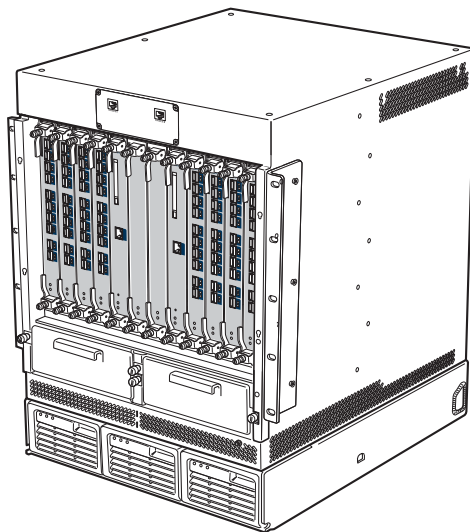
For proper switch cooling and to reduce any electronic emissions, install the appropriate slot covers over any unused power bays and module slots.

Failure to use the correct slot cover may result in improper switch cooling.

Make sure that you use the correct type of cover for each empty slot. Each cover is labeled as follows to indicate the type of slot for which it is designed (part numbers shown in parentheses):

- FM Cover for Switch 8008fl fabric module slots (5069-0122)
- FM Cover for Switch 8016fl fabric module slots (5069-7937)
- MM Cover for management module slots (5069-0123)
- IM Cover for interface module slots (5069-0124)
- EM Cover for Switch 8116fl expansion module slots (5069-0125)

The following illustration shows a fully loaded Switch 8108fl chassis:



To verify the installation:

1. Make sure all exposed interface module slots and power supply bays are free of foreign objects, such as tools, and have the correct slot covers.
2. Check the power supplies to make sure they are attached to your power source.
3. Connect an active terminal or a PC running terminal emulation software to the console port on the switch chassis (labelled **Console for MM-A** or **Console for MM-B**) for the active management module (see [page 2-27](#) for details). The active management module (**MM-A** or **MM-B**) has its Active LED lit (green).
4. Verify proper operation by observing the LEDs. Make sure the LED on each power supply and fan tray assembly is a solid green. Also, make sure that the Status LED on each active module is solid green.

Notes on LEDs

- The Link and Activity LEDs on the X2 10-GbE modules (J8736A and J8737A) will go on for two seconds when a transceiver is inserted into the port. They will then go off until a network cable is plugged into the transceiver and the LEDs follow their normal operational behavior (see [page 1-11](#)).
- The Activity LED on the 1-Port 10-GbE LR Module (J8733A) will flash once every four seconds. This is a safety feature known as Auto Laser Shut-down.
- The Link Status LED for the ports on the 10-Port 100/1000Base-T Module (J8734A) will show solid green when a port is connected at 1000 Mbps, and solid amber when a port is connected at 100 Mbps.

For more details on specific LED conditions, see [“LEDs” on page 1-6](#).

8. Connecting Network Devices

Using the appropriate network cables, connect other switches, routers, computers, servers, printers, and other network devices to the switch ports. The type of network connections that you need to use depends on the types of interface modules you have installed:

- The X2 10-GbE modules (J8736A and J8737A) support both copper and fiber optic connections that require the use of a transceiver (see “[Installing or Removing Transceivers and Connecting Cables](#)” on page 4-9).
- The 10-Port Mini-GBIC module supports fiber optic connections that require the use of mini-GBICs (see “[Installing mini-GBICs](#)” on page 4-15).

In general for all the modules, when a network cable from an active network device is connected to the switch, the Link LED for the switch port should go on (see “[LEDs](#)” on page 1-6 for details). If the Link LED does *not* go on, refer to the following table for diagnostic tips and troubleshooting procedures.

Table 2-1. Troubleshooting the Link LED

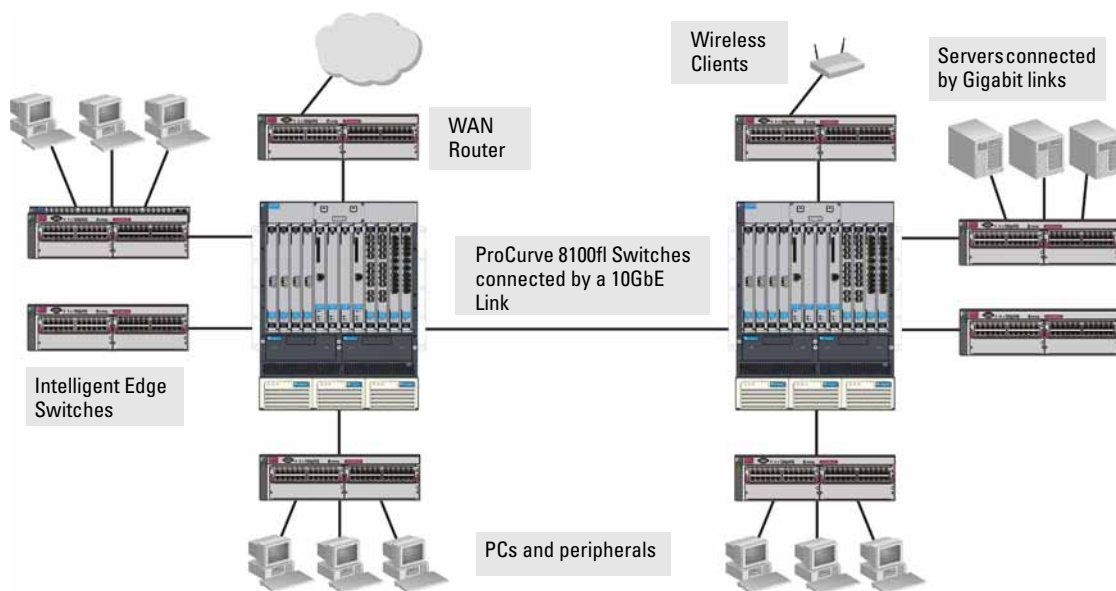
Condition	Diagnostic Tip
Port Link LED is off when a cable is connected	• For the indicated port, verify that both ends of the cabling (at the switch and the connected device) are securely connected. • Verify that the connected device and switch are both powered <i>on</i> and operating correctly. • Verify that you have used the correct cable type for the connection (for more information on cables, see Appendix B, “Switch Ports and Network Cables”). • For fiber-optic connections, verify that the transmit port on the switch is connected to the receive port on the connected device, and the switch receive port is connected to the transmit port on the connected device. • Verify that the connection parameters in the configurations of the switch port and the connected device match. Mismatched configurations are a frequent cause of connection problems. You can use the console interface (or if you have configured an IP address on the switch, use a Telnet session) to determine the state and configuration of the port and re-enable the port if necessary. • If the above procedures do not resolve the problem, try using a different port or a different cable.

Sample Network Topologies

This section provides examples of network topologies in which ProCurve 8100fl switches can be implemented.

Connecting ProCurve Intelligent EDGE Devices

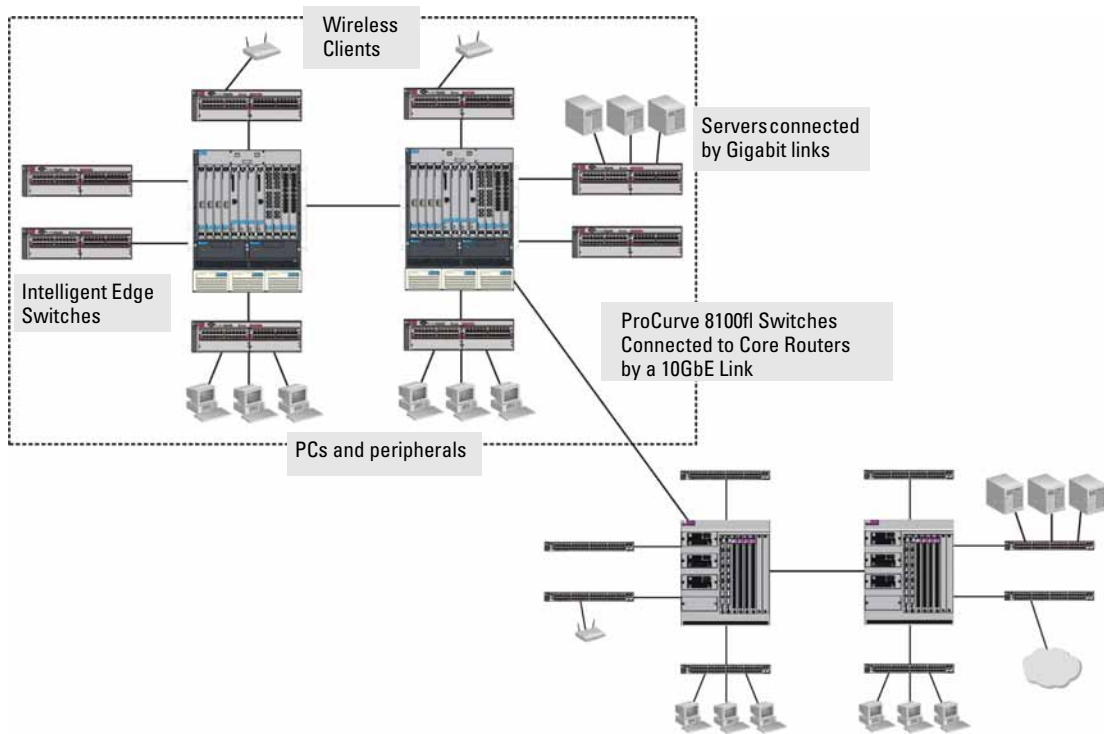
The ProCurve 8100fl Switch Interconnect Fabric provides a highly available, high performance, forwarding fabric for interconnecting intelligent edge devices. The ProCurve Switch 8100fl series provides an alternative to traditional core routing switches by combining low cost and complexity with high availability, resiliency, and forwarding capacity.



The 8100fl architecture is designed for ultra-high availability and resiliency within a single chassis, with attributes such as redundant management, redundant switch fabric, graceful degradation, and features such as spanning tree, VRRP, and OSPF.

Expanding Your Network

The ProCurve 8100fl Switch Series can be integrated into an existing traditional network to supplement existing bandwidth, while providing a clear migration path to an optimized ProCurve Adaptive EDGE Architecture. The illustration below shows a ProCurve 8100fl switch connected to a traditional core network using a 10 GbE link for maximum throughput.



ProCurve 8100fl switches can extend the traditional core network by providing additional bandwidth and decision-making capabilities at the edge of the network. PCs, printers and other peripherals, and servers can be interconnected via intelligent edge switches.

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Getting Started With Switch Configuration

This chapter is a guide for using the command line interface (CLI) via a direct console to quickly assign an IP address and subnet mask to the switch, set a Manager password, and, optionally, configure other basic features.

Topics covered in this chapter include:

- Accessing the CLI (see [page 3-1](#))
- Setting Basic System Information (see [page 3-2](#))
- Setting up Passwords (see [page 3-6](#))
- Updating Software (see [page 3-10](#))

Note

Many other features can be configured through the CLI to optimize the switch's performance, enhance your control of network traffic, and improve security. Once an IP address has been configured on the switch, these features can be accessed more conveniently through a remote Telnet session. For more information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

Booting Up and Accessing the CLI

1. Connect a terminal device to the switch as described on [page 2-27](#).
2. Power on the switch by either inserting the power supplies or turning on the AC to the power supplies.
3. At the prompt, press Enter to activate the Command Line Interface (CLI) on the console.

Note

If the boot sequence stops and the CLI presents a bootrom prompt (**PMON>**), call ProCurve Networking technical support.

4. From the Exec mode prompt (for example, **Switch 8100fl>**) type **enable** and press Enter.

The prompt will change to the Privileged Exec prompt (**Switch 8100fl#**) and you now have full access to the CLI. (For information on all of the CLI modes, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide*.)

Setting Basic System Information

The first, and only essential, task in basic system configuration is assigning a Management IP address to the switch. This is the IP address that you use to access the ProCurve Switch 8100fl on the network. You must enable the management port and you must enable telnet in order to access the switch remotely.

Follow the procedures in this section to set the following system information:

- IP address for the management port on the management module
- System time and date
- System name
- System location
- Contact name (the person to contact regarding this switch)
- Log in banners

Notes

This section assumes a basic understanding of CLI commands, modes, and procedures. For more detailed information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* on the Documentation CD-ROM that comes with your switch.

The running configuration remains in effect only during the current power cycle. If you power off or reboot the switch without saving the running configuration changes to the Startup configuration file, the changes are lost. For details on saving your configuration, refer to [“Saving and Using the New Configuration” on page 3-4](#).

