



Installation and  
Getting Started Guide

## ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches



Power over Ethernet Devices



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# ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches

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Installation and Getting Started Guide

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### **Applicable Products**

ProCurve Switch 5406zl (J8697A)  
ProCurve Switch 5406zl-48G (J8699A)  
ProCurve Switch 5412zl (J8698A)  
ProCurve Switch 5412zl-96G (J8700A)

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### **Safety**

Before installing and operating these products, please read the "Installation Precautions" in chapter 2, "Installing the Series 5400zl Switches", and the safety statements in appendix C, "Safety and EMC Regulatory Statements".

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# Introducing the ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches

The ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches include the Switch 5406zl, 5412zl and their bundles, the Switch 5406zxl-48G and Switch 5412zl-96G. They are multi-port modular switches that provide Layer 3 routing features, and that feature low latency for high-speed networking.

This chapter describes your Series 5400zl Switches including:

- Front and back of the switches
- Features
- Switch operation overview

**Switch 5406zl, Switch 5406zl-48G.** The Switch 5406zl is available as an open 6-slot chassis (J8697A) and as the Switch 5406zl-48G bundle (J8699A) with two 24-port 10/100/1000-T zl Modules pre-installed.

## Note

The open 6-slot chassis (J8697A) does not ship with any power supplies. The switch needs at least one power supply to operate.

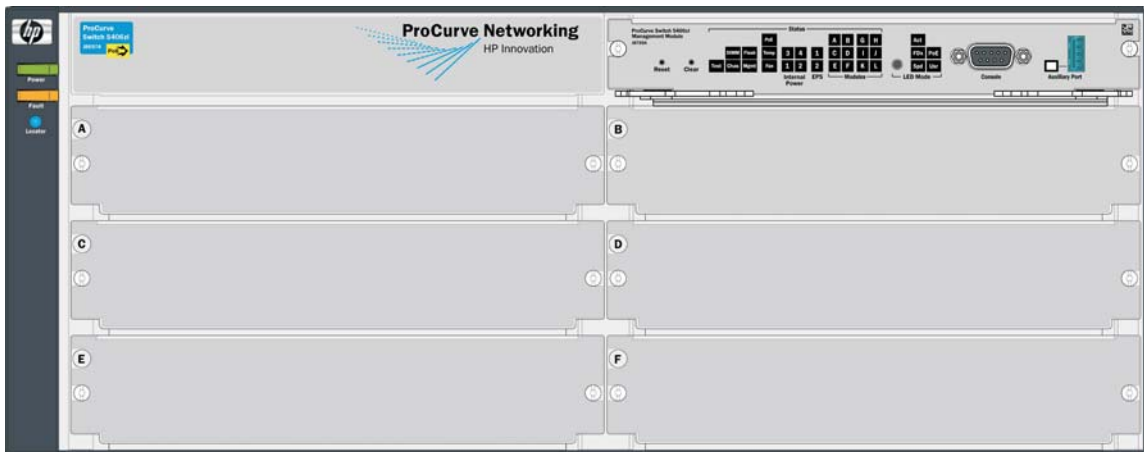
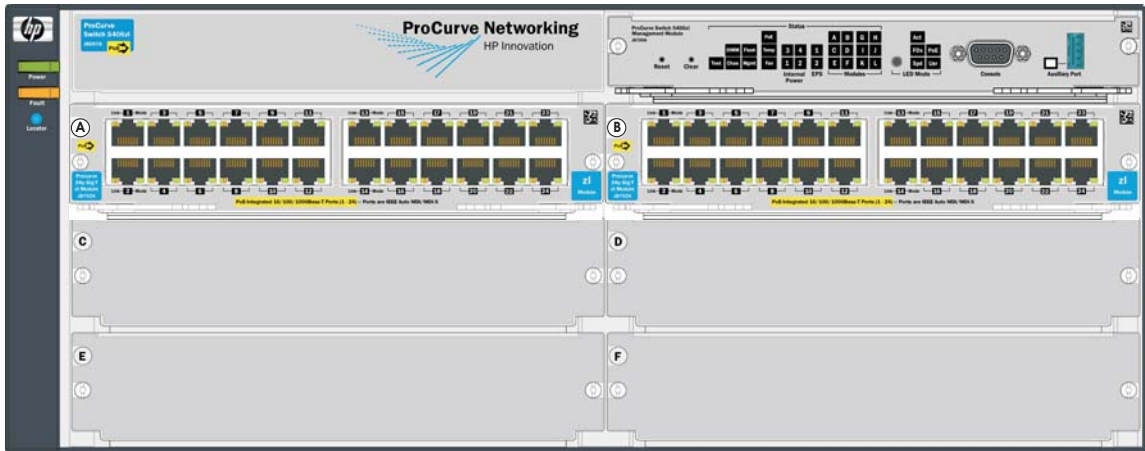


Figure 1-1. ProCurve Switch 5406zl (J8697A)

**Note**

The 5406zl-48G bundle (J8699A) does ship with one power supply, the J8712A.



**Figure 1-2. ProCurve Switch 5406zl-48G bundle (J8699A) with two 10/100/1000-T zl Modules**

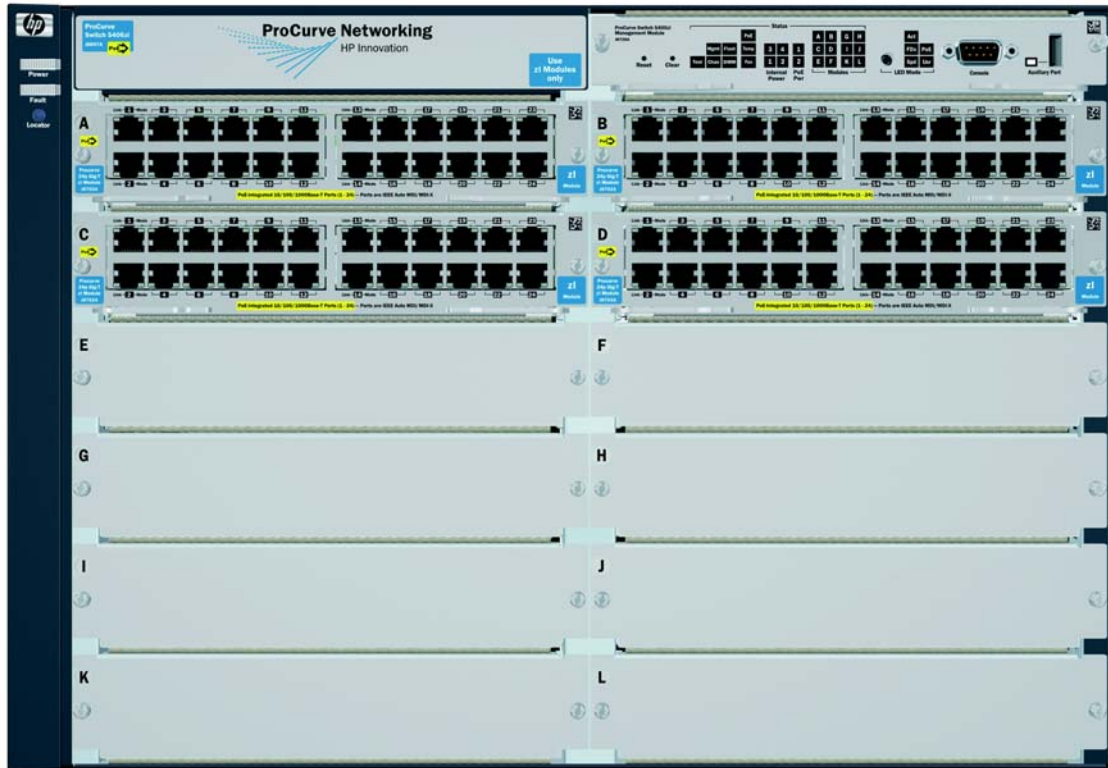
**Switch 5412zl, Switch 5412zl-96G.** The Switch 5412zl is available as an open 12-slot chassis (J8698A) and as the Switch 5412zl-96G bundle (J8700A) with four 24-port 10/100/1000-T zl Modules pre-installed.



Figure 1-3. ProCurve Switch 5412zl (J8698A)

**Note**

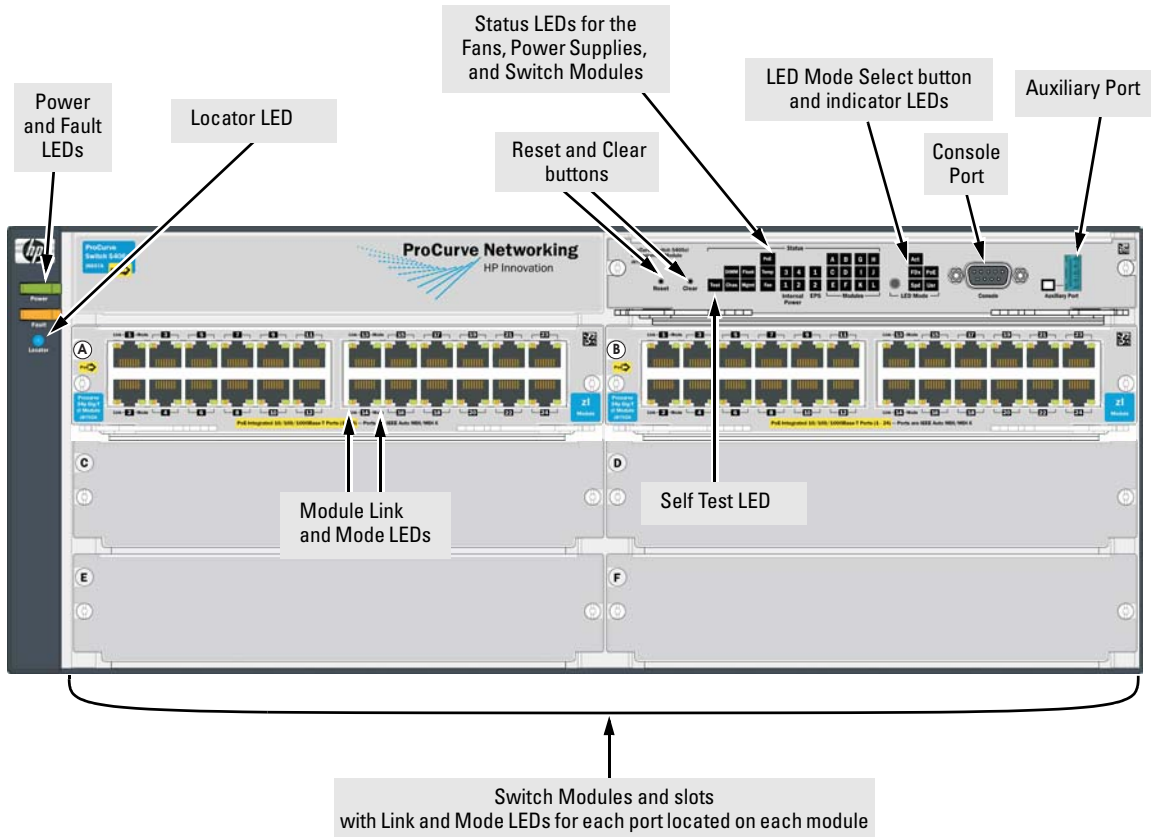
The 5412zl-96G bundle (J8700A) ships with two power supplies, the J8712A.



**Figure 1-4. ProCurve Switch 5412zl-96G (J8700A)**

See “Switch Features” on [page 1-13](#) for a list of the switch modules that can be installed in the ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches (modules available when this manual was printed).

## Front of the Switch



**Figure 1-5. Front of 5406zl-48G Switch**

This illustration shows the 5406zl-48G (J8699A), but the labeling and descriptions apply to all of the ProCurve Series 5400zl switches.

## LEDs

As described in the next two tables, there are LEDs on the switch chassis and on the switch modules that keep you informed of the status of the switch and the network connections.