Setting the Management Module IP Address

To set the system IP address and enable Telnet access to the switch:

1. From the Exec (>) prompt, enter the **enable** command to get to the Privileged Exec mode in the CLI.
2. From Privileged Exec mode, enter the **configure** command to get to Configuration mode.
3. From Configuration mode, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100fl(config)#interface management0
```

Note

The management0 interface is created automatically by the system and is reserved for the management port on the management module.

4. From Interface Management mode, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config-interface-management)#ip address  
<ipaddr>
```

where *<ipaddr>* is the IPv4 unicast address and subnet mask you assign to the switch. You can specify the subnet mask in terms of mask bits. For example:

```
ip address 10.10.1.45 255.255.248.0
```

You can also specify the subnet mask in terms of mask length. For example:

```
ip address 10.10.1.45/21
```

5. Enable the management port, by entering the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config-interface-management)#no shutdown
```

Here is an example, showing all of the preceding steps:

```
Switch 8100f1>enable  
Switch 8100f1#configure  
Switch 8100f1(config)#interface management0  
Switch 8100f1(config-interface-management)#ip address  
10.10.1.45 255.255.248.0  
Switch 8100f1(config-interface-management)#no shutdown
```

6. From Configuration mode, enter the following commands to enable telnet on the switch:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#ip telnet  
Switch 8100f1(config-telnet)#no shutdown
```

7. Enable a terminal line to the switch by entering:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#line vty 0
```

where 0 represents the vty terminal line connection.

Note

The ProCurve Switch 8100f1 supports up to 10 vty connections for a maximum of ten incoming remote connections, plus one console connection.

Saving and Using the New Configuration

To apply the system commands entered in the previous steps to the startup configuration, follow the steps below:

1. To display the running configuration, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#show running
```

For example:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#show running
!
  interface Management0
    no shutdown
    ip address 10.10.1.45/21
!
  ip telnet
    no shutdown
!
  line vty 0
!
  line vty 1
!
  line vty 2
!
end
```

2. To save the configuration changes from the running configuration to the startup configuration file, enter the **write memory** command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#write memory
```

The switch reinstates all configuration changes for the next reboot.

Setting the System Date and Time

To set the system date and time:

1. From the Privileged Exec mode (#) prompt, enter the **clock set** command:

```
Switch 8100f1#clock set <HH:MM:SS> <1...31> <month> <year>
```

2. To verify your settings, enter the **show clock** command:

```
Switch 8100f1#show clock
```


The following example shows how to set the clock to 10:45:29 AM PST on June 30, 2005, and then verify the settings:

```
Switch 8100f1#clock set 18:45:29 30 june 2005
Switch 8100f1#show clock
*18:45:29 UTC Tues June30 2005
```

Setting System Parameters

The following commands can be entered only from Configuration mode.

Setting the Host Name

To set the system name, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#hostname
```

For example, to enter the hostname “PNB8108”, type the following:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#hostname PNB8108
```

Setting System ID, Location, and Contact

To assign a chassis ID, a physical location, and a contact person to the system using snmp (Simple Network Management Protocol), enter the following commands:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#snmp location <string>
Switch 8100f1(config)#snmp chassis-id <string>
Switch 8100f1(config)#snmp contact <string>
```

where *<string>* represents the text you enter to specify the location, chassis identity, and contact support information for the switch.

For additional information about configuring SNMP, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide*.

Setting Up Passwords

You can password-protect CLI access to the Series 8100fl Switch by setting up passwords for Exec mode access, Privileged Exec mode access, and terminal line access. If you have a User password but not an Enable password, you can use only the commands available in Exec mode. If you have an Enable password, you can use commands available in the Privileged Exec and Configuration modes, as well as the commands in Exec mode.

In addition, you can set up the Series 8100fl Switch for TACACS+ or RADIUS authentication by a TACACS+ or RADIUS server. Procedures for configuring the switch for TACACS+ and RADIUS can be found in the *Management and Configuration Guide*.

Specifying the CLI-level Password

To add password protection to the CLI, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100fl(config)#enable secret <password>
```

By default the password you enter will be encrypted to prevent it from being displayed in clear text in the configuration file output.

For example:

To create an encrypted password called “mysecretpassword” enter;

```
Switch 8100fl(config)#enable secret mysecretpassword
```

When you enter the password, and then enter **show running-config**, this will appear as a line in the running configuration as follows:

```
enable secret 5 $1$ZyK.$8NHx2DJBsiGQyhTBmUakz1
```

where **5** indicates that the password is encrypted as an MD5 hash.

To allow passwords to be displayed in an unencrypted format, enter **0** before you enter the password.

For example:

To create a clear text password called “mypassword” enter;

```
Switch 8100fl(config)#enable secret 0 mypassword
```

When you enter this setting, it will appear as a line in the running configuration as follows:

```
enable secret 0 mypassword
```

where *0* indicates that the password is not encrypted.

Caution

Test all new passwords before saving the running configuration to the Startup configuration file.

After password protecting access to the CLI, you can still access the Series 8100fl Switch without a password by connecting a terminal line configured without password protection. To password protect terminal lines from users connecting with Telnet or SSH, see [“Specifying Line-level Passwords”](#).

Specifying Line-level Passwords

The ProCurve Switch 8100fl supports up to 10 vty remote connections for which you can assign line-level passwords. To prevent unauthorized access, it is recommended you assign line-level password protection to all the terminal lines that you configure.

To add password protection to each terminal (or console) line:

1. From Configuration mode, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100fl(config)#line vty 0
```

where *0* represents the line number of the vty terminal line connection.

2. Enter the following command to configure a password to the line that you have specified:

```
Switch 8100fl(config-line)#password <password>
```

By default the password you enter will be encrypted to prevent it from being displayed in the configuration file output.

For example:

To create an encrypted password called “mysecretpassword” enter;

```
Switch 8100fl(config-line)#password mysecretpassword
```

When you enter the password and then enter **show running-config**, this will appear as a line in the running configuration as follows:

```
password 5 $1$ZyK.$8NHx2DJBsiGQyhTBmUakz1
```

where *5* indicates that the password is encrypted as an MD5 hash.

To allow passwords to be displayed in an unencrypted format, enter **0** before you enter the password.

For example:

To create a clear text password called “mypassword” enter;

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#enable secret 0 mypassword
```

When you enter this setting, it will appear as a line in the running configuration as follows:

```
enable secret 0 mypassword
```

where *0* indicates that the password is not encrypted.

Note

By default all passwords are encrypted, meaning that they will not display in readable text in the configuration files. To specify an unencrypted password, you must enter a **0** before entering the password text.

3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to assign a line-level password to each terminal line that you have configured on the switch.

Recovering from Forgotten Passwords

If you forget your line-level passwords, you can log on using the console and enter new passwords. Once you enter the new passwords, other users who access these lines can use the new passwords. To make the changes permanent, save the new passwords to the startup configuration.

If you forget your console or CLI-level password that allows you to log on to the command line interface, you must reboot the switch and reset the password from Boot mode in the CLI. To do so, follow the steps below:

1. If you have two Management Modules installed, pull the backup module out of its slot so that only one Management Module is active.
2. Connect to the serial console of the active Management Module, and then perform a power cycle to reboot the switch.
3. Interrupt the normal bootup sequence—at the point where it says: “Press <Enter> to execute or <ESC> to abort”—by pressing the [**Esc**] key (use the spacebar to skip the countdown sequence).

This will put you into Boot mode—the prompt will change to **PMON>**.

4. From Boot mode, enter the following commands:

```
PMON> set STARTUP_MODE skip_config  
PMON> boot
```

The configuration process will then skip the startup configuration and the switch will boot up with the factory default settings.

5. At the reboot, enter a new password.
6. To make the changes permanent, save the new password setting to the startup configuration using the **write memory** command.

Note

If you have removed a backup management module, insert it back into its slot before entering **write memory**—this will synchronize both active and backup startup configurations to use the new password.

The next time you reboot the system, you will be able to use the new password for access and authentication.

Enabling Secure Shell (SSH) Access

To enable an ssh connection to the switch:

1. From configuration mode, enter the following commands:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#ip ssh  
Switch 8100f1(config-ssh)#no shutdown
```

2. To save your changes to the startup configuration file use the **write memory** command.

Updating Software

The latest software updates for your ProCurve Series 8100fl Switch are provided on the ProCurve Networking web site. Updating the system software is a four-step process:

1. Download the latest software version from the web.
2. Verify and compare software versions.
3. Install the software image and reboot.

Refer to the following procedures for details.

Download the Latest Software. To access the latest software for your switch, follow the steps below:

1. Go to the ProCurve Networking Web site at www.procurve.com.
2. From the home page, click on **Software updates**.
3. Under **Latest software**, click on **Switches** to go to the page that has the software updates for your switch.
4. Click on the software version number that you require, and then follow the instructions to download the software.

Check Software Versions. To determine whether you have the latest software installed, you can compare the software version that is available on the web site with the version that is currently installed on your switch.

To view the currently installed software version:

1. Start a console or telnet session on the switch.
2. Enter the **show version** command at any level of the CLI:

```
Switch 8100fl>show version
```

Note

The show version command allows you to display summary version information for all installed modules (the default), or you can specify parameters to show more detailed information according to the slot where individual modules are installed (see the *Management and Configuration Guide* for further details).

Install Software Image and Reboot. To install the latest software, follow the steps below.

Note

The following example uses a TFTP download method. While other methods such as SCP (secure copy) are also possible, these other methods are not described here (see the *Management and Configuration Guide* for details).

1. Copy the software image file to a TFTP server (or other area) accessible by the management module (MM) Ethernet interface.
2. Verify that the MM Ethernet interface can reliably access the TFTP server.
3. Copy the file to the management module's compact flash card using the **copy** command from the Privileged Exec level of the CLI.

For example, to download a file named CY.02.00.swi from a TFTP server with the IP address of 10.28.227.103 to primary flash, enter:

```
Switch 8100fl#copy tftp://10.28.227.103/CY.02.00.swi flash:
```

The new image file will be copied to primary flash.

4. Use the **image install** command to install the image in a backup software storage bank:

```
Switch 8100fl#image install <name>
```

where *name* is the path or filename (for example, flash:CY.02.00.swi).

The new software is loaded in the flash memory bank opposite the bank that is currently active. For instance, if the software is currently running on Bank-A, then Bank-B will contain the new software.

5. Use the **show module management** command to see which bank on the primary management module has the new software.
6. Use the **boot system** command to activate the new software from the correct bank, and reboot your system.

```
Switch 8100fl#boot system {bank-A | bank-B }
```

Where to Go From Here

After setting up an IP address and updating to the latest software, you can manage and configure the switch remotely via Telnet. For more information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* for your switch.

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Replacing Hardware

This chapter shows you how to remove and install the following components:

- Power supplies (see [page 4-2](#))
- Fan trays (see [page 4-3](#))
- Modules (see [page 4-4](#))
- Compact flash card (see [page 4-8](#))
- Transceivers (see [page 4-9](#))
- Mini-GBICs (see [page 4-12](#))

For a complete list of parts and part numbers, see [page 2-1](#).

Hot Swapping

The ProCurve Switch 8100fl supports “hot swapping” - the ability to replace the following hardware components while the switch is operating: a fan tray, power supply (if a second power supply is installed), interface module, switch fabric module, and/or management module.

The hot swapping feature allows you to remove or install modules without powering off or rebooting the switch. Swapped-in modules are recognized by the switch and begin functioning immediately after they are installed.

Caution

The ProCurve 8100fl Switch and its components are sensitive to static discharge. Use an antistatic wrist strap and observe all static precautions when hot swapping components. For example, connect your antistatic wrist strap to the ground point on the front of the switch, above the rightmost power supply bay.

This unit has more than one power supply cable. To fully power down the switch, you must disconnect all power supply cables or remove all power supplies before servicing equipment

Replacing Power Supplies

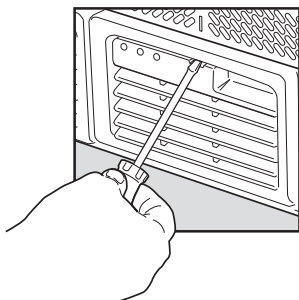
If your ProCurve 8100fl Switch is configured with redundant power supplies, you will not suffer any loss of traffic or performance if a power supply fails. Simply replace the failed component as soon as possible. The Power Status LED on the chassis and on the power supply unit itself will indicate which power supply has failed.

Note

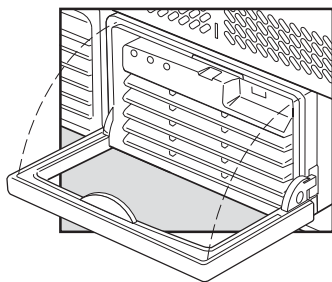
The Switch 8116fl chassis requires at least two active power supplies operating to function correctly.

To remove an AC power supply:

1. Ensure that the AC power supply is not plugged into an AC power source.
2. Insert a flat blade screwdriver (or similar lever device) into the indent located on the bottom edge in the center of the handle.



3. Gently turn the screwdriver with the handle downward and lower the power supply handle to its fully extended position.



4. Pull on the handle to slide the power supply from the chassis.

To install a new or replacement power supply, follow the procedure described on [page 2-24](#).

Replacing Fan Trays

The Fan Status LEDs on the switch chassis and on each fan tray indicate when one or more fans fail. In this case, simply replace the failed component as soon as possible.

WARNING

For safety, if you are hot swapping out the fan tray assembly, pull the assembly out one-inch and allow the fans to stop rotating before pulling it all the way out.

To replace a fan tray:

1. Remove the two screws holding the failed fan tray assembly. (The LED on the fan tray and on the chassis will indicate which one is failed.)
2. Pull the fan tray assembly out.
3. Install the new fan tray assembly as described on [page 2-15](#).

Note

In case your cabling installation does not allow access to the fan tray assemblies, remove as many cables as necessary in order to access them.

Replacing Modules

The ProCurve Switch 8100fl chassis supports three types of modules:

- Switch fabric modules
(full-height module for 8116fl; or half-height module for 8108fl)
- Management modules
- Interface modules

To replace a module, you must follow a different procedure for different module types:

- For a fabric or interface module, you can remove the module from its slot in the ProCurve 8100fl Switch chassis and install a new module in the empty slot while the switch is powered on.
- For a management module, you must first stop the module by entering the **halt** command. Then remove the module from its slot and install a new module.

Caution

To avoid damaging modules and the backplane, be sure you are inserting the right type of module into the slot type made for it.

Hot Swapping and Redundancy

All modules can be “hot swapped”; that is, they can be removed or installed while the switch is powered on. However, note the following differences between module types with respect to redundancy:

- When the primary switch fabric module fails, the redundant switch fabric module takes over (in less than five seconds) and continues to function as the primary module even after the failed module is replaced.
- When hot swapping interface and switch fabric modules, use the CLI **redundancy switchover fabric-module lock** command to prevent a redundant switch fabric module from taking over as the primary switch fabric module. Once the hot swap is completed, re-enable fabric protection switching by using the **redundancy switchover fabric-module clear** command
- When the primary management module fails, the redundant management module takes over immediately as the new primary management module. However, this new primary management module will reboot the other modules resulting in a loss of traffic until all modules are back on line. When the failed management module is replaced, the replacement management module serves as the redundant management module.

- Interface modules do not have redundant protection. If an interface module fails, traffic on the module will stop until you can replace the module.

Fail Over Protection

If the primary management module fails, the redundant management module will reboot the switch fabric module and interface modules. During this time, service is affected.

To perform a controlled shutdown on a management or fabric module and cause the redundant module to take over, enter the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#halt <slot>
```

You can also perform a controlled shutdown on a module, by entering the following command:

```
Switch 8100f1(config)#power down <slot>
```

Note

To display a list of the slot numbers of all installed modules, type **?** after the command; for example, **halt ?** or **power down ?**.

Configuration Changes

In normal operation, whenever changes are made to the primary management module's configuration file, the changes are copied to the redundant management module's configuration file. In this way, if the primary management module fails, the redundant module has all the configuration information necessary to take over as the primary.

Removal and Installation Precautions

- Static electricity can severely damage the electronic components on the modules. When handling and installing the modules in your switch, follow these procedures to avoid damage from static electricity:
 - Handle the module by its bulkhead or edges and avoid touching the components and the circuitry on the board.
 - When installing the module, equalize any static charge difference between your body and the switch by wearing a grounding wrist strap and attaching it to the switch's grounding point, or by frequently touching the switch's metal body.
 - Take appropriate care when removing interface modules from the ProCurve 8100fl Switch. They may be hot to the touch.
- The ProCurve 8100fl Switch modules have “low-force”, high-performance connectors. High insertion forces are not necessary to install the modules, and should not be used.
- ***Ensure you fully insert the modules.*** That is, press the module into the slot until the bulkhead on the module is contacting or is very close to contacting the front face of the switch chassis. Then rotate the extractors until they are fully closed (vertical).
- Once the module is fully inserted, make sure you screw in the two retaining screws to secure the module in place.
- For safe operation, proper switch cooling, and reduction of electromagnetic emissions, ensure that a slot cover is installed on any unused module slot. *For safety, no more than one slot should be uncovered at a time when the switch is powered on.*

Removing Modules

To remove a module:

1. Loosen the captive screws on each end of the module.
2. Unseat the module by pulling on the ejector levers on the top and bottom of the module.
3. Carefully remove the module from its slot in the chassis.

Installing Modules

To install a new or replacement module:

Note

For further details, refer to the installation procedures described on [page 2-16](#).

1. Make sure you install the module in the appropriate slot.
 - Switch fabric modules can only be installed in the slots labelled **FM-A** or **FM-B**.
 - Management modules can only be installed in the slots labelled **MM-A** or **MM-B**.
 - Interface modules can only be installed in slots numbered **1-8** (Switch 8108fl); or in slots numbered **1-16** (Switch 8116fl).
2. Slide the module all the way into the slot. Press the ejector levers until they are vertical to seat the module fully in place, ensuring that the pins on the back of the module are completely connected to the backplane.

Caution

Ensure that the backsheet (metal plate) of the interface module and not the circuit board is between the module guides. Check both the upper and lower guides.

3. Tighten the captive screws on each side of the module to secure it to the chassis.

Verifying the Installation

Once a module is installed, the ProCurve 8100fl Switch recognizes and activates the module. To verify installation, make sure the Status LED on each module is solid green.

Note

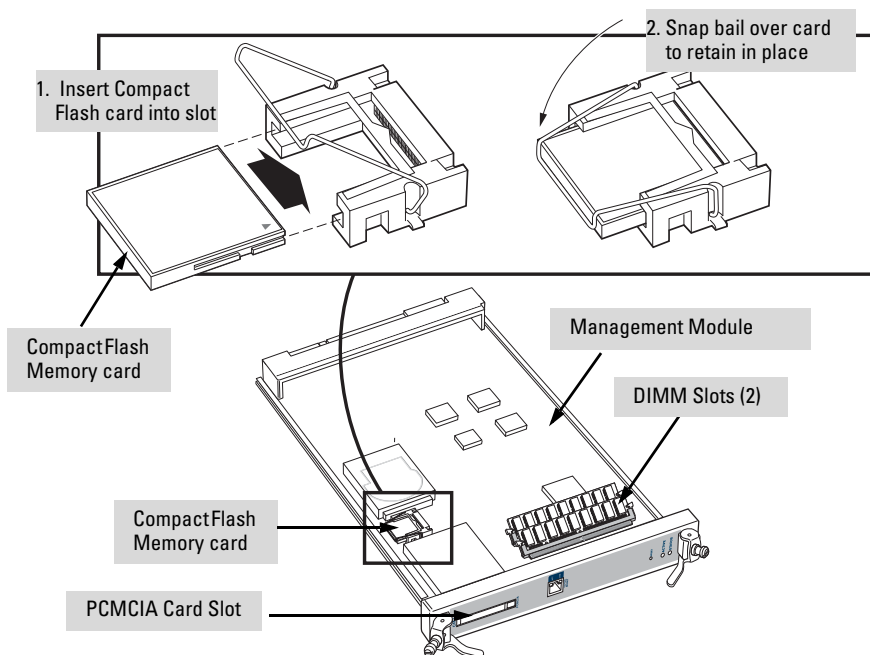
The Active LED will not light on a redundant (non-primary) management module or on a redundant (non-primary) switch fabric module.

Replacing Compact Flash Card

The Compact Flash card is the primary non-volatile storage medium located on the management module that contains both the boot software and configuration files.

To install (or replace) a Compact Flash card:

1. Remove the management module. (You cannot access the Compact Flash when the management module is installed. This prevents inadvertent removal of the system image while the system is running.)
2. Insert the Compact Flash and snap it into place. (The Compact Flash is keyed so it only goes in one way.) See the following illustration for details.



3. Reinstall the management module according to the procedures described in [“Installing a Management Module” on page 2-20](#).

Note

The system software image file normally is stored on the Compact Flash card, but can also be stored on a TFTP server or BootP server.

Installing or Removing Transceivers and Connecting Cables

If you installed a media-flexible X2 10GbE module, you can now install a copper or fiber optic transceiver to enable network connectivity to a port.

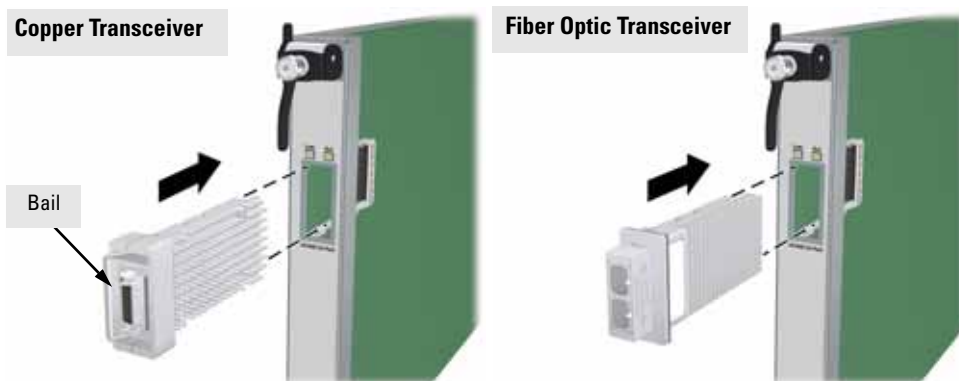
Note

You can install or remove a transceiver without having to power off the switch. Use only the ProCurve supported transceivers (see [page 1-5](#)).

Installing Transceivers

To install a transceiver:

1. Remove the port cover on the transceiver slot by squeezing the metal tabs together.
2. Slide the transceiver into the empty slot until it stops.



3. Push firmly until you hear a click and the gasket seat against the bulkhead.

Note

When switch power is on, the Link and Activity LEDs will come on for approximately two seconds and then go off. This is confirmation the transceiver is installed.

4. If your transceiver has a bail, move the bail up to lock the transceiver in place, if not your transceiver is now completely installed. Network cables can now be installed, see [page 4-11](#).

Removing Transceivers

To remove a transceiver:

1. Disconnect the network cable from the transceiver before removing it from the module.
2. If your transceiver has a wire bail, lower the bail and then use the bail to pull the transceiver from the slot.

If your transceiver does not have a bail, pull the transceiver straight out.

(Optional) Installing an Optical Media Converter

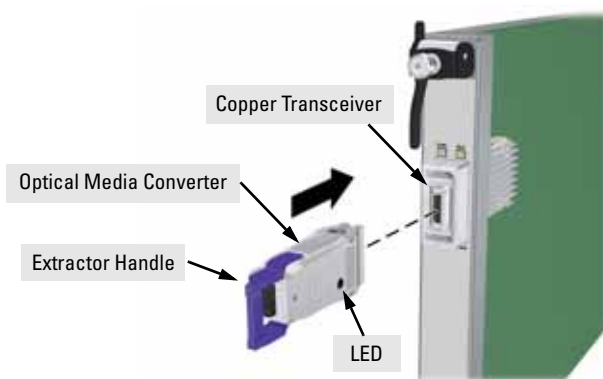
An optical media converter (OMC) can be installed into the copper transceiver to enable a fiber-optic cable connection.

Note

You can install a media converter without having to power off the switch. Use only the ProCurve supported media converter (see [page 1-5](#)).

To install a media converter:

1. Connect the media converter to the copper transceiver port until it clicks into place.



2. A multimode fiber ribbon cable can now be installed, see [page 4-11](#).

Note on LED

The OMC has a single bi-color LED to indicate Power and Link. The LED goes Orange when it has power but no link, and goes Green when a link is established with the other end of a 12-strand flat MTP cable.

To remove a media converter:

1. Disconnect the network cable from the converter before removing it from the module.
2. Pull the extractor handle to remove the converter from the transceiver.

Connecting Network Cables to Transceiver Ports

To install fiber-optic cable:

- Aligning the cable connectors with the slots of the transceiver ports, press the cable connector into the transceiver port until it snaps into place.

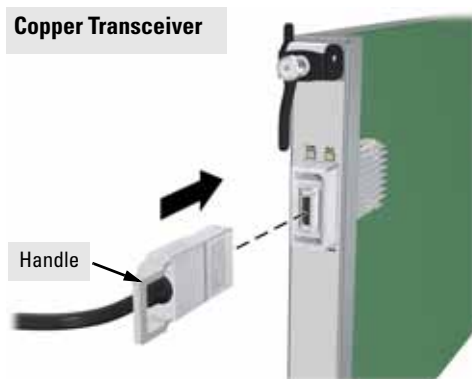


Note

To ensure proper transmit/receive connections, make sure the transmit from one device is connected to the receive of the other device.

To install copper cable:

1. Insert the copper cable connector into the copper transceiver port.
2. Push the handle forward to engage the locking mechanism.



Replacing Mini-GBICs

You can remove or install a mini-GBIC from the 10-port mini-GBIC Module without having to power off the switch. Use only ProCurve mini-GBICs. The following mini-GBICs are supported by the ProCurve 8100fl mini-GBIC module (as of this printing):

- Gigabit-SX LC mini-GBIC (J4858B)
- Gigabit-LX LC mini-GBIC (J4859B)
- Gigabit-LH LC mini-GBIC (J4860B)
- Gigabit 1000Base-T mini-GBIC (J8177B)

Caution

Use only the supported genuine ProCurve mini-GBICs with your switch. Non-ProCurve mini-GBICs are not supported. Should you require additional ProCurve mini-GBICs, contact your ProCurve Networking Sales and Service Office or authorized dealer.

Removing Mini-GBICs

WARNING

The ProCurve fiber optic mini-GBICs are Class 1 laser devices. Avoid direct eye exposure to the beam coming from the transmit port.