**Table 1-1. Switch Chassis LEDs**

LEDs	State	Meaning
Power (green)	On	The switch is receiving power.
	Off	The switch is NOT receiving power.
Fault (orange)	Off	The normal state; indicates that there are no fault conditions on the switch.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	A fault has occurred on the switch, one of the switch modules, an individual port, a power supply, or a fan. The Status LED for the module or other device with the fault will flash simultaneously.
	On	On briefly at the beginning of switch self test after the switch is powered on or reset. If on for a prolonged time, the switch has encountered a fatal hardware failure, or has failed its self test. See chapter 4, "Troubleshooting" for more information.
Locator		Reserved for future releases.
Test (green/Orange)	Off	The normal operational state; the switch is not undergoing self test.
	On	The switch self test and initialization are in progress after you have power cycled or reset the switch. The switch is not operational until this LED goes off. The Self Test LED also comes on briefly when you "hot swap" a module into the switch and the module is automatically self tested.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	A component of the switch has failed its self test. The Status LED for that component, for example a switch module, and the switch Fault LED will flash simultaneously.
DIMM (green/Orange)	On	DIMM status is known and fault free.
	Off	DIMM status is unknown.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	If DIMM, Fault, and Self Test LEDs are blinking, DIMM failed self-test. If DIMM and Fault LEDs are blinking, an operational fault has occurred. If fast blinking (400ms On and 400ms Off), an operational alert occurred and is unresolved.
Chas (green)/Orange		Reserved for future releases.
Flash (green/Orange)	On	Flash Card status is known and fault free
	Off	Flash Card status is unknown.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	If Flash, Fault, and Self Test LEDs are blinking, Flash Card failed self-test. If Flash and Fault LEDs are blinking, an operational fault has occurred. If fast blinking (400ms On and 400ms Off), an operational alert occurred and is unresolved (e.g., Flash Card not present).

LEDs	State	Meaning
Mgmt (green/Orange)	On	A Management module is present and fault free.
	Off	The switch is powered off.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	There is a fault on the Management module.
PoE (green/Orange)	On	If any PoE modules are installed.
	Off	If no PoE modules are installed.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	Internal PoE fault.
	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	External load fault or denied PoE power.
Temp (green/Orange)	Off	Switch temperature is normal.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	An over temperature condition has been detected.
Fan (green/Orange)	On	The cooling fans are operating normally.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	One or more of the cooling fans have failed. The switch Fault LED will be blinking simultaneously.
Internal Power (green/Orange - numbers corresponding to the power supply positions)	On	A power supply is installed in the position in the back of the switch corresponding to the number, and the supply is plugged in to an active AC power source. As shipped, the switch has a single power supply in position 1.
	Off	A power supply is not installed in the position corresponding to the number.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	The power supply installed in the position corresponding to the number is not plugged in to an active AC power source, or has experienced a fault. The switch Fault LED will be blinking simultaneously.
EPS (green/Orange)	On	An External Power Supply is connected.
	Off	No External Power Supply is connected.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	The External Power Supply has a fault, or is connected but not plugged into AC power.
Modules (green - letters corresponding to the switch module slots)	On	A module is installed in the switch module slot corresponding to the letter and the module is undergoing or has passed self test. This also occurs when you install a module when the switch is already powered on ("hot swap").
	Off	A module is not installed in the switch module slot corresponding to the letter.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	The module status LED flashes very briefly when a module is being hot swapped. If the LED flashes for a prolonged time, the module in the slot corresponding to the letter has failed self test or encountered some other fault condition. See chapter 4, "Troubleshooting" for a more information.
	In PoE Mode:	
	On	PoE is ok for this slot.
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	PoE internal fault for this slot.
	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	PoE load fault or insufficient power for this slot.
	Off	The module in this slot is not a PoE module.

LEDs	State	Meaning
LED Mode Select (5 green LEDs)	Act	Indicates that the port Mode LEDs are displaying network activity information.
	FDx	Indicates that the port Mode LEDs are lit for ports that are in Full Duplex Mode.
	PoE	Indicates which ports are supplying PoE power. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the Mode LED is on the port is providing PoE power.</li> <li>• If the Mode LED is off the port is not providing PoE power.</li> <li>• If the Link LED is on the port is enabled for PoE.</li> <li>• If the Link LED is off the port is disabled for PoE.</li> <li>• If the Link LED is blinking, the port has an error or the port is denied power due to insufficient power.</li> </ul>
	Spd	Indicates the Port LEDs are displaying the connection speed at which each port is operating: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if the Port LED is off, the port is operating at 10 Mbps</li> <li>• if the Port LED is blinking, the port is operating at 100 Mbps</li> <li>• if the Port LED is on continuously, the port is operating at 1000 Mbps</li> </ul>
	Usr	Reserved for future development
Auxiliary (green/ Orange)		Reserved for future development
<p><sup>1</sup> The blinking behavior is an on/off cycle once every 1.6 seconds, approximately.</p> <p><sup>2</sup> The blinking behavior is an on/off cycle once every 0.5 seconds, approximately.</p>		

**Table 1-2. Switch Module LEDs**

These LEDs are located on the modules themselves, one pair for each port.

LED	State	Meaning
Link	On	Indicates the port is enabled and receiving a link beat signal (for the twisted-pair ports), or a strong enough light level (for the fiber-optic ports) from the connected device.
	Off	One of these conditions exists: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• no active network cable is connected to the port</li> <li>• the port is not receiving link beat or sufficient light</li> <li>• the port has been disabled through the switch console, the web browser interface, ProCurve Manager, or other network management tool.</li> </ul>
	Blinking <sup>1</sup>	The port has failed self test. The switch Fault, Self Test LEDs, and appropriate module status LEDs will flash simultaneously.
Mode		Depending on the mode selected, displays the following: network activity information, whether the port is configured for Full Duplex operation, maximum speed operation, or whether PoE power is being supplied or not. See "LED Mode Select Button and Indicator LEDs" below for more information.
<p><sup>1</sup> The blinking behavior is an on/off cycle once every 1.6 seconds, approximately.</p>		



## LED Mode Select Button and Indicator LEDs

To optimize the amount of information that can be displayed for each of the switch ports, the Series 5400zl Switches use a Mode LED for each port. The operation of this LED is controlled by the LED Mode Select button on the switch chassis, and the current selection is indicated by the mode indicator LEDs near the button. Press the button to change from one mode to the next.

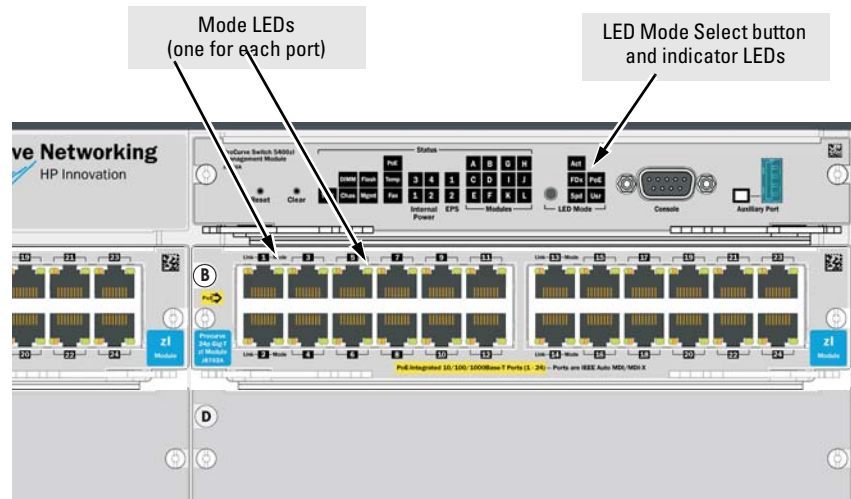


Figure 1-6. Mode LEDs and LED Mode Select Button

- If the Activity **Act** indicator LED is lit, each port Mode LED displays activity information for the port—it flickers as network traffic is received and transmitted through the port.
- If the Full Duplex **FDx** indicator LED is lit, the port Mode LEDs light for those ports that are operating in full duplex.
- If the speed **Spd** indicator LED is lit, the port LEDs behave as follows to indicate the connection speed for the port:
  - Off = 10 Mbps
  - Blinking = 100 Mbps (the blinking behavior is a repeated on/off cycle once every 0.5 sec.)
  - On = 1000 Mbps
- If the PoE **PoE** indicator LED is lit, the Link and Mode LEDs indicate PoE status:  
Link LED:
  - On = PoE is enabled on this port
  - Off = PoE is disabled on this port.

- Slow Blinking = Internal PoE fault on this port.
- Fast Blinking = This port is denied PoE power or has an external load fault.

Mode LED:

- On = PoE power is being supplied on this port
- Off = PoE is not being supplied on this port.

## Console Port

This port is used to connect a console to the switch by using the serial cable supplied with the switch. This connection is described under “Connecting a Console to the Switch” in chapter 2, “Installing the Series 5400zl Switches”. The console is a full-featured interface that can be used to configure, monitor, and troubleshoot the switch. It can be run on a PC, laptop, or handheld device emulating a VT-100 terminal, or on a standard VT-100 terminal.

## Reset Button

This button will reset the switch when powered on. This action clears any temporary error conditions that may have occurred, executes the switch self test, and resets all network activity counters to zero. The counters are displayed in the switch console interface, the switch web browser interface, and through SNMP network management applications, such as ProCurve Manager.

Press the Reset button also after changing the module type that is installed in any of the switch module slots while the switch is powered on. In this case, the switch must be reset to initialize the new module type. See “Hot Swapping Switch Modules” on [page 2-22](#).

## Clear Button

This button is used for the following purposes:

- **Deleting Passwords** - When pressed by itself for at least one second, the Clear button deletes any switch console access passwords that you may have configured. Use this feature if you have misplaced the password and need console access.

This button is provided for your convenience, but its presence means that if you are concerned with the security of the switch configuration and operation, you should make sure the switch is installed in a secure location, such as a locked wiring closet.

- **Restoring Factory Default Configuration** - When pressed with the Reset button in a specific pattern, the Clear button clears any configuration changes you may have made through the switch console, the web browser interface, or SNMP management, and restores the factory default configuration to the switch. For the specific method to restore the factory default configuration, see “Restoring the Factory Default Configuration” in chapter 4, “Troubleshooting” of this manual.

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## Back of the Switch

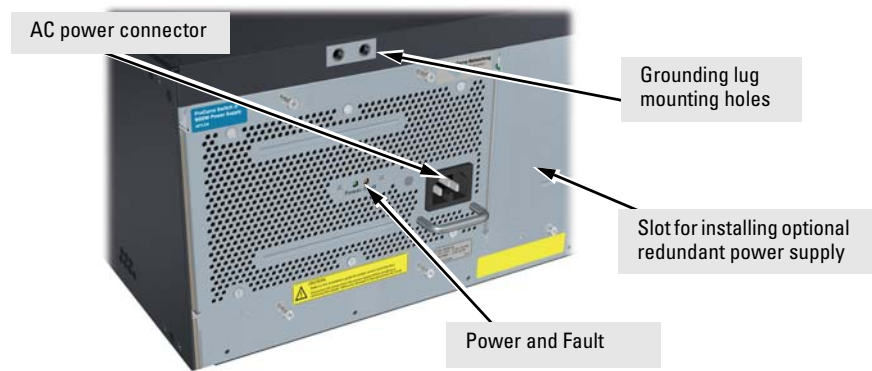


Figure 1-7. Back of a 5406zl Switch with One Power Supply



Figure 1-8. Back of a 5412zl Switch with two Power Supplies

## Power Connector

The Series 5400zl Switches do not have a power switch; they are powered on when connected to an active AC power source. The Series 5400zl Switches automatically adjust to any voltage between 100-127 and 200-240 volts when using the J8712A power supply, and 200-240 volts only when using the J8713A power supply, and either 50 or 60 Hz. There are no voltage range settings required.

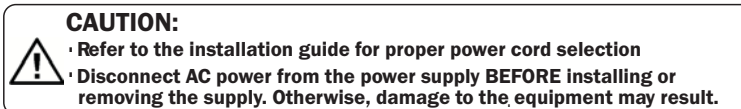
## Redundant Power Supply

Load-sharing redundant power supplies (ProCurve Switch zl 875 W Power Supply, J8712A or a ProCurve Switch zl 1500 W Power Supply J8713A) can be installed in the back of the Series 5400zl Switches. To provide redundancy, each power supply should be connected to different AC power sources. Then, if one AC power source fails, the switch will continue to run.

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### Caution

The switch redundant power supply *is* hot swappable, but, as indicated by the caution statement on the power supply, it **must** be disconnected from AC power before being installed or removed.