The extraction process varies among different mini-GBICs (see the illustrations and examples in this section). The mini-GBIC removal process is essentially to disengage the unit from its port via the extraction mechanism, then pull the unit straight out of the receptacle.

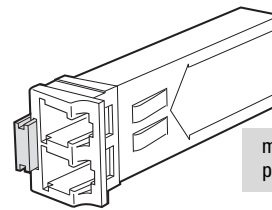
Note

You should disconnect the network cable from the mini-GBIC before removing it from the module.

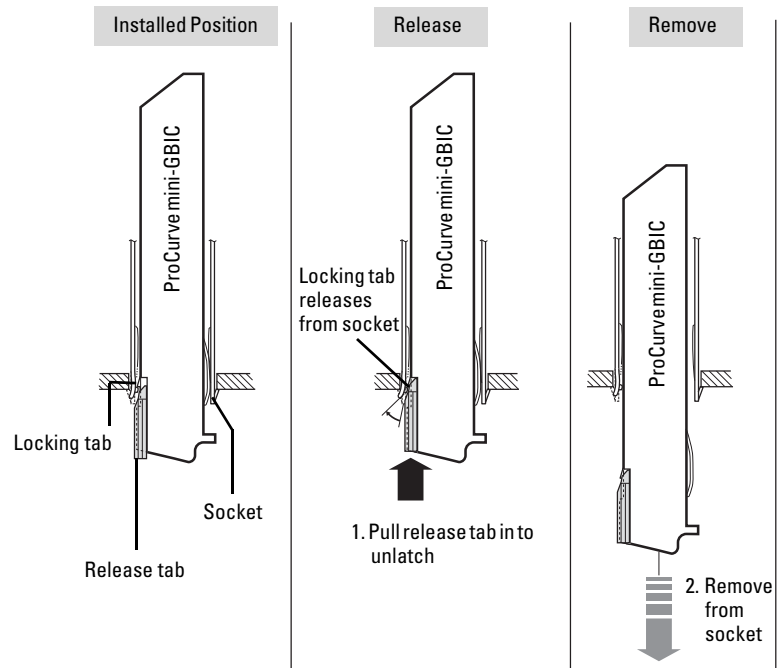
Depending on when you purchased your ProCurve mini-GBIC, it may have one of three different release mechanisms: a plastic tab on the bottom, a wire bail, or a plastic collar around the mini-GBIC (see the following pages for details).

To remove the a mini-GBIC with a plastic tab or plastic collar:

1. Remove the fiber cable from the mini-GBIC.
2. Push in the plastic tab or collar toward the switch until you see the mini-GBIC release from the switch (you can see it move outward slightly)
3. Pull the mini-GBIC from the slot.
4. If the device is not defective (disposable), insert a dust plug to protect it.

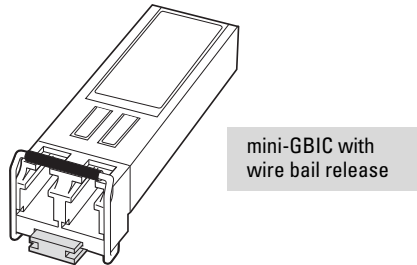


mini-GBIC with
plastic tab or collar

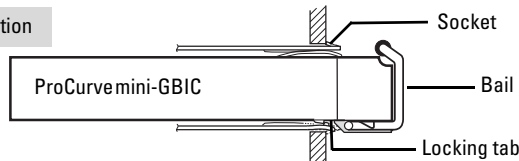


To remove a mini-GBIC with a wire bail:

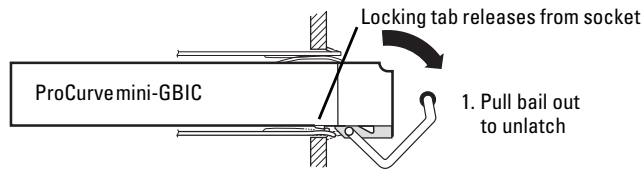
1. Remove the fiber cable from the mini-GBIC.
2. Lower the bail until it is approximately horizontal.
3. Using the bail, pull the mini-GBIC from the slot.
4. If the mini-GBIC is not defective (disposable), protect it by inserting a dust plug.



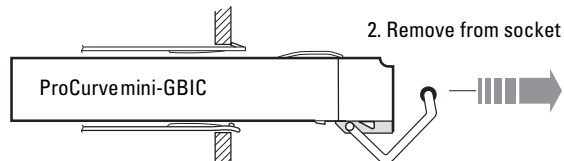
Installed Position



Release



Remove

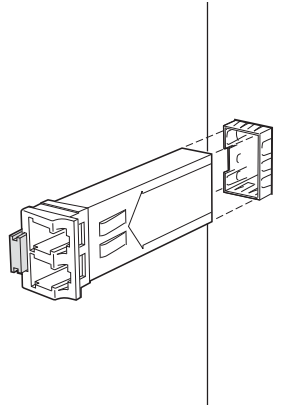


Installing mini-GBICs

The ProCurve mini-GBICs use slightly different release mechanisms, but the insertion process is virtually the same for all.

To install a mini-GBIC in the 10-Port mini-GBIC Module:

1. Orient the mini-GBIC as shown in the illustration below. Note that the release mechanism is on the left of the receptacle.



2. Insert the mini-GBIC into the receptacle until it locks into position.

Caution

If the mini-GBIC does not go in easily, do not force it. If the mini-GBIC is not oriented properly, it will stop about one quarter of the way into the slot—remove and reorient the mini-GBIC so that it slides easily into the slot.

Keep the dust plug in the mini-GBIC when there is no fiber cable plugged in. The optics will not work properly when obstructed with dust or contaminants. It is recommended that you clean the optic surfaces of the fiber cable prior to plugging it into the optical bores of the mini-GBIC.

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Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot your ProCurve 8100fl switches. Note that this document describes troubleshooting mostly from a hardware perspective. You can perform more in-depth troubleshooting using the software tools available with the switch. For more information, see the chapter on “Troubleshooting” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM included with your switch.

This chapter describes the following:

- Basic troubleshooting tips ([page 5-1](#))
- Diagnosing with the LEDs ([page 5-3](#))
- Hardware diagnostic tests ([page 5-6](#))
- Restoring the factory default configuration ([page 5-8](#))
- Downloading new code ([page 5-9](#))
- ProCurve Networking customer support services ([page 5-9](#))

Basic Troubleshooting Tips

Most problems are caused by the following situations. Check for these items first when starting your troubleshooting:

- **Faulty or loose cables.** Look for loose or obviously faulty connections. If they appear to be OK, make sure the connections are snug. If that does not correct the problem, try a different cable.
- **Non-standard cables.** Non-standard and miswired cables may cause network collisions and other network problems, and can seriously impair network performance. Use a new correctly-wired cable or compare your cable to the cable in appendix B, “Switch Ports and Network Cables” for pinouts and correct cable wiring. A category 5 cable tester is a recommended tool for every 100Base-T and 1000Base-T network installation.
- **Invalid Network Topologies.** It is important to make sure you have a valid network topology. Common topology faults include excessive cable length and excessive repeater delays between end nodes. If you have network problems after recent changes to the network, change back to the previous topology. If you no longer experience the problems, the new topology is probably at fault.

In addition, you should make sure that your network topology contains **no data path loops**. Between any two end nodes, there should be only one active cabling path at any time. Data path loops will cause broadcast storms that will severely impact your network performance.

With your ProCurve 8100fl switches, if you wish to build redundant paths between important nodes in your network to provide some fault tolerance, you should enable **Spanning Tree Protocol** support on the switch. This ensures that only one of the redundant paths is active at any time, thus avoiding data path loops.

ProCurve 8100fl switches also support **Link Aggregation**, which allows multiple network cables to be used for a single network connection without causing a data path loop.

For more information on enabling Spanning Tree and Link Aggregation, see the *Management and Configuration Guide* on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

- **Check the port configuration.** A port on your ProCurve Switch 8100fl may not be operating as you expect because it has been put into a “blocking” state by Spanning Tree, or LACP (automatic link aggregation). (Note that the normal operation of the Spanning Tree and LACP features may put the port in a blocking state.) Or, the port just may have been configured as disabled through software.

Check the port’s configuration and verify that there is not an improper or undesired configuration of any of the switch features that may be affecting the port. See the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

For more information on possible network problems and their solutions, refer to the technical note “Troubleshooting LAN Performance and Intermittent Connectivity Problems”, which can be found on the ProCurve Networking Web site, www.procurve.com, in the Information Library section.

Troubleshooting Procedures

[Table 5-1](#) describes the error conditions and LED patterns that may occur on a switch and switch modules.

To troubleshoot Switch 8100fl operation using LEDs:

1. Find the LED pattern in [Table 5-1](#) that you see on your switch.
2. Follow the associated diagnostic procedure to resolve the problem.

Table 5-1. LED Error Conditions

Problem	Solution
The power supply is installed but not working (no LEDs are on, the fan module is not operating, and so on).	1. Verify that the power cable is plugged into an active power source and to the switch. Ensure these connections are snug. 2. If the Power LED is still not on, verify that the AC power source works by plugging another device into the outlet. Or try plugging the switch into a different outlet or try a different power cable. If the power source and power cable are OK and this condition persists, the switch power supply may have failed. Call your ProCurve Networking-authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve Networking to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.
The fan module is not active.	Check the power cable and the circuit to which the power supply is connected. If the green status LED on the power supply indicates that it is active, immediately power down the chassis, unplug the power supply, and contact technical support. The fan module may be improperly connected or damaged.
The management module is not active.	Check the power cable and the circuit to which the power supply is connected. If the power supply is working, make sure the management module is inserted all the way into its slot in the chassis and the captive screws are screwed in. The management module must be in the management module slot (labelled MM) and not in a numbered interface module slot.
No interface modules are active.	Check the power cable and the circuit to which the power supply is connected.
A specific interface module is inactive.	Make sure that the interface module is inserted all the way into its slot in the chassis, the extractor levers are fully closed, and the captive screws are screwed in.

Problem	Solution
The chassis LEDs indicate activity but you cannot tell what the switch is doing.	Make sure you have properly connected the primary management module to a management console and the console is powered on.
The LED STATUS light on the interface module is ORANGE.	When the Status LED on the module is lit, this indicates that the module received power from the switch, but the subsequent boot process failed. Either the module is faulty, or it is a new module type that is not yet supported by the operating code on the switch. As ProCurve Networking introduces new modules for your ProCurve Switch 8100fl, you may have to update the switch with new operating code that supports the new module. The documentation that came with the module will indicate which version of the operating code is needed to support the module. The modules that are supported in your Switch 8100fl, as of the printing of this manual, are listed in “ProCurve Switch 8100fl Features” on page 1-14. You can download the latest code from the Software Updates link on the ProCurve Networking web site at www.procurve.com. First verify the switch has a version of code that supports the module that is indicating the fault. If the module is not one of the ones listed on page 1-14, check the module documentation to see what version of switch code is needed. Download the new code and retest the module. If you have the correct code installed in the switch, try removing and reinstalling the module. You can do this without having to power down the switch. When the module is reinstalled, it will be retested automatically. If the fault indication reoccurs, the module may have failed. Remove the module from the switch and replace it with another module, or cover the slot with a blank slot cover. Call your ProCurve Networking-authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve Networking to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.

[Table 5-2](#) describes other error conditions and the procedures to follow to return the switch to normal operation.

Table 5-2. General Error Conditions

Problem	Solution
A specific interface module is inactive.	Make sure that the interface module is inserted all the way into its slot in the chassis, the extractor levers are fully closed, and the captive screws are screwed in.

Problem	Solution
An older software version continues to boot instead of the newer version on a PC card or TFTP server.	Refer to the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> for procedures on how to configure the Series 8100fl Switch to boot using newer software.
You have forgotten your password	If you forget your system-level password, you can recover it by entering boot variables to skip the startup configuration so that the switch boots up with the factory default settings. If you forget your UNIX password, it can be reset from privileged mode by entering the username command to reconfigure the root password. In both cases, call your ProCurve Networking-authorized LAN dealer or use the electronic support services from ProCurve Networking to get assistance.
You are unable to access the configuration commands in the CLI.	Enter the enable command to access the Privileged Exec mode, then enter the configure command to access the Configuration mode.
Configuration changes do not seem to be taking effect.	Use the procedure in “Saving and Using the New Configuration” on page 3-4 to activate the changes.
Configuration changes are not reinstated after a reboot.	Use the procedure in “Saving and Using the New Configuration” on page 3-4 to save the configuration changes to the Startup configuration file.
The Series 8100fl Switch is not resolving DNS names.	Use the procedure in the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> to set up DNS. If you have already performed this procedure, make sure you can use NS lookup on the DNS server to get the default domain.
An SNMP manager cannot access the Series 8100fl Switch.	Use the procedure in the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> to set up an SNMP community string and specify a target for SNMP traps. If you have already performed this procedure, enter the show snmp community command to check the SNMP settings. Use the traceroute and ping commands to verify that the Series 8100fl Switch can reach the SNMP management station.
You are unable to ping a certain host.	Create and add an IP interface for the host. See the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> for information.

Hardware Diagnostic Tests

Resetting the Switch

If you believe that the switch is not operating correctly, you can reset the switch to test its circuitry and operating code.

To reset a switch, choose one of the following options:

- Unplug and plug in the power cable (power cycling).
- Enter the reload command from the command-line interface.

Power cycling the switch and the software reset and the reload option cause the switch to perform a power-on self-test, which almost always will resolve any temporary operational problem. Neither of these reset procedures causes any changes to the switch configuration.

Testing Twisted-Pair Cabling

If you think the cable should work but still isn't working, it may not be compatible with the IEEE 802.3 Type 10Base-T, 100Base-T, or 1000Base-T standards, as appropriate for the switch port type that the cable is connected to. The twisted-pair cables attached to a ProCurve Switch 8100fl must be compatible with these standards. To verify your cable is compatible with these standards, use a qualified cable testing device.

Testing Switch-to-Device Network Communications

You can perform the following communication tests to verify the network is operating correctly between the switch and any connected device that can respond correctly to the communication test.

- Link Test – a physical layer test that sends IEEE 802.2 test packets to any device identified by its MAC address
- Ping Test – a network layer test used on IP networks that sends test packets to any device identified by its IP address

These tests can be performed through the switch console interface from a terminal connected to the switch or through a telnet connection. See the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

These tests can also be performed from an SNMP network management station running a program that can manage the switch, for example, ProCurve Manager or ProCurve Manager Plus.

Testing End-to-End Network Communications

Both the switch and the cabling can be tested by running an end-to-end communications test – a test that sends known data from one network device to another through the switch. For example, if you have two PCs on the network that have LAN adapters between which you can run a link-level test or Ping test through the switch, you can use this test to verify the entire communication path between the two PCs is functioning correctly. See your LAN adapter documentation for more information on running a link test or Ping test.

Restoring the Factory Default Configuration

As part of your troubleshooting process, it may become necessary to return the switch configuration to the factory default settings. This process interrupts the switch operation, clears any passwords, clears the console event log, resets the network counters to zero, performs a complete self test, and reboots the switch into its factory default configuration including deleting an IP address, if one is configured.

Note

This process removes all switch configuration changes that you have made from the factory default settings. This includes, for example, configuration of VLANs, spanning tree, trunks, routing, and security. Returning the configuration of these features to their factory default settings (usually disabling them) may result in network connectivity issues.

If the switch has a valid configuration, and you are restoring the factory default settings for a reason other than configuration problems, you should save the switch configuration prior to performing the factory default reset. Then, after the reset and resolution of the original problem, you can restore the saved configuration to the switch. For both the save and restore processes, you can use the console **copy** command. See the switch *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM for more information on this command.

You can restore the factory default configuration by using the switch console.

To restore the factory default configuration from the console:

- Enter the following command at the console prompt to back up the startup configuration:

```
Switch 8100f1#copy startup flash:startup.bak
```

- Enter the following command to erase the setup configuration:

```
Switch 8100f1#erase startup
```

- You can also restore the factory default configuration by entering the following commands from the boot prompt:

```
PMON> set STARTUP_MODE skip_config
PMON> reset
```


ProCurve Networking Customer Support

If you are still having trouble with your switch, ProCurve Networking offers support 24 hours a day, seven days a week through the use of a number of automated electronic services. See the Customer Support/Warranty booklet that came with your switch for information on how to use these services to get technical support. The ProCurve Networking Web site, www.procurve.com also provides up-to-date support information.

Additionally, your ProCurve Networking-authorized network reseller can provide you with assistance, both with services that they offer and with services offered by ProCurve Networking.

Before Calling Support

Before calling your networking dealer or ProCurve Networking technical support, to make the support process most efficient, first retrieve the following information:

Information Item	Information Location
Product identification, including the chassis, modules, and mini-GBICs	On the front of the switch and on modules and mini-GBICs
Details about the switch's status including the OS (software) version, a copy of the switch configuration, a copy of the switch Event Log, and a copy of the switch status and counters information	Switch console: show tech-support command
Copy of your network topology map, including network addresses assigned to the relevant devices	Your network records

Downloading New Code

When product enhancements occur for the ProCurve Switch 8100fl Series, new code can be downloaded to the switch through several methods, for product enhancements and new features. Please see the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

New code is available on the ProCurve Networking web site at www.procurve.com.

Specifications

Switch 8108fl

Physical

Width:	43.9 cm (17.3 in)
Depth:	54.6 cm (21.5 in)
Height:	57.7 cm (22.7 in)
Weight:	
• Minimum (empty chassis without slot covers)	42.5 kg (93.8 lbs)
• Maximum (fully loaded with maximum number of modules, power supplies, fan trays)	99.7 kg (219.7 lbs)
• Empty chassis with covers and blanks (weight as shipped)	60.1 kg (132.5 lbs)
• By component:	
– Fan Tray (each)	4.7 kg (10.4 lbs)
– Power Supply (each)	3.3 kg (7.3 lbs)
– Blank Power Supply	1.3 kg (2.8 lbs)
– Management Module	2.9 kg (6.4 lbs)
– Switch Fabric Module (8108fl)	3.1 kg (6.8 lbs)
– 1-Port 10-GbE LR Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– 10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module	3.0 kg (6.7 lbs)
– 10-Port mini-GBIC Interface Module	3.1 kg (6.8 lbs)
– 1-Port X2 10-GbE Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– 2-Port X2 10-GbE Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– Interface Module Slot Cover	1.5 kg (3.3 lbs)
– Management Module Slot Cover	1.5 kg (3.3 lbs)
– Switch Fabric Module (8008fl) Slot Cover	1.5 kg (3.3 lbs)
– Mounting Bracket (each)	0.9 kg (2.0 lbs)

Electrical

AC power (per power supply):	100–240 VAC
• Maximum current	15 A
• Frequency Range	47–63 Hz
AC power (maximum system)	1440 W
Maximum input current	15 A @ 100 VAC
	12 A @ 120 VAC
	10 A @ 150 VAC
	8 A @ 208 VAC

Environmental

	Operating	Non-Operating
Temperature:	5°C to 40°C (41°F to 104°F)	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
Relative humidity: (non-condensing)	15% to 80% (@ 40°C, 24 hours)	90% (@ 65°C, 12hours)
Maximum altitude:	3.0 Km (10,000 ft)	4.6 Km (15,000 ft)

Acoustic

- Acoustic sound pressure LpAm = 63.6dB
- Acoustic sound power LWAd = 80dB per ISO 7779

Safety and Regulatory

- FCC Rules Part 15, subpart B (Class A)
- ICE-003, Canadian Radio Interference Regulations (Class A)
- EN 55022/CISPR 22 (Class A)
- EN55024
- EN 61000-3-2 (Harmonics)
- EN 61000-3-3 (Flicker)
- UL60950-1/UL1950 3rd
- CSA C22.2 No 60950-1
- EN60950-1/ IEC60950 3rd
- EN60825

Switch 8116fl

Physical

Width:	43.9 cm (17.3 in)
Depth:	54.6 cm (21.5 in)
Height:	88.4 cm (34.8 in)
Weight:	
• Minimum (empty chassis without slot covers)	62.0 kg (136.7 lbs)
• Maximum (fully loaded with maximum number of modules, power supplies, fan trays)	154.3 kg (340.2 lbs)
• Empty chassis with covers and blanks (weight as shipped)	94.8 kg (209.1 lbs)
• By component:	
– Fan Tray (each)	4.7 kg (10.4 lbs)
– Power Supply (each)	3.3 kg (7.3 lbs)
– Blank Power Supply	1.3 kg (2.8 lbs)
– Management Module	2.9 kg (6.4 lbs)
– Switch Fabric Module (8116fl)	6.3 kg (13.9 lbs)
– 1-Port 10-GbE LR Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– 10-Port 100/1000-T Interface Module	3.0 kg (6.7 lbs)
– 10-Port mini-GBIC Interface Module	3.1 kg (6.8 lbs)
– 1-Port X2 10-GbE Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– 2-Port X2 10-GbE Interface Module	3.4 kg (7.4 lbs)
– Interface Module Slot Cover	1.5 kg (3.3 lbs)
– Management Module Slot Cover	1.5 kg (3.3 lbs)
– Switch Fabric Module (8116fl) Slot Cover	3.0 kg (6.7 lbs)
– Mounting Bracket (each)	0.9 kg (2.0 lbs)

Electrical

AC power (per power supply):	100–240 VAC
• Maximum current	15 A
• Frequency Range	47–63 Hz
AC power (maximum system)	2800 W
Maximum input current	15 A @ 100 VAC
	12 A @ 120 VAC
	10 A @ 150 VAC
	8 A @ 208 VAC

Environmental

	Operating	Non-Operating
Temperature:	5°C to 40°C (41°F to 104°F)	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
Relative humidity: (non-condensing)	15% to 80% (@ 40°C, 24 hours)	90% (@ 65°C, 12hours)
Maximum altitude:	3.0 Km (10,000 ft)	4.6 Km (15,000 ft)

Acoustic

- Acoustic sound pressure LpAm = 63.6dB
- Acoustic sound power LWAd = 80dB per ISO 7779

Safety and Regulatory

- FCC Rules Part 15, subpart B (Class A)
- ICE-003, Canadian Radio Interference Regulations (Class A)
- EN 55022/CISPR 22 (Class A)
- EN55024
- EN 61000-3-2 (Harmonics)
- EN 61000-3-3 (Flicker)
- UL60950-1/UL1950 3rd
- CSA C22.2 No 60950-1
- EN60950-1/ IEC60950 3rd
- EN60825

Switch Ports and Network Cables

This appendix includes switch connector information and network cable information for cables that should be used with ProCurve 8100fl switches, including minimum pin-out information and specifications for twisted-pair cables.

Note

Incorrectly wired cabling is the most common cause of problems for LAN communications. ProCurve Networking recommends that you work with a qualified LAN cable installer for assistance with your cabling requirements.

Switch Ports and Connectors

Twisted Pairs

- The RJ-45 ports on the **100/1000-T Interface Module** and the single **10/100Base-T** Ethernet port on the management module accept 100-ohm differential unshielded and shielded twisted-pair cable with RJ-45 connectors as described on [page B-2](#).
- The **1000Base-T RJ-45** connectors on the **1000Base-T mini-GBIC** (J8177B) are compatible with the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standards, and accept 1000 Mbps cables as described in [page B-2](#).

Fiber-Optic

- The LC-type connector port on the **Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC** transmits at 850 nm wavelength, and accepts the low metal content, multimode fiber-optic cables for Gigabit-SX described on [page B-3](#).
- The LC-type connector port on the **Gigabit-LX and LH mini-GBIC** transmits at 1310 nm wavelength, and accepts the low metal content, single-mode or multimode fiber-optic cables for Gigabit-LX described on [page B-3](#).

Cables

Twisted-Pair Cables

10 Mbps Operation	Category 3, 4, or 5 100-ohm differential unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shielded twisted-pair (STP) cable, complying with IEEE 802.3 Type 10Base-T specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors.
100 Mbps Operation	Category 5 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable, complying with IEEE 802.3u 100Base-T specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors.
1000 Mbps Operation	Category 5 100-ohm differential 4-pair UTP or STP cable, complying with IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors—Category 5e or better is recommended. (See “ <i>Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements</i> ”, below)

Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements. The Category 5 networking cables that work for 100Base-T connections should also work for 1000Base-T, as long as all four-pairs are connected. But, for the most robust connections you should use cabling that complies with the Category 5e specifications, as described in Addendum 5 to the TIA-568-A standard (ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-5).

Because of the increased speed provided by 1000Base-T (Gigabit-T), the network cable quality is more important for proper operation than for either 10Base-T or 100Base-T. Site cabling that is being used to carry 1000Base-T networking must comply with the IEEE 802.3ab standards. In particular, the cabling must pass tests for Attenuation, Near-End Crosstalk (NEXT), and Far-End Crosstalk (FEXT). Additionally, unlike the cables for 100Base-T, the 1000Base-T cables must pass tests for Equal-Level Far-End Crosstalk (ELFEXT), Multiple Disturber ELFEXT, and Return Loss.

When testing your cabling, be sure to include the patch cables that connect the switch and other end devices to the patch panels on your site. The patch cables are frequently overlooked when testing cable and they must also comply with the cabling standards.