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Because the switch can run on a single supply, removing a redundant supply will not interrupt switch operation. However, on the 5412zl one power supply will only supply enough power to run the module slots A-F. Slots G-L will not receive any power unless there are at least two power supplies installed. For more information regarding power see the:

- *ProCurve Switch zl Internal Power Supply Installation Guide.*
- *ProCurve Power over Ethernet (PoE) for zl and yl Products Planning and Implementation Guide.*

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## Switch Features

The features of the Series 5400zl Switches include:

- 6 or 12 slots for installing any of the available Switch zl Modules.  
**Supported Modules:** As of this printing, the supported zl modules include:
  - 24-port 10/100/1000-T zl PoE Module (J8702A) – which can provide Power over Ethernet (PoE) power to 802.3af compliant (and some pre-standard) devices. For more information on PoE power refer to the *ProCurve PoE Planning and Implementation Guide*. For more information on the J8702A module refer to the *ProCurve Switch zl Modules Installation Guide*.
  - 20-port Gig-T and 4-port mini-GBIC/SFP zl PoE Module (J8705A)– into which you can install the supported mini-GBICs, the Gigabit-SX LC mini-GBIC (J4858B), the Gigabit-LX LC mini-GBIC (J4859B), the Gigabit-LH LC mini-GBIC (J4860B), and the 1000Base-T mini-GBIC (J8177A)
  - 24-port mini-GBIC zl Module (8706A)– into which you can install the supported mini-GBICs, see above.
  - 4-port 10Gig-X2 zl Module (J8707A) – into which you can install the supported X2 fiber optic transceivers:
    - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC SR Optic transceiver (J8436A)
    - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC LR Optic transceiver (J8437A)
    - 10 Gigabit-X2-SC ER Optic transceiver (J8438A)
    - 10 Gigabit-X2-CX4 copper transceiver (J8440B)
      - 10 Gigabit-X2-CX4 Optical Media Converter (J8439A)
  - 4-port 10Gig-CX4 zl Module (J8708A)
- the modules can be installed in any order and in any combination and can be “hot swapped”.
- the supported mini-GBICs can be hot swapped into the mini-GBIC zl Module.
- high performance – 76.8 Gbps switching fabric delivering 48 Mpps throughput.
- plug-and-play networking—all ports are enabled—just connect the network cables to active network devices and your switched network is operational.
- automatic learning of the network addresses in the switch’s 16,000-address forwarding table, with configurable address aging value.
- full-duplex operation available on all ports.

- easy management of the switch through several available interfaces:
  - web browser interface—an easy to use built-in graphical interface that can be accessed from common web browsers.
  - console interface—a full featured, easy to use, VT-100 terminal interface for out-of-band switch management, or for telnet access to the switch. The console includes complete switch management through a command line interface (CLI) and a slightly reduced feature set accessible through an intuitive menu interface.
  - ProCurve Manager—an SNMP-based graphical interface that is used to manage your entire network, included with your new switch.
  - Supported by ProCurve Network Manager—an HP OpenView application that accurately displays your switch on network maps and provides a graphical interface for configuring and monitoring your switch.
- support for the Spanning Tree Protocol to eliminate network loops.
- support for up to 256 IEEE 802.1Q-compliant VLANs so you can divide the attached end nodes into logical groupings that fit your business needs.
- Layer 3 routing functionality:
  - IP static routes
  - RIP V1 and V2
  - IRDP - ICMP Router Discovery Protocol
  - OSPF- Open Shortest Path First
  - DHCP relay
- support for many other advanced features to enhance network performance, security, and control—for a description, see the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that is included with your switch.
- The auxiliary port is reserved for future development.
- Support for IEEE 802.3af standard and pre-standard PoE devices.

# Installing the Series 5400zl Switches

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The Series 5400zl Switches are easily installed. They come with an accessory kit that includes the brackets for mounting the switch in a standard 19-inch telco rack, or in an equipment cabinet. The switches have rubber feet already attached so they can be securely located on a horizontal surface. This chapter shows you how to install your Series 5400zl Switches.

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## Included Parts

The Series 5400zl Switches have the following components shipped with them:

- *ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches Installation and Getting Started Guide*, this manual
- *ProCurve Switches Documentation CD ROM* (contains PDF file copies of the documentation for the Series 5400zl switches and several other ProCurve switches)
- *ProCurve Manager* - CD ROM and booklet
- Customer Support/Warranty booklet
- Accessory kits

### **5406zl Accessory Kit (5069-8561)**

two mounting brackets

eight 10 mm M4 screws to attach the mounting brackets to the switch

four 5/8-inch number 12-24 screws to attach the switch to a rack

### **5412zl Accessory Kit (5069-8562)**

two mounting brackets - these brackets are twice as long as the brackets for the 5406zl switches

eight 10 mm M4 screws to attach the mounting brackets to the switch

four 5/8-inch number 12-24 screws to attach the switch to a rack

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- Console cable (5184-1894)

## Installing the Series 5400zl Switches

### Included Parts

- Power cord, one of the following:

Region	J8712A	J8713A
Australia/New Zealand	8120-5335	8121-0871
China	8121-1034	8121-0924
Continental Europe	8120-5336	8120-6899
Denmark	8120-5340	8120-6897
Japan	8120-5342	8120-6903
Switzerland	8120-5339	8120-6897
United Kingdom/ Hong Kong/Singapore	8120-5334	8120-6898
United States/Canada/ Mexico	8121-0973	8120-6903*
South Africa	8120-5341	8121-0915
Taiwan	8121-0941	8120-6903

\* A non-locking power cord is also available. Order part number 8120-6893. To order go to <http://partsurfer.hp.com>.

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### Japan Power Cord Warning

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製品には、同梱された電源コードをお使い下さい。  
同梱された電源コードは、他の製品では使用出来ません。



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# Installation Procedures

## Summary

Follow these easy steps to install your switch. The rest of this chapter provides details on these steps.

1. **Prepare the installation site (page 2-6).** Make sure the physical environment into which you will be installing the switch is properly prepared including having the correct network cabling ready to connect to the switch, and having a good location for the switch. See [page 2-5](#) for some installation precautions.
2. **Install switch modules (page 2-8).** The Series 5400zl Switches have six or 12 universal slots for installing any of the ProCurve Switch zl modules. The Switch 5406zl-48G has two 24-port 10/1001000-T zl Modules preinstalled and the 5412zl-96G has four 24-port 10/1001000-T zl Modules preinstalled. Depending on where you will install your Series 5400zl Switch, it may be easier to install the modules first. The modules are “hot swappable” though, so they can also be installed and removed after the switch is powered on.

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### Note

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Make sure you use only ProCurve Switch zl Modules in your Series 5400zl Switches.

3. **Install power supplies (page 2-10).** The Series 5406zl Switches supports up to two power supplies. It may be easier to install the power supplies before mounting the switch. The switch must have at least one power supply to operate.
4. **Verify the switch passes self test (page 2-12).** This is a simple process of plugging the switch into a power source and observing that the LEDs on the switch’s front panel and on the modules show correct operation. It may be easier to verify if the switch passes self test before mounting the switch.
5. **Mount the switch (page 2-14).** The Series 5400zl Switches can be mounted in a 19-inch telco rack, in an equipment cabinet, or on a horizontal surface. An optional Rail Mounting Kit (5070-0145) is available for mounting Series 5400zl Switches in a cabinet suitable for shipping. See the installation details for more information.
6. **Connect power to the switch (page 2-19).** Once the switch is mounted, plug it in to the nearby main power source.

7. **Connect the network devices** (page 2-19). Using the appropriate network cables, connect other switches, hubs, routers, computers, servers, printers, and other network devices to the switch ports. For more information, see “Connect the Network Devices” on page 2-19.

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## Note

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The 10/100/1000-T ports on the zl Modules comply with IEEE 802.3x standard which includes the **Auto MDI/MDI-X** feature. This feature allows you to use *straight-through* twisted-pair cable for all of your twisted-pair network connections.

8. **(Optional) Connect a console to the switch** (page 2-20). You may wish to modify the switch’s configuration, for example, to configure an IP address so it can be managed using a web browser or from an SNMP network management station. Configuration changes can be made easily through the switch’s console interface.

At this point, the switch is fully installed. See the rest of this chapter if you need more detailed information on any of these installation steps.

## Installation Precautions

Follow these precautions when installing your Series 5400zl Switch:

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### WARNING

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- **Devices installed in a rack or cabinet should be mounted as low as possible, with the heaviest device at the bottom and progressively lighter devices installed above.**  
**The rack or cabinet should be adequately secured to prevent it from becoming unstable and/or falling over.**
- **Ensure a cover plate is installed on any empty switch power supply slot. A cover plate is required for safe operation, and to ensure proper switch cooling.**
- **To avoid energy and mechanical hazards, never allow any part of your body, jewelry, tool, or other foreign object to enter any module or power supply slots.**
- **This unit may have more than one power supply cable. To fully power down the switch, you must disconnect all power supply cables from the unit.**
- **Ensure that for any switch slot into which no module is installed, the cover plate is installed to cover the slot. A cover plate is required for safe operation, and to ensure proper switch cooling. For safety, you should never have more than one module slot uncovered at a time while the switch is powered on.**

## Installation Precautions (continued)

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### Cautions

- If the switch is to be shipped in a rack, use only an HP 10000 series rack and a rail mounting kit (5070-0145) for each switch.
- Ensure the power source circuits are properly grounded, then use the power cord supplied with the switch to connect it to the power source.
- If your installation requires a different power cord than the one supplied with the switch and power supply, be sure the cord is adequately sized for the switch's current requirements. In addition, be sure to use a power cord displaying the mark of the safety agency that defines the regulations for power cords in your country. The mark is your assurance that the power cord can be used safely with the switch and power supply.
- When installing the switch, note that the AC outlet should be near the switch and should be easily accessible in case the switch must be powered off.
- Ensure the switch does not overload the power circuits, wiring, and over-current protection. Each power supply should be connected to a dedicated branch circuit to prevent tripping building circuit breakers. To determine the possibility of overloading the supply circuits, add together the ampere ratings of all devices installed on the same circuit as the switch and compare the total with the rating limit for the circuit. The maximum ampere ratings are usually printed on the devices near the AC power connectors.
- Do not install the switch in an environment where the operating ambient temperature might exceed 55°C (131°F)<sup>1</sup>.
- Allow three to four inches of space around the sides and back of the switch to make sure the air flow for the switch is not restricted.

<sup>1</sup> If you are installing any of the X2 transceivers the operating ambient temperature should not exceed 40°C (104°F). See transceiver specifications in Appendix A ([page A-1](#)).

# 1. Prepare the Installation Site

## Cabling Infrastructure

Ensure the cabling infrastructure meets the necessary network specifications. See the following table for cable types and lengths, and see appendix B, “Switch Ports and Network Cables” on [page B-1](#) for more information:

**Table 2-1. Summary of Cable Types to Use with the Switch**

Port Type	Cable Type	Length Limits
<b>Twisted-Pair Cables</b>		
10/100/1000Base-T	<p><b>For either 10, 100 Mbps or 1000 Mbps operation:</b></p> <p>Category 5 or better, 100-ohm UTP or shielded twisted-pair (STP) balanced cable. For 1000 Mbps (gigabit) operation, Category 5e cabling or better is recommended.</p>	<p>100 meters</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The ProCurve 10/100/1000-T zl Modules and 100/1000-T Transceiver are compatible with the IEEE 802.3ab standard including the “<b>Auto MDI/MDI-X</b>” feature, which allows use either straight-through or crossover twisted-pair cables for connecting to any network devices including end nodes, such as computers, or to other switches, hubs, and routers.</p> <p>The Auto MDI/MDI-X feature only works when the port is in auto-negotiation mode.</p>
<b>Fiber Optic Cables</b>		
Gigabit-SX (on Gigabit-SX-LC mini-GBIC)	Multimode fiber-optic cables fitted with LC connectors	220 meters to 550 meters depending on the cable used. See “Fiber-Optic Cables” on <a href="#">page B-3</a> for more information.
Gigabit-LX (on Gigabit-LX-LC mini-GBIC)	<p>Single-mode fiber-optic cables fitted with LC connectors.</p> <p>The multimode cables specified for the Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC may also be used, but a mode-conditioning patch cord may be needed — See the <i>Installation Guide</i> that came with your module for more information.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>single-mode cable = 10 kilometers</li> <li>multimode cable = 550 meters</li> </ul>
Gigabit-LH (on Gigabit-LH-LC mini-GBIC)	The same single-mode fiber-optic cables as for Gigabit-LX.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>70 kilometers</li> </ul>
<b>Note:</b>		
<p><b>Gigabit-LH</b> - Between the transmit and receive ends of the cable, at least 5db of attenuation is required for a reliable connection. This is equivalent to 20km of the fiber-optic cable. For distances less than 20km, you must add attenuators to bring the total attenuation to at least 5db. Most cable vendors carry attenuators.</p>		

Port Type	Cable Type	Length Limits
<b>10-GbE SR</b>	Multimode fiber-optic cable designed for Gigabit Ethernet: 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter or 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ , 850 nm, low metal content, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>62.5 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 160 Mhz/km = 2-26 meters</li> <li>• 200 Mhz/km = 2-33 meters</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ <b>50 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 400 Mhz/km = 2-66 meters</li> <li>• 500 Mhz/km = 2-82 meters</li> <li>• 2000 Mhz/km = 2-300 meters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>10-GbE LR</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, 1480 nm, low metal content, <b>single mode</b> fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	<b>single-mode cable:</b> 2-10 kilometers
<b>10-GbE ER</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, 1480 nm, low metal content, <b>single mode</b> fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	<b>single-mode cable:</b> 2-30 kilometers (40 kilometers, on an engineered fiber optic link that meets standards in the specification).
<b>Note:</b> Conditioning patch cord cables are not supported on 10-GbE.		
<b>OMC CX4 Fiber</b>	12 fiber 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable. 12 fiber 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable is also supported.	Optical Media Converter

#### Copper Cables

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type
<b>CX4</b>	Speed 3.125Gbx4 (Cables compliant with the 802.3ak standard)	CX4

## Installation Location

Before installing the switch, plan its location and orientation relative to other devices and equipment:

- In the front of the switch, allow at least 7.6 cm (3 inches) of space for the twisted-pair and fiber-optic cabling.
- In the back of the switch, allow at least 10.2 cm (4 inches) of space for the power cord and cooling.
- On the sides of the switch, leave at least 7.6 cm (3 inches) for cooling.