Fiber-Optic Cables

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Supported Length
Gigabit-SX	62.5/125 μm or 50/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 850 nm, low metal content, multimode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.651 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type A1b or A1a respectively.	LC - Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC	• 62.5 μm cable: – 160 MHz*km=220 meters – 200 MHz*km=275 meters • 50 μm cable: – 400 MHz*km=500 meters – 500 MHz*km=550 meters
Gigabit-LX	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 1310 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards. OR the multimode fiber-optic cables listed for Gigabit-SX.	LC - Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC	• single-mode cable: 10 kilometers • multimode cable: 550 meters
Note: To use multimode cables for Gigabit-LX, a mode conditioning patch cord may be needed - See the <i>Installation Guide</i> that came with your module for more information.			
Gigabit-LH	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 1550 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	LC - Gigabit-LH mini-GBIC	70 kilometers
Note: Between the transmit and receive ends of the cable, at least 5db of attenuation is required for a reliable connection. This is equivalent to 20Km of the fiber-optic cable. For distances less than 20Km, you must add attenuators to bring the total attenuation to at least 5db. Most cable vendors carry attenuators.			
10Gigabit-LR	9/125 μm (core-cladding) diameter, 1310 nm, low metal content, single-mode fiber optic cables fitted with SC connectors. The cables must comply with the ITU-T G.651 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type A1b or A1a standards.	SC connector	• single-mode cable 10 kilometers
10-GbE SR	Multimode fiber-optic cable designed for Gigabit Ethernet: 62.5/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter or 50/125 μm , 850 nm, low metal content, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	■ 62.5 μm cable: – 160 Mhz/km = 2-26 meters – 200 Mhz/km = 2-33 meters ■ 50 μm cable: – 400 Mhz/km = 2-66 meters – 500 Mhz/km = 2-82 meters – 2000 Mhz/km = 2-300 meters

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Supported Length
10-GbE LRM	Multimode fiber-optic cable designed for Gigabit Ethernet: 62.5/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter or 50/125 μm , 850 nm, low metal content, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	■ 62.5 μm cable: – 160 Mhz/km = 2-26 meters – 200 Mhz/km = 2-33 meters ■ 50 μm cable: – 400 Mhz/km = 2-66 meters – 500 Mhz/km = 2-82 meters – 2000 Mhz/km = 2-300 meters
10-GbE LR	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, 1310 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	single-mode cable: 2-10 kilometers
10-GbE ER	9/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, 1550 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	single-mode cable: 2-30 kilometers (40 kilometers on an engineered fiber optic link that meets standards in the specification).
OMC CX4 Fiber	12 fiber 50/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable. 12 fiber 62.5/125 μm (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable is also supported.	Optical Media Converter	150 Mhz/km = 1-50 meters 500 Mhz/km = 1-100 meters 2000 Mhz/km = 1-300 meters

CX4 Copper Cables

Cabling that complies with the 802.3ak IEEE standard supports 10 Gigabit Ethernet speeds over CX4, or four twin-axial copper cable pairs.

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Supported Length
CX4	Speed 3.125Gbx4 (Cables compliant with the 802.3ak standard)	CX4	0.5-15 meters

Twisted-Pair Cable/Connector Pin-Outs

The RJ-45 port on the management module and the RJ 45 ports on the 10-Port 100/1000 Base-T interface module operate as **MDI-X only** and the correct cable type must be used. In general, for connections to other devices on the network use a straight-through cable.

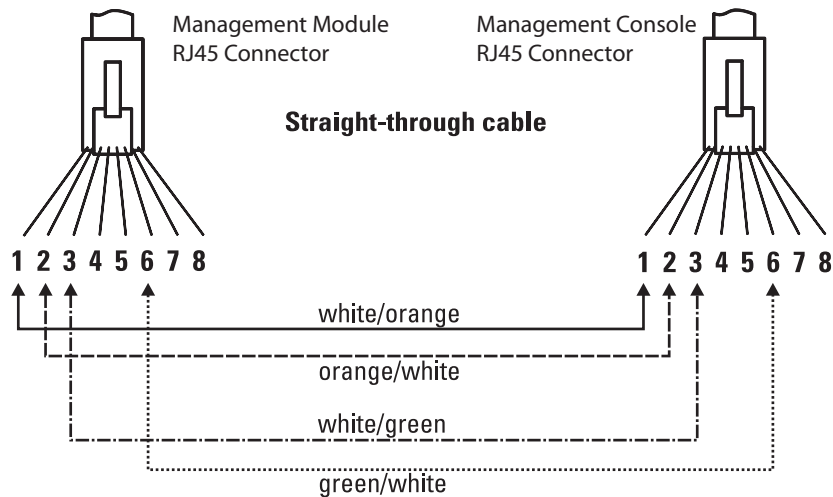
Other Wiring Rules:

- All twisted-pair wires used for 10 Mbps, and 100 Mbps operation must be twisted through the entire length of the cable. The wiring sequence must conform to EIA/TIA 568-B (not USOC). See the Pin Assignment tables below the cable illustrations later in this appendix for a listing of the signals used on each pin.
- For 1000Base-T connections, all four pairs of wires in the cable must be available for data transmission. See “Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements” on [page B-2](#) for more information on 1000Base-T cabling.
- For 10 Mbps connections to the ports, you can use Category 3, 4, or 5 100-ohm differential unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shielded twisted-pair (STP) cable, as supported by the IEEE 802.3 10Base-T standard.
- For 100 Mbps connections to the ports, use Category 5 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable only, as supported by the IEEE 802.3u 100Base-T standard.
- For 1000 Mbps connections, Category 5 or better 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable only, as supported by the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard; Category 5e or better is recommended.

Straight-Through Twisted-Pair Cable for 10/100 Mbps Network Connections

The RJ 45 port on the management module operates as an MDI-X port, and straight-through cables *must* be used for connections to the management console. The same connections and pin-outs shown here for the management module can also be used on the 10-Port 100/1000 Base-T interface module for 100 Mbps network connections only.

Cable Diagram



Note

Pins 1 and 2 on the management module connector *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 1 and 2 on the management console connector.
Pins 3 and 6 on the management module connector *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 3 and 6 on the management console connector.
Pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 are not used in this application, although they may be wired in the cable.

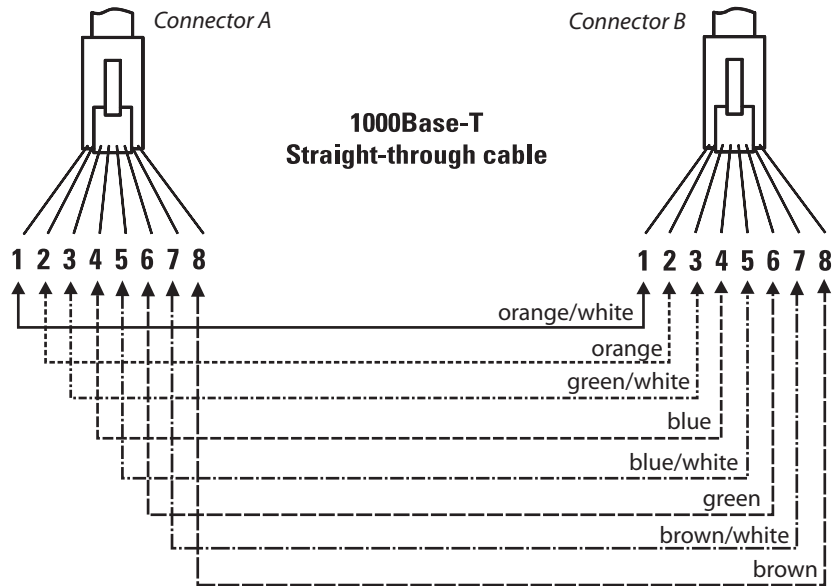
Pin Assignments

Management Module End (MDI-X)		Management Console, or Other End	
Signal	Pins	Pins	Signal
transmit +	1	1	receive +
transmit -	2	2	receive -
receive +	3	3	transmit +
receive -	6	6	transmit -

Straight-Through Twisted-Pair Cable for 1000 Mbps Network Connections

1000Base-T connections require that all four pairs of wires be connected.

Cable Diagram



Note

Pins 1 and 2 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 1 and 2 on connector “B”.
Pins 3 and 6 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 3 and 6 on connector “B”.
Pins 4 and 5 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 4 and 5 on connector “B”.
Pins 7 and 8 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 7 and 8 on connector “B”.

Pin Assignments

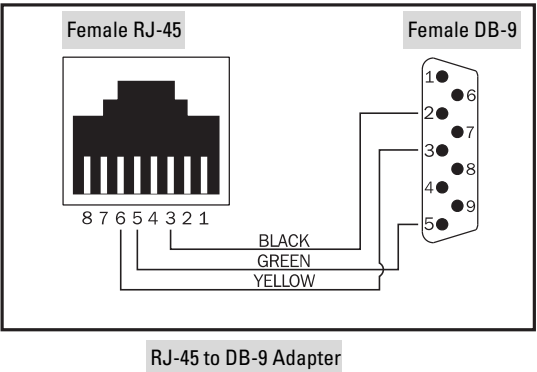
For 1000Base-T operation, all four pairs of wires are used for both transmit and receive.

Serial Port Cable and Connections

The RS-232 serial port (on top of the chassis) can be connected to a PC's COM port via an RJ-45 straight-through cable and special RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter (refer to [page 2-27](#) for details on how to connect a console to the switch).

RJ-45 to DB-9 Adapter Pin-outs

The following illustration shows the internal wiring of the pin connections for the RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter.



The following table describes the RJ-45 to DB-9 adapter pin-out connections.

RJ-45 Pin#	DB-9 Pin#	Signal	Description
1	NC	CTS	Clear to Send
2	NC	DSR	Data Set Ready
3	2	TXD	Transmit Data
4	NC	GND	Signal Ground
5	5	GND	Signal Ground
6	3	RXD	Receive Data
7	NC	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
8	NC	RTS	Request to Send

Safety and Regulatory Statements

Safety Information



WARNING

Documentation reference symbol. If the product is marked with this symbol, refer to the product documentation to get more information about the product.

A **WARNING** in the manual denotes a hazard that can cause injury or death.

Caution

A Caution in the manual denotes a hazard that can damage equipment.

Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** or Caution notice until you have understood the hazardous conditions and have taken appropriate steps.

Grounding

These are safety class I products and have protective earthing terminals. There must be an uninterruptible safety earth ground from the main power source to the product's input wiring terminals, power cable, or supplied power cable set. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, disconnect the power cable until the ground has been restored.

For LAN cable grounding:

- If your LAN covers an area served by more than one power distribution system, be sure their safety grounds are securely interconnected.
- LAN cables may occasionally be subject to hazardous transient voltages (such as lightning or disturbances in the electrical utilities power grid). Handle exposed metal components of the network with Caution.

Servicing

There are no user-serviceable parts inside these products. Any servicing, adjustment, maintenance, or repair must be performed only by service-trained personnel.

These products do not have a power switch; they are powered on when the power cable is plugged in.

Informations concernant la sécurité



Symbole de référence à la documentation. Si le produit est marqué de ce symbole, reportez-vous à la documentation du produit afin d'obtenir des informations plus détaillées.

WARNING

Dans la documentation, un **WARNING** indique un danger susceptible d'entraîner des dommages corporels ou la mort.

Caution

Un texte de mise en garde intitulé Caution indique un danger susceptible de causer des dommages à l'équipement.

Ne continuez pas au-delà d'une rubrique **WARNING** ou Caution avant d'avoir bien compris les conditions présentant un danger et pris les mesures appropriées.

Cet appareil est un produit de classe I et possède une borne de mise à la terre. La source d'alimentation principale doit être munie d'une prise de terre de sécurité installée aux bornes du câblage d'entrée, sur le cordon d'alimentation ou le cordon de raccordement fourni avec le produit. Lorsque cette protection semble avoir été endommagée, débrancher le cordon d'alimentation jusqu'à ce que la mise à la terre ait été réparée.

Mise à la terre du câble de réseau local:

- si votre réseau local s'étend sur une zone desservie par plus d'un système de distribution de puissance, assurez-vous que les prises de terre de sécurité soient convenablement interconnectées.
- Les câbles de réseaux locaux peuvent occasionnellement être soumis à des surtensions transitoires dangereuses (telles que la foudre ou des perturbations dans le réseau d'alimentation public). Manipulez les composants métalliques du réseau avec précautions.

Aucune pièce contenue à l'intérieur de ce produit ne peut être réparée par l'utilisateur. Tout dépannage, réglage, entretien ou réparation devra être confié exclusivement à un personnel qualifié.

Cet appareil ne comporte pas de commutateur principal; la mise sous tension est effectuée par branchement du cordon d'alimentation.

Hinweise zur Sicherheit



WARNING

Caution

Symbol für Dokumentationsverweis. Wenn das Produkt mit diesem Symbol markiert ist, schlagen Sie bitte in der Produktdokumentation nach, um mehr Informationen über das Produkt zu erhalten.

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Symbol für Dokumentationsverweis. Wenn das Produkt mit diesem Symbol markiert ist, schlagen Sie bitte in der Produktdokumentation nach, um mehr Informationen über das Produkt zu erhalten.

Fahren Sie nach dem Hinweis **WARNING** oder **Caution** erst fort, nachdem Sie den Gefahrenzustand verstanden und die entsprechenden Maßnahmen ergriffen haben.

Dies ist ein Gerät der Sicherheitsklasse I und verfügt über einen schützenden Erdungsterminal. Der Betrieb des Geräts erfordert eine ununterbrochene Sicherheitserdung von der Hauptstromquelle zu den Geräteingabeterminals, den Netzkabeln oder dem mit Strom belieferten Netzkabelsatz voraus. Sobald Grund zur Annahme besteht, daß der Schutz beeinträchtigt worden ist, das Netzkabel aus der Wandsteckdose herausziehen, bis die Erdung wiederhergestellt ist.

Für LAN-Kabelerdung:

- Wenn Ihr LAN ein Gebiet umfaßt, das von mehr als einem Stromverteilungssystem beliefert wird, müssen Sie sich vergewissern, daß die Sicherheitserdungen fest untereinander verbunden sind.
- LAN-Kabel können gelegentlich gefährlichen Übergangsspannungen ausgesetzt werden (beispielsweise durch Blitz oder Störungen in dem Starkstromnetz des Elektrizitätswerks). Bei der Handhabung exponierter Metallbestandteile des Netzwerkes Vorsicht walten lassen.

Dieses Gerät enthält innen keine durch den Benutzer zu wartenden Teile. Wartungs-, Anpassungs-, Instandhaltungs- oder Reparaturarbeiten dürfen nur von geschultem Bedienungspersonal durchgeführt werden.

Dieses Gerät hat keinen Netzschalter; es wird beim Anschließen des Netzkabels eingeschaltet.

Considerazioni sulla sicurezza



WARNING

Simbolo di riferimento alla documentazione. Se il prodotto è contrassegnato da questo simbolo, fare riferimento alla documentazione sul prodotto per ulteriori informazioni su di esso.

Caution

La dicitura **WARNING** denota un pericolo che può causare lesioni o morte.

La dicitura Caution denota un pericolo che può danneggiare le attrezzature.

Non procedere oltre un avviso di **WARNING** o di Caution prima di aver compreso le condizioni di rischio e aver provveduto alle misure del caso.

Questo prodotto è omologato nella classe di sicurezza I ed ha un terminale protettivo di collegamento a terra. Dev'essere installato un collegamento a terra di sicurezza, non interrompibile che vada dalla fonte d'alimentazione principale ai terminali d'entrata, al cavo d'alimentazione oppure al set cavo d'alimentazione fornito con il prodotto. Ogniqualvolta vi sia probabilità di danneggiamento della protezione, disinserite il cavo d'alimentazione fino a quando il collegamento a terra non sia stato ripristinato.

Per la messa a terra dei cavi LAN:

- se la vostra LAN copre un'area servita da più di un sistema di distribuzione elettrica, accertatevi che i collegamenti a terra di sicurezza siano ben collegati fra loro;
- i cavi LAN possono occasionalmente andare soggetti a pericolose tensioni transitorie (ad esempio, provocate da lampi o disturbi nella griglia d'alimentazione della società elettrica); siate cauti nel toccare parti esposte in metallo della rete.

Nessun componente di questo prodotto può essere riparato dall'utente. Qualsiasi lavoro di riparazione, messa a punto, manutenzione o assistenza va effettuato esclusivamente da personale specializzato.

Questo apparato non possiede un commutatore principale; si mette scotto tensione all'inserirsi il cavo d'alimentazione.

Consideraciones sobre seguridad



WARNING

Símbolo de referencia a la documentación. Si el producto va marcado con este símbolo, consultar la documentación del producto a fin de obtener mayor información sobre el producto.

Caution

Una **WARNING** en la documentación señala un riesgo que podría resultar en lesiones o la muerte.

Una Caution en la documentación señala un riesgo que podría resultar en averías al equipo.

No proseguir después de un símbolo de **WARNING** o Caution hasta no haber entendido las condiciones peligrosas y haber tomado las medidas apropiadas.

Este aparato se enmarca dentro de la clase I de seguridad y se encuentra protegido por una borna de puesta a tierra. Es preciso que exista una puesta a tierra continua desde la toma de alimentación eléctrica hasta las bornas de los cables de entrada del aparato, el cable de alimentación o el juego de cable de alimentación suministrado. Si existe la probabilidad de que la protección a tierra haya sufrido desperfectos, desenchufar el cable de alimentación hasta haberse subsanado el problema.

Puesta a tierra del cable de la red local (LAN):

- Si la LAN abarca un área cuyo suministro eléctrico proviene de más de una red de distribución de electricidad, cerciorarse de que las puestas a tierra estén conectadas entre sí de modo seguro.
- Es posible que los cables de la LAN se vean sometidos de vez en cuando a voltajes momentáneos que entrañen peligro (rayos o alteraciones en la red de energía eléctrica). Manejar con precaución los componentes de metal de la LAN que estén al descubierto.

Este aparato no contiene pieza alguna susceptible de reparación por parte del usuario. Todas las reparaciones, ajustes o servicio de mantenimiento debe realizarlos solamente el técnico.

Este producto no tiene interruptor de potencia; se activa cuando se enchufa el cable de alimentación.

Safety Information (Japan)

安全性の考慮

安全記号



マニュアル参照記号。製品にこの記号がついている場合はマニュアルを参照し、注意事項等をご確認ください。

WARNING マニュアル中の「WARNING」は人身事故の原因となる危険を示します。

CAUTION マニュアル中の「CAUTION」は装置破損の原因となる危険を示します。

「WARNING」や「CAUTION」の項は飛ばさないで必ずお読みください。危険性に関する記載事項をよく読み、正しい手順に従った上で次の事項に進んでください。

これは安全性クラス1の製品で保護用接地端子を備えています。主電源から製品の入力配線端子、電源コード、または添付の電源コード・セットまでの間、切れ目のない安全接地が存在することが必要です。もしこの保護回路が損なわれたことが推測されるときは、接地が修復されるまで電源コードを外しておいてください。

LAN ケーブルの接地に関して:

- もし貴社の LAN が複数の配電システムにより電力を受けている領域をカバーしている場合には、それらのシステムの安全接地が確実に相互に結合されていることを確認してください。
- LAN ケーブルは時として危険な過度電圧（例えば雷や、配電設備の電力網での障害）にさらされることがあります。露出した金属部分の取扱いには十分な注意をはらってください。

本製品の内部にはユーザーが修理できる部品はありません。サービス、調整、保守および修理はサービス訓練を受けた専門家におまかせください。

本製品には電源スイッチがありません。電源コードを接続したとき電源入となります。

Japan Power Cord Statement

製品には、同梱された電源コードをお使い下さい。
同梱された電源コードは、他の製品では使用出来ません。

Please use the attached power cable. The attached power cable is not to be used with any other products.

Safety Information (China)

HP 网络产品使用安全手册

使用须知

欢迎使用惠普网络产品，为了您及仪器的安全，请您务必注意如下事项：

1. 仪器要和地线相接，要使用有正确接地插头的电源线，使用中国国家规定的220V电源。
2. 避免高温和尘土多的地方，否则易引起仪器内部部件的损坏。
3. 避免接近高温，避免接近直接热源，如直射太阳光、暖气等其它发热体。
4. 不要有异物或液体落入机内，以免部件短路。
5. 不要将磁体放置于仪器附近。

警告

为防止火灾或触电事故，请不要将该机放置于淋雨或潮湿处。

安装

安装辅助管理模块，请参看安装指南。

保修及技术支持

如果您按照以上步骤操作时遇到了困难，或想了解其它产品性能，请按以下方式与我们联系。

如是硬件故障：

1. 与售出单位或当地维修机构联系。
2. 中国惠普有限公司维修中心地址：
北京市海淀区知春路49号希格玛大厦
联系电话：010-62623888 转 6101
邮政编码：100080

如是软件问题：

1. 惠普用户响应中心热线电话：010-65645959
2. 传真自动回复系统：010-65645735

EMC Regulatory Statements

U.S.A.

FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canada

This product complies with Class A Canadian EMC requirements.

Australia/New Zealand



This product complies with Australia/New Zealand EMC Class A requirements.

Japan

VCCI Class A

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

Korea

사용자 안내문 : A 급기기

이기는 업무용으로 전자파 적합등록을 받은 기기 이오니, 판매자 또는 사용자는 이점을 주의하시기 바라며, 만약 잘못 구입하셨을 때에는 구입한 곳에서 비업무용으로 교환하시기 바랍니다.

Taiwan

警告使用者：這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

Regulatory Model Identification Number

For regulatory identification purposes, ProCurve 8100fl switches are assigned a Regulatory Model Number. The Regulatory Model Number for these switches is RSVLC-0406.

This regulatory number should not be confused with the marketing name (ProCurve Switch 8100fl), or product numbers (J8727A, J8728A)

European Community

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN45014

Manufacturer's Name: Hewlett-Packard Company

Manufacturer's Address: 8000 Foothills Blvd.
Roseville, CA 95747-5502
U.S.A.

declares that the product:

Product Name: ProCurve Switch 8100fl

Model Number: J8727A, J8728A, J8729A, J8730A, J8731A, J8732A,
J8733A, J8734A, J8735A

Regulatory Model Number: RSVLC-0406

Option: All

conforms to the following Product Specifications:

Safety: EN60950-1 (2001)/ EN60950 3rd (1999)/IEC 60950 3rd (1999)
EN 60825-1/IEC 60825-1, Class 1 Laser

EMC: EN 55022(1998) +A2(2003) / CISPR-22 (1997) +A2(2002) Class A
EN55024 +A1(2001) +A2(2003) / CISPR-24 (1997) + A1, A2
EN 61000-3-2 (2000) / IEC 61000-3-2 (2000) Harmonics
EN 61000-3-3 +A1(2001) / IEC 61000-3-3 (1994) Flicker

Supplementary Information:

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and carries the CE mark.

Tested with Hewlett-Packard Co. products only.

Roseville, February 3, 2005



Mike Avery,
Regulatory Engineering Manager

European Contact: Your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or Hewlett-Packard GmbH,
Department TRE, Herrenberger Strasse 140, D-71034 Böblingen (FAX:+49-7031-14-3143).

Regulatory Information (China)

依照中国
《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》

部件名称	有毒、有害物质和元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴代二苯醚 (PB E)
机箱/隔板/其它金属和塑料部件	0	0	0	0	0	0
印刷电路组件 (PCA)	X	0	0	0	0	0
天线	X	0	0	0	0	0
电缆/电线	X	0	0	0	0	0
电池	0	0	0	0	0	0
风扇/风扇盘	0	0	0	0	0	0
电源/电源适配器	X	0	0	0	0	0
安装支架/其它附件	0	0	0	0	0	0
CF 卡	0	0	0	0	0	0
0:表示此部件使用的所有同类材料中此种有毒或有害物质的含量均低于 SJ/T11363-2006 规定的限制要求。 X:表示此部件使用的至少一种同类材料中，此种有毒或有害物质的含量高于 SJ/T11363-2006 规定的限制要求。 注：所引用的环保使用期限标记根据产品的正常操作使用条件（如温度和湿度）确定。						



除非另有标明，此电子信息产品污染控制标记适用于所有 ProCurve Networking by HP 产品。

This information is required by the People's Republic of China as per their legislation titled "Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products".

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Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Statements



Disposal of Waste Equipment by Users in Private Household in the European Union

This symbol on the product or on its packaging indicates that this product must not be disposed of with your other household waste. Instead, it is your responsibility to dispose of your waste equipment by handing it over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the shop where you purchased the product.



Likvidace zařízení soukromými domácími uživateli v Evropské unii

Tento symbol na produktu nebo balení označuje výrobek, který nesmí být vyhozen spolu s ostatním domácím odpadem. Povinností uživatele je předat takto označený odpad na předem určené sběrné místo pro recyklaci elektrických a elektronických zařízení. Okamžité třídění a recyklace odpadu pomůže uchovat přírodní prostředí a zajistí takový způsob recyklace, který ochrání zdraví a životní prostředí člověka. Další informace o možnostech odevzdání odpadu k recyklaci získáte na příslušném obecním nebo městském úřadě, od firmy zabývající se sběrem a svozem odpadu nebo v obchodě, kde jste produkt zakoupili.



Bortskaffelse af affald fra husstande i den Europæiske Union

Hvis produktet eller dets emballage er forsynet med dette symbol, angiver det, at produktet ikke må bortskaffes med andet almindeligt husholdningsaffald. I stedet er det dit ansvar at bortskaffe kasseret udstyr ved at aflevere det på den kommunale genbrugsstation, der forestår genvinding af kasseret elektrisk og elektronisk udstyr. Den centrale modtagelse og genvinding af kasseret udstyr i forbindelse med bortskaffelsen bidrager til bevarelse af naturlige ressourcer og sikrer, at udstyret genvindes på en måde, der beskytter både mennesker og miljø. Yderligere oplysninger om, hvor du kan aflevere kasseret udstyr til genvinding, kan du få hos kommunen, den lokale genbrugsstation eller i den butik, hvor du købte produktet.



Seadmete jäätmete kõrvaldamine eramajapidamistes Euroopa Liidus

See tootel või selle pakendil olev sümbol näitab, et kõnealust toodet ei tohi koos teiste majapidamisjäätmega kõrvaldada. Teie kohus on oma seadmete jäätmed kõrvaldada, viies need elektri- ja elektroonikaseadmete jäätmete ringlussevõtmiseks selleks ettenähtud kogumispunkti. Seadmete jäätmete eraldi kogumine ja ringlussevõtmise kõrvaldamise ajal aitab kaitsta loodusvarasid ning tagada, et ringlussevõtmise toimub viisil, mis kaitseb inimeste tervist ning keskkonda. Lisateabe saamiseks selle kohta, kuhu oma seadmete jäätmed ringlussevõtmiseks viia, võtke palun ühendust oma kohaliku linnakantsleiga, majapidamisjäätmete kõrvaldamise teenistuse või kauplusega, kust Te toote ostsite.