## 2. Install Switch Modules

Install switch modules into the slots as shown in the illustration below. For installation details, see the instructions in the manual that comes with the module.

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### Caution

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Make sure you install only ProCurve Switch zl Modules.

Avoid any electrostatic discharge problems by handling the modules only by their bulkheads.

The slot cover can be removed, and the module can be installed with either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver. Retain the slot cover for future use.

---

### Module Installation Notes

- Any of the supported Switch zl Modules can be installed in any of the slots.
- The modules can be “hot swapped”, installed after the switch is already powered on, and normally will be immediately operational. But, if you are replacing a module with a different type than what was previously installed in the slot, the switch must be rebooted after the module is installed. See “Hot Swapping the Switch Module” on [page 2-22](#).
- **Ensure you fully insert the modules.** That is, press the module into the slot using the extractor handles, until the bulkhead on the module is contacting the front face of the switch chassis.
- Once the module is fully inserted, screw in the two retaining screws to secure the module in place. The screws should be tightened until they are secure, but not overtightened.
- If you do not use one or more of the slots, ensure the slot cover plate is still attached over the slot for safe operation and proper switch cooling. For safety, you should not have more than one module slot uncovered at a time.
- Although these procedures show the 6-slot chassis, the procedures are the same for the 12-slot chassis.

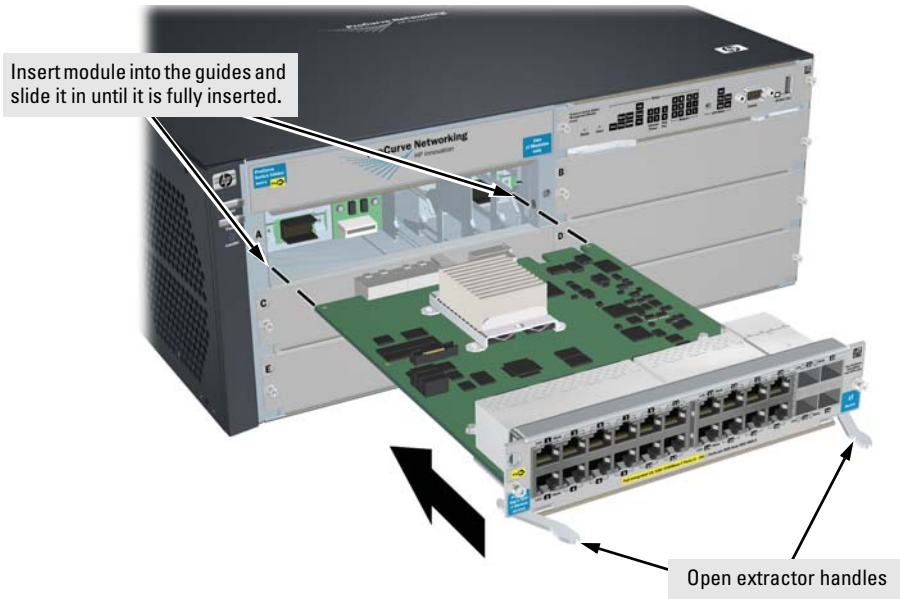


Figure 2-1. Module Being Installed in a Chassis

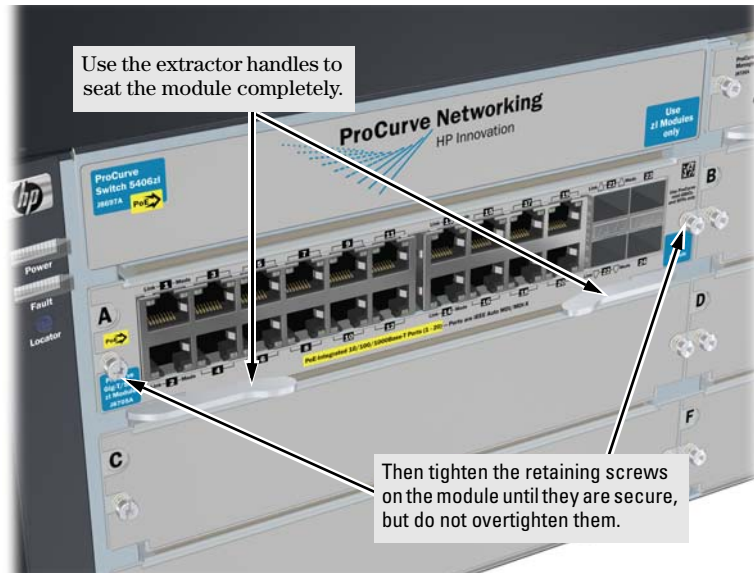


Figure 2-2. Generic Chassis with Module Fully Installed

### 3. (Optional) Install Another Power Supply

Another, load-sharing redundant power supply (either a ProCurve Switch zl 875 W Power Supply (J8712A), or a ProCurve Switch zl 1500 W Power Supply (J8713A) can be installed in the back of the switch. The 5406zl can hold up to two power supplies and the 5412zl can hold up to four power supplies.

The 875 W Power Supply (J8712A) can supply up to 273 watts for PoE power. The 1500 W Power Supply (J8713A) can supply up to 900 watts at 220 volts for PoE power.

To prevent overloading of the building circuits breakers, the second power supply must be connected to a different AC power source from the other supply. This also helps with redundancy, if one AC power source fails, the switch will continue to run.

Install the second power supply into power slot number 2 as shown in Figure 2-3. Although these procedures show the 6-slot chassis, the procedures are the same for the 12-slot chassis.

The slot cover can be removed with either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver. Retain the slot cover for future use.

---

#### Caution

The switch power supplies *are* hot swappable; they can be installed while the switch is receiving power from the supply in the other slot. But, as indicated by the caution statement on the power supply, the supply ***must not be connected*** to AC power before being installed or removed.

**CAUTION:**

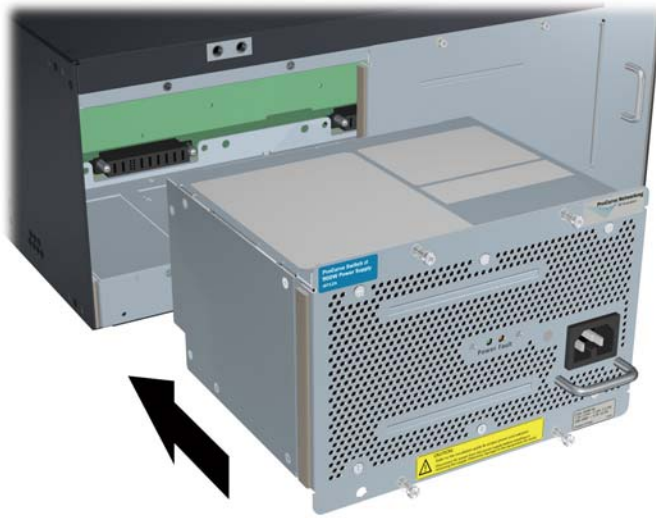
- Refer to the installation guide for proper power cord selection
- Disconnect AC power from the power supply **BEFORE** installing or removing the supply. **Otherwise, damage to the equipment may result.**

For safety and proper switch cooling, if either of the power supply slots are not being used, make sure to attach the cover plate over the slot. Please see the “Installation Precautions” on [page 2-5](#) for more information.

For installation details, see the instructions in the manual that comes with the power supply.

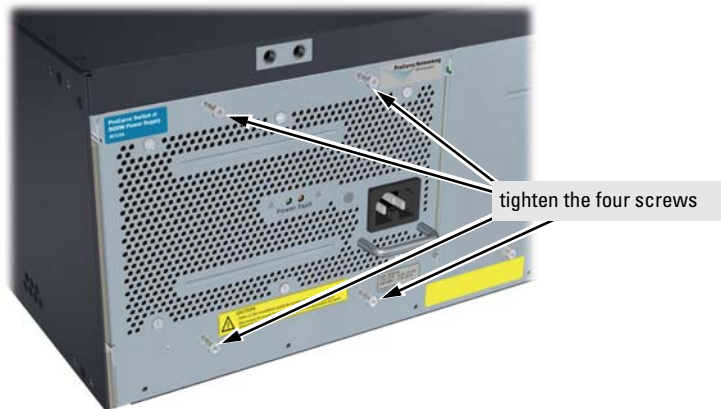


Insert the power supply into the opening, then slide it all the way in until it connects to the switch. The power supply face plate will be flush with the back face of the switch.



**Figure 2-3. Installing a Power Supply**

Once the power supply is installed, tighten the four retaining screws that hold it in place. The screws can be tightened with either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver. *Be careful not to overtighten the screws.*



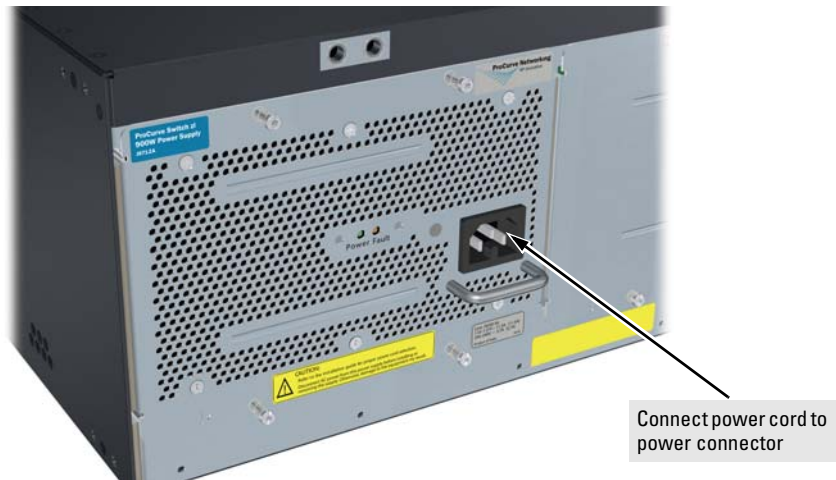
**Figure 2-4. Back of Switch with Power Supply Fully Installed**

## 4. Verify the Switch Passes Self Test

After you have installed any modules and the optional second power supply, but before mounting the switch in its network location, you should first verify it is working properly by plugging it into a power source and verifying it passes its self test.

If you have installed a second power supply, repeat these procedures with the second power supply to verify it works correctly also.

1. Connect the power cord supplied with the switch to the power connector on the back of the switch, and then into a properly grounded electrical outlet.



**Figure 2-5. Power Connector on Back of Switch**

---

### Note

The Series 5400zl Switches do not have a power switch. They are powered on when the power cord is connected to the switch and to a power source.

If your installation requires a different power cord than the one supplied with the switch, please see the “Installation Precautions” on [page 2-5](#).

2. Check the LEDs on the switch and on each of the switch modules. The LED behavior is described on the next page.

If the LED display is different than what is described, especially if the Fault LED stays on for more than approximately 120 seconds or it starts blinking, the self test has not completed correctly. Refer to chapter 4, “Troubleshooting” for diagnostic help.

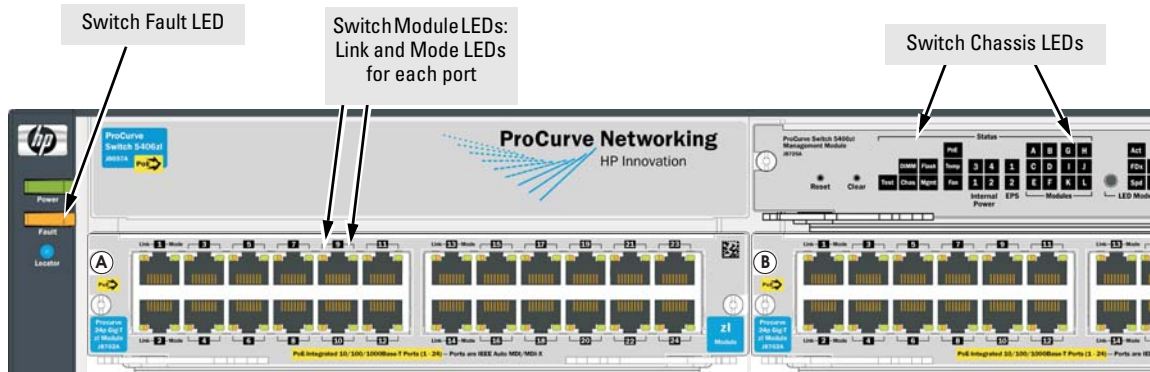


Figure 2-6. Switch Fault, Module, and Chassis LEDs

When the switch is powered on, it performs its diagnostic self test. The entire download, initialization, and self test process can take up to 2 minutes for a fully loaded chassis, depending on the number and type of modules installed in the switch.

### LED Behavior:

#### During the self test:

- Initially, **Power**, **Fault**, **Locator**, and all the switch chassis LEDs are on. Then, after approximately 30 seconds, all the module LEDs go on as the modules receive power and code is downloaded to them, the **Fault** LED goes off, and the chassis LEDs turn orange and then go off except **Test**, **Fan**, and **Power**, which turn green.
- When the download of code to the modules is completed, the module LEDs go off. You may see each port LED go on briefly, in sequence, as the port is tested.
- For the duration of the self test, the **Test** LED stays on.

#### When the test completes successfully:

- The **Power** LED stays on, and the Status LEDs on the switch chassis stay on for the devices installed: one for each switch module installed, one for each power supply installed, and one for all the fans.
- The **Fault**, **Locator**, and **Test** LEDs are off.

- The port LEDs on the switch modules go into their normal operational mode:
  - If the ports are connected to active network devices, the **Link** LEDs stay on and the **Mode** LEDs behave according to the mode selected. In the default mode (Activity), the Mode LEDs should flicker showing network activity on the port.
  - If the ports are not connected to active network devices, the LEDs will stay off.

## 5. Mount the Switch

After the modules and optional power supply are installed and you have verified the switch passes self test, you are ready to mount the switch in a stable location. The Series 5400zl Switches can be mounted in these ways:

- in a rack or cabinet
- on a horizontal surface

### Rack or Cabinet Mounting

The Series 5400zl Switches are designed to be mounted in any EIA-standard 19-inch telco rack or in an equipment cabinet such as a server cabinet. If you are installing the switch in an equipment cabinet, please see the “Equipment Cabinet Note” on [page 2-17](#).

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## WARNING

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**For safe operation, please read the “Installation Precautions” on [page 2-4](#) and [page 2-5](#) before mounting the switch.**

1. Use a #1 Phillips (cross-head) screwdriver and attach the mounting brackets to the switch with the included 8-mm M4 screws.

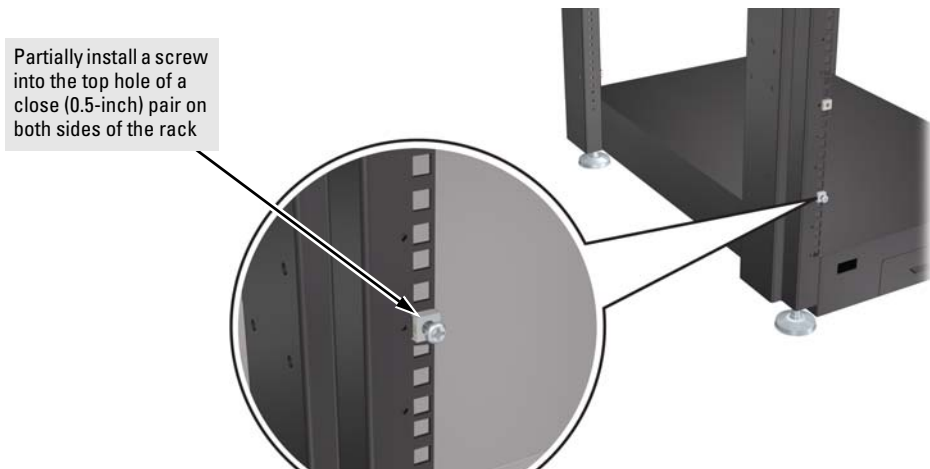
For the Switch 5406zl, each bracket is attached with four screws as shown in the following illustration.

Although these procedures show the 6-slot chassis, the procedures are the same for the 12-slot chassis.



**Figure 2-7. Attaching Brackets to the 5400zl Switch**

2. Partially install a screw (5/8-inch number 12-24) into the top hole of a pair of holes that are 0.5 inches apart in each rack/cabinet upright as shown in the illustration below. Ensure that the screws are at the same level in each upright.



**Figure 2-8. Mounting Screw Positioning**

3. Place the switch in the rack and lower it so the notches in the bottom of the bracket slide onto the screws, then tighten these screws.

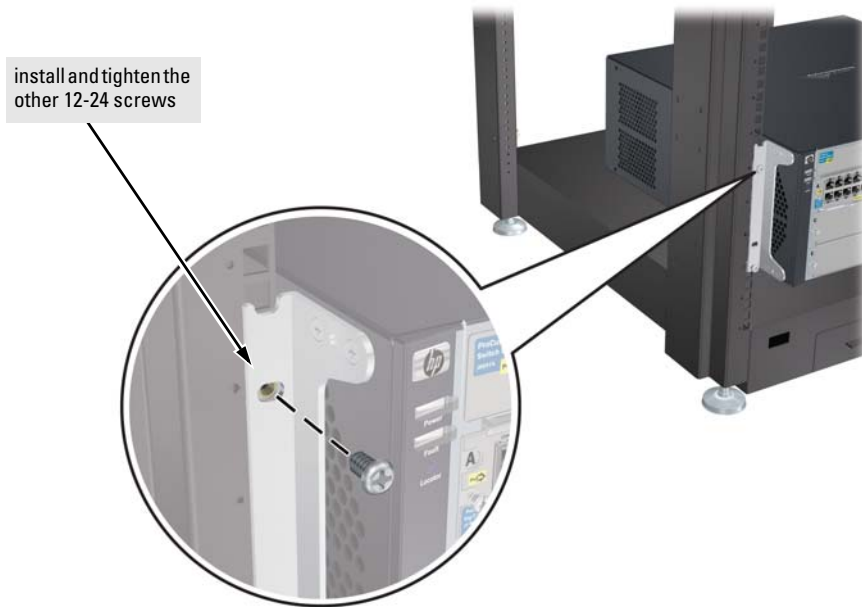
**Installing the Series 5400zl Switches**  
Installation Procedures

lower the switch with mounting brackets onto the partially installed screws, then tighten these screws



**Figure 2-9. Notches in Bracket Being Installed**

4. Install the other number 12-24 screw into the upper hole in each bracket. Tighten these screws.



**Figure 2-10. Screws in Bracket Being Installed**

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**Equipment  
Cabinet  
Note**

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If you are installing the switch in an **equipment cabinet**, in place of the 12-24 screws supplied with the switch, use the clips and screws that came with the cabinet. Plan which four holes you will be using in the cabinet and install all four clips and partially install the two bottom screws, as described in step 2 on the previous page, before proceeding to step 3.

### Horizontal Surface Mounting

Place the switch on a table or other horizontal surface. Use a sturdy surface in an uncluttered area. You may want to secure the networking cables and switch power cord to the table legs or other part of the surface structure to help prevent people from tripping over the cords.

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**Note**

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Ensure the air flow is not restricted around the sides and back of the switch.

## 6. Install the Grounding Wire

If a grounding wire is to be attached to the switch chassis, the grounding lug must be removed and a wire crimped to it and the grounding lug must be reinstalled.

1. Use a #1 Phillips (cross-head) screwdriver and remove the grounding lug and two screws from the back of the switch.
2. Crimp the grounding lug to a properly grounded grounding wire.
3. Re-attach the grounding lug to the switch with the two screws.

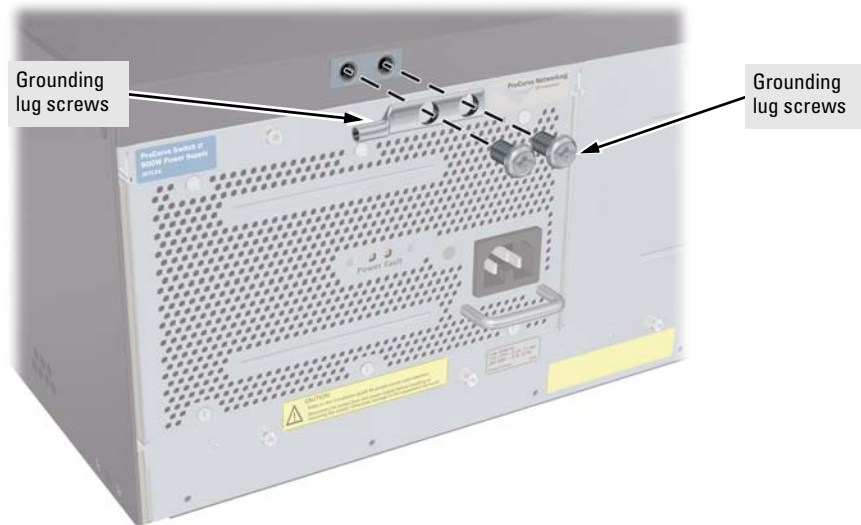


Figure 2-11. Attaching Grounding Lug to the 5400zl Switch



## 7. Connect the Switch to a Power Source

1. Plug the included power cord into the switch's power connector and into a nearby properly grounded AC power source.

If you have installed a redundant power supply module into the switch, it should be connected to a separate AC power source. Then, if there is a power outage from one of the AC sources, the switch will continue to operate by power coming from the other source.

See the *ProCurve Switch zl RPS Installation Guide* for additional information.

2. Re-check the LEDs during self test. See "LED Behavior" on [page 2-13](#).

## 8. Connect the Network Devices

The type of network connections you will need to use depends on the types of switch modules you have installed in your Series 5400zl Switch. See the documentation accompanying the modules for cabling configurations and procedures for those modules.

In general for all the modules, when a network cable from an active network device is connected to the switch, the Link LED for the switch port should go on. If the Link LED does *not* go on, use the table below to help solve the problem, and see the module documentation for troubleshooting procedures.

Condition	Diagnostic Tip
<b>Port LED is still off when a cable is connected</b>	<p>Try the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For the indicated port, verify both ends of the cabling, at the switch and the connected device, are securely connected.</li> <li>• Verify the connected device and switch are both powered <i>on</i> and operating correctly.</li> <li>• Verify you have used the correct cable type for the connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– for all twisted-pair connections, the RJ-45 connectors on the Series 5400zl Switches allow you to use either straight-through cable or crossover cable when the port is in the "Auto" configuration.</li> <li>– for fiber-optic connections, verify the transmit port on the switch is connected to the receive port on the connected device, and the switch receive port is connected to the transmit port on the connected device.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>See appendix B, "Switch Ports and Network Cables" for information on cables.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verify the port has not been disabled through a switch configuration change.</li> <li>• Verify the connection parameters in the configurations of the switch port and the connected device match. Mismatched configurations are a frequent cause of connection problems. You can use the console interface, or, if you have configured an IP address on the switch, use the web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager network management software to determine the state and configuration of the port and re-enable the port if necessary.</li> <li>• If the other procedures don't resolve the problem, try using a different port or a different cable.</li> </ul>

## 9. (Optional) Connect a Console to the Switch

The Series 5400zl Switches have a full-featured, easy to use console interface for performing the following tasks:

- Monitor switch and port status and observe network activity counters
- Modify the switch's configuration
- Read the event log and access diagnostic tools to help in troubleshooting
- Download new software to the switch
- Add passwords and other security features to control access to the switch from the console, web browser interface, and network management stations

The console can be accessed through these methods:

- **Out-of-band:** Connect a PC or VT-100 terminal, to be used as a console, directly to the switch using the serial cable that comes with the Series 5400zl Switches. If the PC or terminal has a 25-pin serial connector, you can use a readily available 9-pin to 25-pin serial cable, or attach a 9-to-25 pin straight-through adapter to the PC end of the cable.
- **In-Band:** Access the console using telnet from a PC or UNIX station on the network, and a VT-100 terminal emulator. This method requires that you first configure the switch with an IP address and subnet mask by using either out-of-band console access or through DHCP/Bootp.