Laitteiden hävittäminen kotitalouksissa Euroopan unionin alueella

Jos tuotteessa tai sen pakkauksessa on tämä merkki, tuotetta ei saa hävittää kotitalousjätteiden mukana. Tällöin hävitettävä laite on toimitettava sähkölaitteiden ja elektronisten laitteiden kierrätyspisteeseen. Hävitettävien laitteiden erillinen käsittely ja kierrätys auttavat säästämään luonnonvaroja ja varmistamaan, että laite kierrätetään tavalla, joka estää terveyshaitat ja suojelee luontoa. Lisätietoja paikoista, joihin hävitettävät laitteet voi toimittaa kierrätettäväksi, saa ottamalla yhteyttä jätehuoltoon tai liikkeeseen, josta tuote on ostettu.



Élimination des appareils mis au rebut par les ménages dans l'Union européenne

Le symbole apposé sur ce produit ou sur son emballage indique que ce produit ne doit pas être jeté avec les déchets ménagers ordinaires. Il est de votre responsabilité de mettre au rebut vos appareils en les déposant dans les centres de collecte publique désignés pour le recyclage des équipements électriques et électroniques. La collecte et le recyclage de vos appareils mis au rebut indépendamment du reste des déchets contribue à la préservation des ressources naturelles et garantit que ces appareils seront recyclés dans le respect de la santé humaine et de l'environnement. Pour obtenir plus d'informations sur les centres de collecte et de recyclage des appareils mis au rebut, veuillez contacter les autorités locales de votre région, les services de collecte des ordures ménagères ou le magasin dans lequel vous avez acheté ce produit.



Entsorgung von Altgeräten aus privaten Haushalten in der EU

Das Symbol auf dem Produkt oder seiner Verpackung weist darauf hin, dass das Produkt nicht über den normalen Hausmüll entsorgt werden darf. Benutzer sind verpflichtet, die Altgeräte an einer Rücknahmestelle für Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräte abzugeben. Die getrennte Sammlung und ordnungsgemäße Entsorgung Ihrer Altgeräte trägt zur Erhaltung der natürlichen Ressourcen bei und garantiert eine Wiederverwertung, die die Gesundheit des Menschen und die Umwelt schützt. Informationen dazu, wo Sie Rücknahmestellen für Ihre Altgeräte finden, erhalten Sie bei Ihrer Stadtverwaltung, den örtlichen Müllentsorgungsbetrieben oder im Geschäft, in dem Sie das Gerät erworben haben



Απόρριψη άχρηστου εξοπλισμού από χρήστες σε ιδιωτικά νοικοκυριά στην Ευρωπαϊκή Ένωση

Το σύμβολο αυτό στο προϊόν ή τη συσκευασία του υποδεικνύει ότι το συγκεκριμένο προϊόν δεν πρέπει να διατίθεται μαζί με τα άλλα οικιακά σας απορρίμματα. Αντίθετα, είναι δική σας ευθύνη να απορρίψετε τον άχρηστο εξοπλισμό σας παραδίδοντάς τον σε καθορισμένο σημείο συλλογής για την ανακύκλωση άχρηστου ηλεκτρικού και ηλεκτρονικού εξοπλισμού. Η ξεχωριστή συλλογή και ανακύκλωση του άχρηστου εξοπλισμού σας κατά την απόρριψη θα συμβάλει στη διατήρηση των φυσικών πόρων και θα διασφαλίσει ότι η ανακύκλωση γίνεται με τρόπο που προστατεύει την ανθρώπινη υγεία και το περιβάλλον. Για περισσότερες πληροφορίες σχετικά με το πού μπορείτε να παραδώσετε τον άχρηστο εξοπλισμό σας για ανακύκλωση, επικοινωνήστε με το αρμόδιο τοπικό γραφείο, την τοπική υπηρεσία διάθεσης οικιακών απορριμμάτων ή το κατάστημα όπου αγοράσατε το προϊόν.



Készülékek magánháztartásban történő selejtezése az Európai Unió területén

A készüléken, illetve a készülék csomagolásán látható azonos szimbólum annak jelzésére szolgál, hogy a készülék a selejtezés során az egyéb háztartási hulladéktól eltérő módon kezelendő. A vásárló a hulladékká vált készüléket köteles a kijelölt gyűjtőhelyre szállítani az elektromos és elektronikai készülékek újrahasznosítása céljából. A hulladékká vált készülékek selejtezés kori begyűjtése és újrahasznosítása hozzájárul a természeti erőforrások megőrzéséhez, valamint biztosítja a selejtezett termékek környezetre és emberi egészségre nézve biztonságos feldolgozását. A begyűjtés pontos helyéről bővebb tájékoztatást a lakhelye szerint illetékes önkormányzattól, az illetékes személtakarító vállalatától, illetve a terméket eláruló helyen kaphat.


Smaltimento delle apparecchiature da parte di privati nel territorio dell'Unione Europea

Questo simbolo presente sul prodotto o sulla sua confezione indica che il prodotto non può essere smaltito insieme ai rifiuti domestici. È responsabilità dell'utente smaltire le apparecchiature consegnandole presso un punto di raccolta designato al riciclo e allo smaltimento di apparecchiature elettriche ed elettroniche. La raccolta differenziata e il corretto riciclo delle apparecchiature da smaltire permette di proteggere la salute degli individui e l'ecosistema. Per ulteriori informazioni relative ai punti di raccolta delle apparecchiature, contattare l'ente locale per lo smaltimento dei rifiuti, oppure il negozio presso il quale è stato acquistato il prodotto.


Nolietotu iekārtu iznīcināšanas noteikumi lietotājiem Eiropas Savienības privātajās mājāsaimniecībās

Šāds simbols uz izstrādājuma vai uz tā iesaiņojuma norāda, ka šo izstrādājumu nedrīkst izmest kopā ar citiem sadzīves atkritumiem. Jūs atbildat par to, lai nolietotās iekārtas tiktu nodotas speciāli iekārtotos punktos, kas paredzēti izmantoto elektrisko un elektronisko iekārtu savākšanai atsevišķai pārstrādei. Atsevišķa nolietotu iekārtu savākšana un atsevišķā pārstrāde palīdzēs saglabāt dabas resursus un garantēs, ka šīs iekārtas tiks atsevišķi pārstrādātas tādā veidā, lai pasargātu vidi un cilvēku veselību. Lai uzzinātu, kur nolietotās iekārtas var izmest atsevišķai pārstrādei, jāvērsas savas dzīves vietas pašvaldībā, sadzīves atkritumu savākšanas dienestā vai veikalā, kurā izstrādājums tika nopirkts.


Vartotojų iš privačių namų ūkių įrangos atliekų šalinimas Europos Sąjungoje

Šis simbolis ant gaminio arba jo pakuotės rodo, kad šio gaminio šalinti kartu su kitomis namų ūkio atliekomis negalima. Šalintinas įrangos atliekas privalote pristatyti į specialią surinkimo vietą elektros ir elektroninės įrangos atliekoms perdirbti. Atskirai surenkamos ir perdirbamos šalintinos įrangos atliekos padės saugoti gamtinius išteklius ir užtikrinti, kad jos bus perdirbtos tokiu būdu, kuris nekenkia žmonių sveikatai ir aplinkai. Jeigu norite sužinoti daugiau apie tai, kur galima pristatyti perdirbtinas įrangos atliekas, kreipkitės į savo seniūniją, namų ūkio atliekų šalinimo tarnybą arba parduotuvę, kurioje įsigijote gaminį.


Verwijdering van afgedankte apparatuur door privé-gebruikers in de Europese Unie

Dit symbool op het product of de verpakking geeft aan dat dit product niet mag worden gedeponeerd bij het normale huishoudelijke afval. U bent zelf verantwoordelijk voor het inleveren van uw afgedankte apparatuur bij een inzamelingspunt voor het recyclen van oude elektrische en elektronische apparatuur. Door uw oude apparatuur apart aan te bieden en te recyclen, kunnen natuurlijke bronnen worden behouden en kan het materiaal worden hergebruikt op een manier waarmee de volksgezondheid en het milieu worden beschermd. Neem contact op met uw gemeente, het afvalinzamelingsbedrijf of de winkel waar u het product hebt gekocht voor meer informatie over inzamelingspunten waar u oude apparatuur kunt aanbieden voor recycling.


Pozbywanie się zużytego sprzętu przez użytkowników w prywatnych gospodarstwach domowych w Unii Europejskiej

Ten symbol na produkcie lub jego opakowaniu oznacza, że produktu nie wolno wyrzucać do zwykłych pojemników na śmieci. Obowiązkiem użytkownika jest przekazanie zużytego sprzętu do wyznaczonego punktu zbiórki w celu recyklingu odpadów powstałych ze sprzętu elektrycznego i elektronicznego. Osobna zbiórka oraz recykling zużytego sprzętu pomogą w ochronie zasobów naturalnych i zapewnią ponowne wprowadzenie go do obiegu w sposób chroniący zdrowie człowieka i środowisko. Aby uzyskać więcej informacji o tym, gdzie można przekazać zużyty sprzęt do recyklingu, należy się skontaktować z urzędem miasta, zakładem gospodarki odpadami lub sklepem, w którym zakupiono produkt.



Descarte de Lixo Elétrico na Comunidade Européia

Este símbolo encontrado no produto ou na embalagem indica que o produto não deve ser descartado no lixo doméstico comum. É responsabilidade do cliente descartar o material usado (lixo elétrico), encaminhando-o para um ponto de coleta para reciclagem. A coleta e a reciclagem seletivas desse tipo de lixo ajudarão a conservar as reservas naturais; sendo assim, a reciclagem será feita de uma forma segura, protegendo o ambiente e a saúde das pessoas. Para obter mais informações sobre locais que reciclam esse tipo de material, entre em contato com o escritório da HP em sua cidade, com o serviço de coleta de lixo ou com a loja em que o produto foi adquirido.



Likvidácia vyradených zariadení v domácnostiach v Európskej únii

Symbol na výrobku alebo jeho balení označuje, že daný výrobok sa nesmie likvidovať s domovým odpadom. Povinnosťou spotrebiteľa je odovzdať vyradené zariadenie v zbernom mieste, ktoré je určené na recykláciu vyradených elektrických a elektronických zariadení. Separovaný zber a recyklácia vyradených zariadení prispieva k ochrane prírodných zdrojov a zabezpečuje, že recyklácia sa vykonáva spôsobom chrániacim ľudské zdravie a životné prostredie. Informácie o zberných miestach na recykláciu vyradených zariadení vám poskytne miestne zastupiteľstvo, spoločnosť zabezpečujúca odvoz domového odpadu alebo obchod, v ktorom ste si výrobok zakúpili.



Odstranjevanje odslužene opreme uporabnikov v zasebnih gospodinjstvih v Evropski uniji

Ta znak na izdelku ali njegovi embalaži pomeni, da izdelka ne smete odvreči med gospodinjске odpadke. Nasprotno, odsluženo opremo morate predati na zbirališče, pooblaščeno za recikliranje odslužene električne in elektronske opreme. Ločeno zbiranje in recikliranje odslužene opreme prispeva k ohranjanju naravnih virov in zagotavlja recikliranje te opreme na zdravju in okolju neškodljiv način. Za podrobnejše informacije o tem, kam lahko odpeljete odsluženo opremo na recikliranje, se obrnite na pristojni organ, komunalno službo ali trgovino, kjer ste izdelek kupili.



Eliminación de residuos de equipos eléctricos y electrónicos por parte de usuarios particulares en la Unión Europea

Este símbolo en el producto o en su envase indica que no debe eliminarse junto con los desperdicios generales de la casa. Es responsabilidad del usuario eliminar los residuos de este tipo depositándolos en un "punto limpio" para el reciclado de residuos eléctricos y electrónicos. La recogida y el reciclado selectivos de los residuos de aparatos eléctricos en el momento de su eliminación contribuirá a conservar los recursos naturales y a garantizar el reciclado de estos residuos de forma que se proteja el medio ambiente y la salud. Para obtener más información sobre los puntos de recogida de residuos eléctricos y electrónicos para reciclado, póngase en contacto con su ayuntamiento, con el servicio de eliminación de residuos domésticos o con el establecimiento en el que adquirió el producto.



Bortskaffande av avfallsprodukter från användare i privathushåll inom Europeiska Unionen

Om den här symbolen visas på produkten eller förpackningen betyder det att produkten inte får slängas på samma ställe som hushållssopor. I stället är det ditt ansvar att bortskaffa avfallet genom att överlämna det till ett uppsamlingsställe avsett för återvinning av avfall från elektriska och elektroniska produkter. Separat insamling och återvinning av avfallet hjälper till att spara på våra naturresurser och gör att avfallet återvinns på ett sätt som skyddar människors hälsa och miljön. Kontakta ditt lokala kommunkontor, din närmsta återvinningsstation för hushållsavfall eller affären där du köpte produkten för att få mer information om var du kan lämna ditt avfall för återvinning.

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