The Series 5400zl Switches can simultaneously support one out-of-band console session through the Console Port and one in-band telnet session.

### Terminal Configuration

To connect a console to the switch, configure the PC terminal emulator as a VT-100 or DEC VT-100 (ANSI) terminal, or use a VT-100 terminal and configure it to operate with these settings:

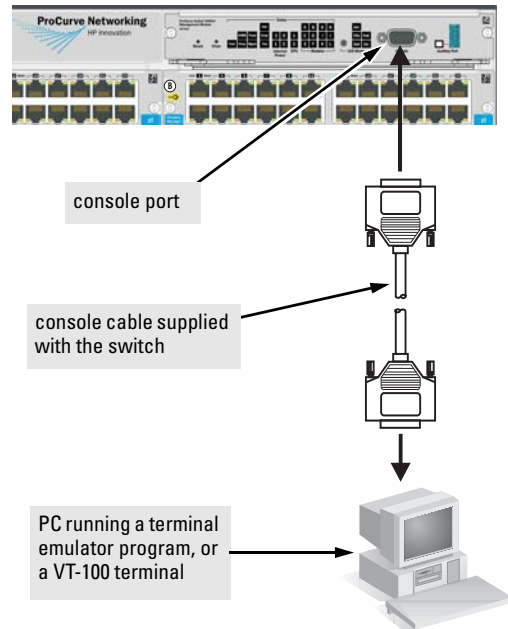
- any baud rate from 2400 to 115200 (the switch automatically senses the speed)
- 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, and flow control set to None
- for Windows Terminal program, also disable (uncheck) the "Use Function, Arrow, and Ctrl Keys for Windows" option
- for the Hilgrave HyperTerminal program, select the "Terminal keys" option for the "Function, Arrow, and Ctrl keys act as" parameter

If you want to operate the console using a different configuration, ensure you change the settings on both the terminal and on the switch. Change the switch settings first, then change the terminal settings, and reestablish the console session.

## Direct Console Access

To connect a console to the switch, follow these steps:

1. Connect the PC or terminal to the switch's Console Port using the console cable included with the switch. (If your PC or terminal has a 25-pin serial connector, first attach a 9-pin to 25-pin straight-through adapter to the PC end of the console cable.)
2. Turn on the terminal or PC's power and, if using a PC, start the PC terminal program.
3. Press the Enter key two or three times and you will see the copyright page and the message "Press any key to continue". Press a key, and you will then see the switch console CLI prompt.



**Figure 2-12. Console Connected to Switch**

## Telnet Console Access

To access the switch through a telnet session, follow these steps:

1. Ensure the switch is configured with an IP address and that the switch is reachable from the telnet workstation (for example by using a Ping command to the switch's IP address)
2. Start the telnet program and connect to the switch's IP address.
3. The copyright page and the message "Press any key to continue" will display. Press a key, and the switch console CLI prompt will display.

If you want to continue with console management of the switch at this time through either a direct connection or a telnet session, see chapter 3, "Getting Started With Switch Configuration" for some basic configuration steps. For more detailed information, refer to the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

## Hot Swapping Switch Modules

The switch modules can be “hot swapped” (except for the Management Module, it is not hot swappable), that is installed or replaced while the switch is powered on (See Module Installation Notes on [page 2-8](#)). The procedures differ slightly, though between adding new modules to an empty slot or replacing modules with the same type, and exchanging the module with a different type.

### Adding or Replacing Modules

If a module has to be replaced with one of the same type, or you are expanding the switch capability by adding a module in a slot where one was not previously installed (since the last switch reboot), the replaced or new module is immediately operational; there is no interruption to the switch operation.

### Changing the Module Type

If you exchange a module with a different type of module though, for example a 10/100/1000-T zl Module is installed in place of a 4 port 10G X2 Module that was in the slot, the switch must be rebooted after the new module is installed so the switch processor can properly initialize and configure the new module type.

You can reboot the switch by any of the following methods:

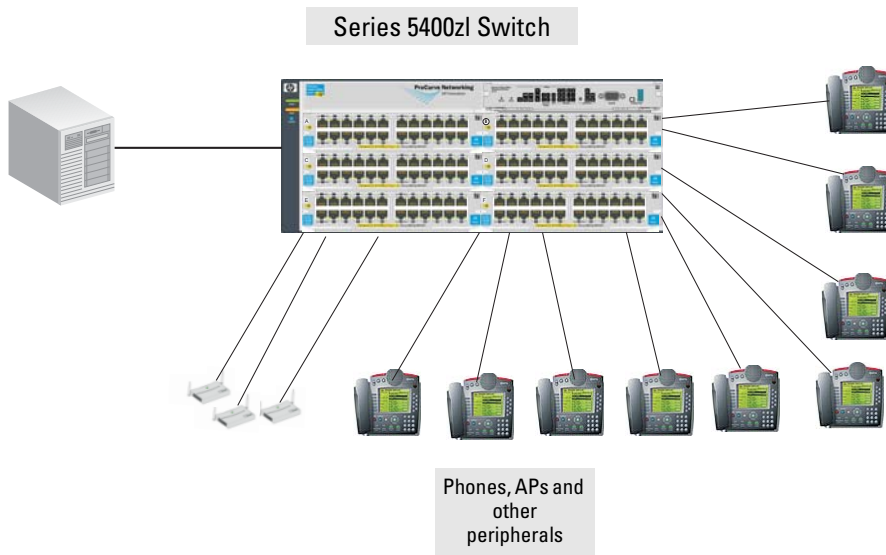
- Pressing the Reset button on the front of the switch.
- Unplugging and plugging in the power cord (power cycle). If two power supplies are installed, both power cords would have to be unplugged.
- Issuing the **boot** command from the switch console CLI, or selecting the **boot Switch** option from the switch console menu, the web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager.

Until the switch is rebooted, the module will not operate and the Module Status LED for the affected slot will continue to flash.

## Example Network Topologies

This section shows a few example network topologies in which the Series 5400zl Switches can be implemented. Although these examples show the 6-slot chassis, the principles are the same for the 12-slot chassis.

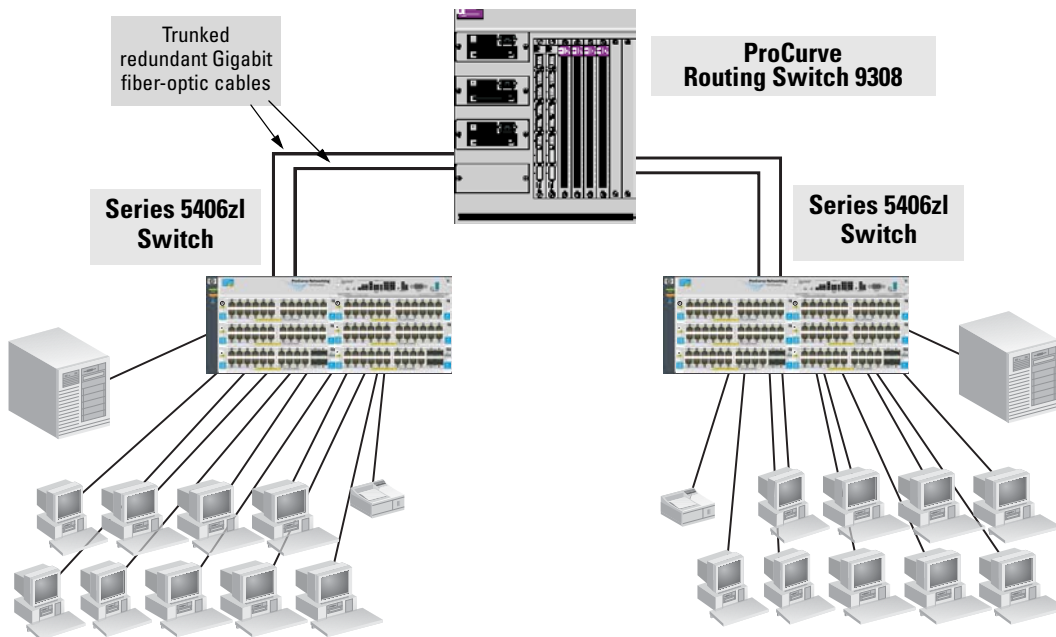
### Basic Connectivity



**Figure 2-13. Basic Switch Connectivity**

The Series 5400zl Switches can provide basic network connectivity to a high number of PoE devices. These devices can be easily connected, as shown in the above illustration.

## Use as an Edge Switch



**Figure 2-14. Edge Switch Configuration**

When your network expands and the users need to access resources beyond the edge of the local network, the Series 5400zl Switches are excellent platforms for that expansion. With the flexibility of 6 slots, the high port count 10/100/1000-T zl Modules for local connections, and the availability of Gigabit speeds on both copper and fiber cables, the Series 5400zl Switches can provide that access beyond the edge for a high number of network users.

In the above illustration, two Switch 5406zls are connected to a ProCurve Routing Switch 9308, which can serve as a campus backbone or core switch.

The 1000 Mbps fiber-optic connections between the two Switch 5406zls and the Routing Switch 9308 is by way of Gigabit-LX mini-GBICs installed in the mini-GBIC port on the 20 port Gig-T plus 4 mini-GBIC zl Module in the Switch 5406zls and Gigabit-LX ports on the Routing Switch 9308. With the Gigabit-LX connections, the distance between the Switch 5406zls and the Routing Switch 9308 can be up to ten kilometers.

The connections are trunked, through a configuration change on the Switch 5406zl, to provide redundancy and load sharing for higher bandwidth.

# Getting Started With Switch Configuration

---

This chapter is a guide for using the console Switch Setup screen to quickly assign an IP (Internet Protocol) address and subnet mask to the switch, set a Manager password, and, optionally, configure other basic features.

For more information on using the switch console and the other switch management interfaces: the web browser interface and the SNMP management tool, ProCurve Manager, please see the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

## Recommended Minimal Configuration

In the factory default configuration, the switch has no IP (Internet Protocol) address and subnet mask, and no passwords. In this state, it can be managed only through a direct console connection. To manage the switch through in-band (networked) access, you should configure the switch with an IP address and subnet mask compatible with your network. Also, you should configure a Manager password to control access privileges from the console and web browser interface. Other parameters in the Switch Setup screen can be left at their default settings or you can configure them with values you enter.

Many other features can be configured through the switch's console interface, to optimize the switch's performance, to enhance your control of the network traffic, and to improve network security. Once an IP address has been configured on the switch, these features can be accessed more conveniently through a remote Telnet session, through the switch's web browser interface, and from an SNMP network management station running a network management program, such as ProCurve Manager. For a listing of switch features available with and without an IP address, refer to "How IP Addressing Affects Switch Operation" in the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

For more information on IP addressing, refer to "IP Configuration" in the *Management and Configuration Guide*.

**Note**

By default, the switch is configured to acquire an IP address configuration from a DHCP or Bootp server. To use DHCP/Bootp instead of the manual method described in this chapter, see “DHCP/Bootp Operation” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

## Using the Switch Setup Screen

The quickest and easiest way to minimally configure the switch for management and password protection in your network is to use a direct console connection to the switch, start a console session, and access the Switch Setup screen.

1. Using the method described in the preceding section, connect a terminal device to the switch and display the switch console command (CLI) prompt (the default display).

The CLI prompt appears displaying the switch model number, for example:

```
ProCurve 5400zl#
```

2. At the prompt, enter the **setup** command to display the Switch Setup screen. The following illustration is an example of a Setup screen with default settings.

```

ProCurve Switch 5406zl                                     4-Mar-2005  17:02:05
----- CONSOLE - MANAGER MODE -----
                          Switch Setup

System Name : ProCurve Switch 5406zl
System Contact :
Manager Password :                                     Confirm Password :
Logon Default : CLI                                   Time Zone [0] : 0
Community Name : public                               Spanning Tree Enabled [No] : No

Default Gateway :
Time Sync Method [None] : TIMEP
TimeP Mode [Disabled] : Disabled

IP Config [DHCP/Bootp] : DHCP/Bootp
IP Address :
Subnet Mask :

Actions->  C_a_ncel    E_d_i_t    S_a_v_e    H_e_l_p

Enter System Name - up to 25 characters.
Use arrow keys to change field selection, <Space> to toggle field choices,
and <Enter> to go to Actions.

```

**Figure 3-1. Switch Setup Screen**



3. Use the Tab key to select the **Manager Password** field and enter a manager password of up to 16 characters.
4. Tab to the **IP Config (DHCP/Bootp)** field and use the Space bar to select the **Manual** option.
5. Tab to the **IP Address** field and enter the IP address that is compatible with your network.
6. Tab to the **Subnet Mask** field and enter the subnet mask used for your network.
7. Press Enter, then S (for **Save**).

The following is information on the fields in the Setup screen. For more information on these fields, see the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch:

Parameter	Default	
System Name	blank	Optional; up to 25 characters, including spaces
System Contact	blank	Optional; up to 48 characters, including spaces
Manager Password	blank	Recommended; up to 16 characters (no blank spaces)
Logon Default	CLI	The default setting selects the command line interface for console access. The alternative is the Menu interface.
Time Zone	0 (none)	Optional; 1440 to -1440. The number of minutes your location is to the West (-) or East (+) of GMT.
Community Name	public	Default setting recommended.
Spanning Tree Enabled	No	Default setting recommended unless STP is already running on your network or the switch will be used in complex network topologies.
Default Gateway	blank	Recommended; Enter the IP address of the next-hop gateway node if network traffic needs to be able to reach off-subnet destinations.
Time Sync Method	TimeP	Optional; The protocol the switch uses to acquire a time signal. The options are SNTP and TimeP.
TimeP Mode	Disabled	Synchronizes the time kept on the switch to the TimeP server.
IP Config	DHCP/Bootp	Set to Manual unless a DHCP/Bootp server is used on your network to configure IP addressing.
IP Address	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Recommended; If you set IP Config to Manual, then enter an IP address compatible with your network.
<b>Note:</b> The IP address and subnet mask assigned for the switch must be compatible with the IP addressing used in your network. For more information on IP addressing, see the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.		
Subnet Mask	xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Recommended; If you entered an IP address, then enter a subnet mask compatible with your network.

## Where to Go From Here

The above procedure configures your switch with a Manager password, IP address, and subnet mask. As a result, with the proper network connections, you can now manage the switch from a PC equipped with Telnet, a web browser interface, or from an SNMP-based network management station using a tool such as ProCurve Manager.

Some basic information on managing your switch is included in the next section. For more information on the console, web browser, and SNMP management interfaces and all the features that can be configured on the Series 5400zl Switches, please see the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

**To Recover from a Lost Manager Password:** If you cannot start a console session at the manager level because of a lost Manager password, you can clear all passwords and user names by getting physical access to the switch and pressing and holding the Clear button for a full second.

# Using the IP Address for Remote Switch Management

With your Series 5400zl Switches, you can use the switch's IP address to manage the switch from any PC that is on the same subnet as the switch. You can use either a Telnet session or a standard web browser to manage the switch.

## Starting a Telnet Session

To access the switch through a Telnet session, follow these steps:

1. Ensure the switch is configured with an IP address and that the switch is reachable from the PC that is running the Telnet session (for example, by using a ping command to the switch's IP address).
2. Start the Telnet program on a PC that is on the same subnet as the switch and connect to the switch's IP address.
3. You will see the copyright page and the message "Press any key to continue". Press a key, and you will then see the switch console command (CLI) prompt, for example (assuming there is no password):

**ProCurve 5400zl#**

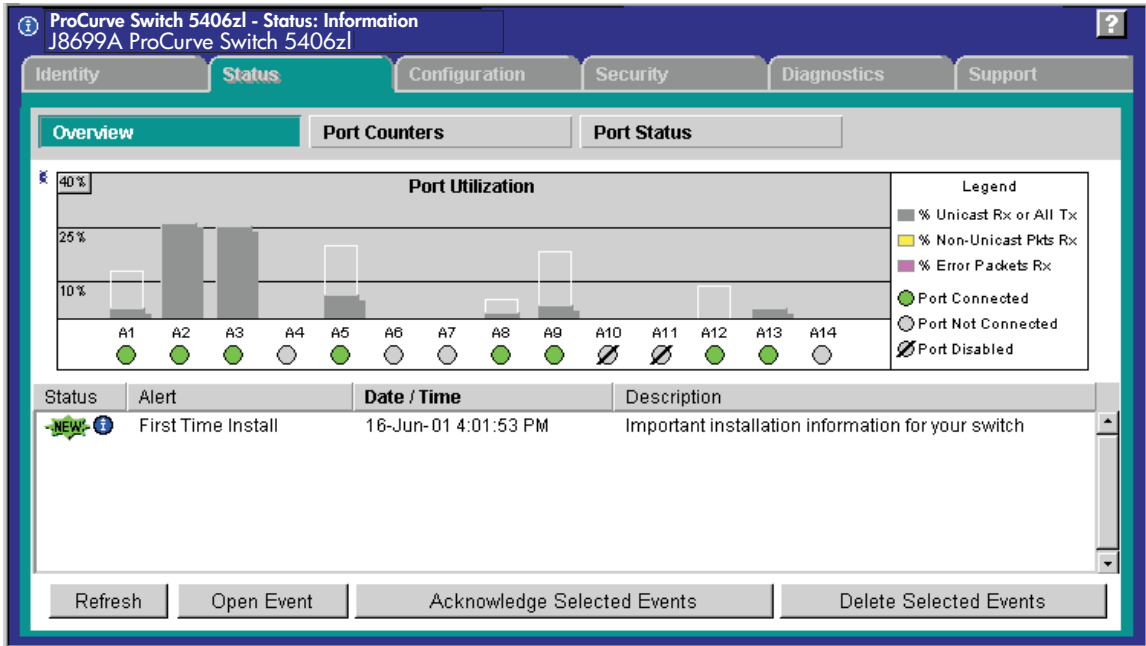
Enter **help** or **?** to see a list of commands that can be executed at the prompt. Entering any command followed by **help** provides more detailed context help information about the command. Entering any command followed by **?** displays a list of options that are available at that point in the command entry.

## Starting a Web Browser Session

Your Series 5400zl Switch can be managed through a graphical interface that you can access from any PC or workstation on the network by running your web browser and typing in the switch's IP address as the URL. No additional software installation is required to make this interface available; it is included in the switch's onboard software.

An example web browser interface screen is shown in the next illustration.

**Getting Started With Switch Configuration**  
 Using the IP Address for Remote Switch Management



**Figure 3-2. Switch Web Browser Interface - Status Overview**

For more information on using the web browser interface, please see the *Management and Configuration Guide* which is on the Documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.

An extensive help system is also available for the web browser interface. To access the help system though, the subnet on which the switch is installed must have access to the internet, or ProCurve Manager needs to be installed on a network management station that is on the subnet.

# Replacing Components

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This chapter shows you how to remove and install the following components:

- Power supplies (see [page 4-2](#))
- Fan trays (see [page 4-4](#))
- Management module (see [page 4-5](#))
- Management module components Flash Disk (see [page 4-6](#)), and Battery (see [page 4-7](#))

For a complete list of parts and part numbers, see page 2-1.

---

## Hot Swapping

The ProCurve Switch 5400zl supports “hot swapping” - the ability to replace the following hardware components while the switch is operating: a fan tray, power supply (if a second power supply is installed), interface module.

The Management module and its components are not hot swappable.

The hot swapping feature allows you to remove or install modules without powering off or rebooting the switch. Swapped-in modules are recognized by the switch and begin functioning immediately after they are installed.

---

## Caution

The ProCurve 5400zl Switch and its components are sensitive to static discharge. Use an antistatic wrist strap and observe all static precautions when hot swapping components. For example, connect your antistatic wrist strap to the ground point on the front of the switch, above the rightmost power supply bay.

---

## WARNING

**This unit may have more than one power supply cable. To fully power down the switch, you must disconnect all power supply cables from the unit.**

---

## Replacing Power Supplies

If your ProCurve 5400zl Switch is configured with redundant power supplies, you will not suffer any loss of traffic or performance if a power supply fails. Replace the failed component as soon as possible. One of the Internal Power LEDs on the management module will blink simultaneously with the switch Fault LED indicating which power supply failed.

Although these procedures show the 6-slot chassis, the procedures are the same for the 12-slot chassis.

### To remove an AC power supply:

1. Ensure the AC power supply is not plugged into an AC power source on the failed power supply.
2. Using either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver loosen the retaining screws and remove the failed power supply.

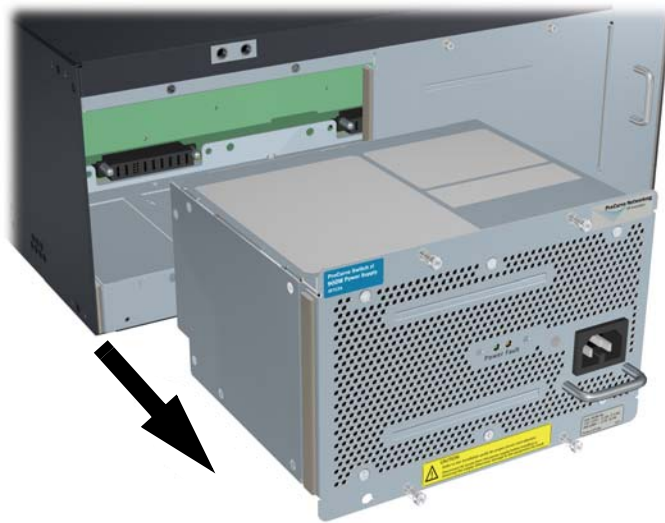


Figure 4-1. Power Supply Removal

3. Insert the power supply into the opening. Slide it all the way in until it connects to the switch. The power supply face plate will be flush with the back face of the switch.



**Figure 4-2. Power Supply Installation**

4. Tighten the four retaining screws that hold it in place. Be careful not to overtighten the screws.

For more detail refer to the *ProCurve Switch zl Internal Power Supply Installation Guide* (5991-3787).

## Replacing Fan Trays

When a fan fails the Fan Status LED on the switch chassis will blink simultaneously with the switch Fault LED. In this case, the entire fan tray needs to be replaced. You cannot replace individual fans.

The fan tray is hot swappable. It can be removed and replaced without removing power from the switch. However, install the new fan tray immediately (within two minutes) after removing the old fan tray to avoid overheating and switch shutdown (within three minutes).

Although these procedures show the 6-slot chassis, the procedures are the same for the 12-slot chassis.

### WARNING

**To avoid contact with spinning fans, if you are hot swapping out the fan tray assembly, pull the assembly out one-inch and allow the fans to stop rotating (approximately 20 seconds) before pulling it all the way out.**

To replace a fan tray:

1. Using either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver loosen the retaining screws holding the fan tray assembly and pull the fan tray assembly out.
2. Install the new fan tray assembly and tighten the retaining screws.

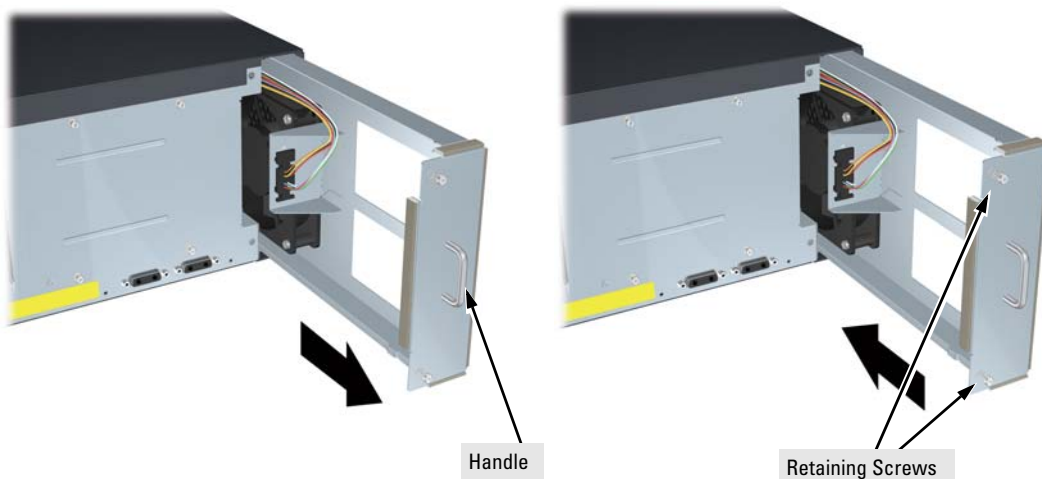


Figure 4-3. Fan Tray Removal and Installation

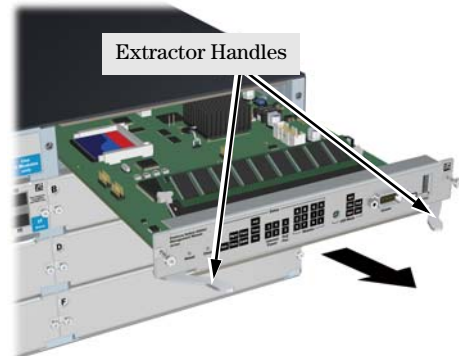
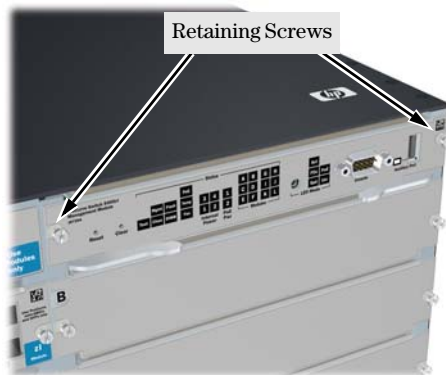


## Replacing the Management Module

The switch does not have to be powered off to remove the management module, however when the management module is removed all ports will lose communication. ProCurve Networking recommends replacing the Management module, flash disk and battery (on the Management module) during scheduled down time.

### To install (or replace) a Management Module:

1. On the module unscrew the retaining screws enough to disconnect them from the threaded holes in the switch.
2. Using the extractor handles, pull the module out from the slot.
3. Remove the flash disk from the failed module and install it into the replacement module.
4. Remove the battery from the failed module and dispose of properly.
5. Install the new battery that came with the replacement module. See the following pages for replacement instructions.
6. Install the replacement module into the switch.
7. Use an equal amount of pressure and push both extractor handles closed to completely seat the module.
8. Tighten the retaining screws.



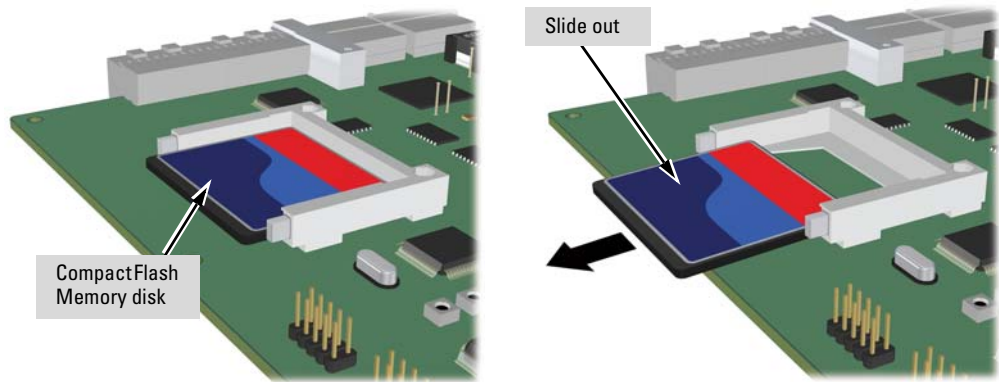
## Replacing the Management Module Compact Flash Card

The Compact Flash card is the primary non-volatile storage medium located on the management module that contains both the boot software and configuration files. When a Flash card fails the Flash status LED on the management module will blink simultaneously with the switch Fault LED.

### Installing a Compact Flash Card

**To install (or replace) a Compact Flash card:**

1. Using either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver loosen the retaining screws securing the management module. (You cannot access the Compact Flash when the management module is installed. This prevents inadvertent removal of the system image while the system is running.)
2. Using the extractor handles, pull the management module out from the slot.



**Figure 4-4. Management Module Removal**

3. Slide out the old flash card.
4. Slide in the new flash card being careful not to bend any pins.
5. Reinstall the management module into the switch.
6. Use an equal amount of pressure and push both extractor handles closed to completely seat the module.
7. Tighten the retaining screws.

# Replacing the Management Module Battery

The battery on the management module is used to keep time for the internal switch clock. There is no indicator LED for when the battery dies. The only indication will be the internal clock will not keep the correct time.

---

## WARNING

- **The battery requires special handling at end-of-life. The battery can explode or cause burns if disassembled, charged, or exposed to water, fire or high temperature. After replacing the battery, properly dispose of used battery according to instructions.**
  - **There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Ensure to replace the battery with the same type.**
  - **To avoid shorting of battery, remove and properly dispose of battery before returning the Management Module for repair.**
- 

## Installing a New Battery

**To install (or replace) a New Battery:**

1. Using either a flat-bladed or Torx T-10 screwdriver loosen the retaining screws securing the management module. (You cannot access the battery when the management module is installed.)
2. Using the extractor handles, pull the module out from the slot.

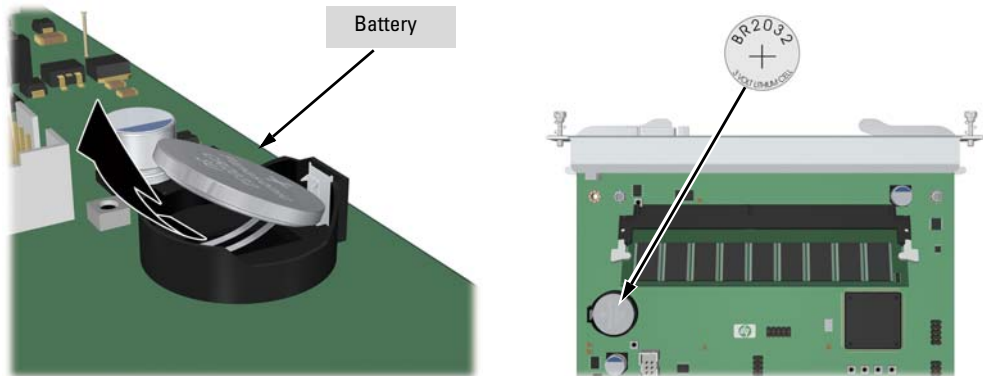


Figure 4-5. Battery Location on Management Module

## Replacing Components

### Replacing the Management Module Battery

3. Remove the old battery and dispose of properly.
4. Insert the new battery with the lettering and the plus “+” sign facing up.
5. Reinstall the management module into the switch.
6. Use an equal amount of pressure and push both extractor handles closed to completely seat the module.
7. Tighten the retaining screws.

---

#### **ATTENTION**

Il y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie.

Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type équivalent recommandé par le constructeur.

Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

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# Troubleshooting

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This chapter describes how to troubleshoot your Series 5400zl Switches. Note that this document describes troubleshooting mostly from a hardware perspective. You can perform more in-depth troubleshooting using the software tools available with the switch, including the full-featured console interface, the built-in web browser interface, and ProCurve Manager, the SNMP-based network management tool. For more information, see the chapter on “Troubleshooting” in the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM included with your switch.

This chapter describes the following:

- basic troubleshooting tips ([page 5-1](#))
  - diagnosing with the LEDs ([page 5-4](#))
  - Proactive Networking tools ([page 5-9](#))
  - hardware diagnostic tests ([page 5-10](#))
  - restoring the factory default configuration ([page 5-12](#))
  - downloading new code ([page 5-13](#))
  - HP Customer Support Services ([page 5-13](#))
- 

## Basic Troubleshooting Tips

Most problems are caused by the following situations. Check for these items first when starting your troubleshooting:

- **Faulty or loose cables.** Look for loose or obviously faulty connections. If they appear to be OK, make sure the connections are snug. If that does not correct the problem, try a different cable.
  - **Non-standard cables.** Non-standard and miswired cables may cause network collisions and other network problems, and can seriously impair network performance. Use a new correctly-wired cable or compare your cable to the cable in appendix B, “Switch Ports and Network Cables” for pinouts and correct cable wiring. A category 5 cable tester is a recommended tool for every 100Base-TX and 1000Base-T network installation.
-

- **Improper Network Topologies.** It is important to make sure you have a valid network topology. Common topology faults include excessive cable length and excessive repeater delays between end nodes. If you have network problems after recent changes to the network, change back to the previous topology. If you no longer experience the problems, the new topology is probably at fault.

In addition, you should make sure that your network topology contains **no data path loops**. Between any two end nodes, there should be only one active cabling path at any time. Data path loops will cause broadcast storms that will severely impact your network performance.

With your Series 5400zl Switches, if you wish to build redundant paths between important nodes in your network to provide some fault tolerance, you should enable **Spanning Tree Protocol** support on the switch. This ensures that only one of the redundant paths is active at any time, thus avoiding data path loops. Spanning Tree can be enabled through the switch console, the web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager.

The Series 5400zl Switches also support **Trunking**, which allows multiple network cables to be used for a single network connection without causing a data path loop. See the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information on Spanning Tree and on Trunking.

- **Connecting to devices that have a fixed full-duplex configuration.** The RJ-45 ports on the Series 5400zl Switches are all configured as “Auto”. That is, when connecting to attached devices, the switch will operate in one of two ways to determine the link speed and the communication mode (half duplex or full duplex):
  - if the connected device is also configured to Auto, the switch will automatically negotiate both link speed and communication mode
  - if the connected device has a fixed configuration, for example 100 Mbps, at half or full duplex, the switch will automatically sense the link speed, but will default to a communication of *half duplex*

Because the Series 5400zl Switches behave in this way (*in compliance with the IEEE 802.3 standard*), if a device connected to the switch has a fixed configuration at *full duplex*, the device will not connect correctly to the switch. The result will be high error rates and very inefficient communications between the switch and the device.

Ensure that all devices connected to the Series 5400zl Switches are configured to auto negotiate, or are configured to connect at half duplex (all hubs are configured this way, for example).

If necessary though, you can modify the configuration of the ports on the Series 5400zl Switches to match the configuration of the connected device. Use the switch console, the web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager to modify the port configuration.

- **Check the port configuration.** A port on your Series 5400zl Switch may not be operating as you expect because it has been put into a “blocking” state by Spanning Tree, GVRP (automatic VLANs), or LACP (automatic trunking). (Note that the normal operation of the Spanning Tree, GVRP, and LACP features may put the port in a blocking state.) Or, the port just may have been configured as disabled through software.

Use the switch console to determine the port’s configuration and verify that there is not an improper or undesired configuration of any of the switch features that may be affecting the port. See the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

For more information on possible network problems and their solutions, refer to the technical note “Troubleshooting LAN Performance and Intermittent Connectivity Problems”, which can be found on the ProCurve Networking Web site, <http://www.procurve.com>, in the Reference Library section.

## Diagnosing with the LEDs

Table 5-1 shows LED patterns on the switch and the switch modules that indicate problem conditions.

1. Check in the table for the LED pattern you see on your switch
2. Refer to the corresponding diagnostic tip on the next few pages.


**Table 5-1. LED Error Indicators**

LED Pattern Indicating Problems							Diagnostic Tips
Power	Fault	Test	Module Status (one LED per module)	Power (one LED per power supply)	Fan	Port Link	
Off with power cord plugged in	1	1	1	1	1	1	①
On	Prolonged On	Prolonged On	1	1	1	1	②
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Off	1	1	1	③
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	1	1	Never On	④
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	1	1	On briefly, then Off	⑤
On	Off	Off	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	1	1	1	⑥
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	1	1	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	⑦
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Off	1	Blinking <sup>†</sup>	*	1	⑧
On	Blinking <sup>2</sup>	Off	1	1	Blinking <sup>†</sup>	1	⑨
On	Off	Off	Off	1	1	Fast blinking <sup>3</sup>	⑩
On	Off	Off	On	1	1	Off with cable connected	⑪

<sup>1</sup> This LED is not important for the diagnosis.  
<sup>2</sup> The blinking behavior is an on/off cycle once every 1.6 seconds, approximately.  
<sup>3</sup> The fast blinking behavior is an on/off cycle once every 0.8 seconds, approximately



## Diagnostic Tips:

Tip Number	Problem	Solution
1	The power supplies installed in the switch are not plugged into active AC power sources, or the power supply may have failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify the power cord is plugged into an active power source and to the switch. Ensure these connections are snug.</li> <li>2. Try power cycling the switch by unplugging and plugging the power cord back in.</li> <li>3. If the Power LED is still not on, verify the AC power source works by plugging another device into the outlet. Or try plugging the switch into a different outlet or try a different power cord.</li> </ol> <p>If the power source and power cord are OK and this condition persists, the switch power supply may have failed. Call your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.</p>
2	A switch hardware failure has occurred. All the LEDs will stay on indefinitely.	Try power cycling the switch. If the fault indication reoccurs, the switch may have failed. Call your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.
3	The switch has experienced a backplane failure during self test.	<p>The failure may be just in the communications with a single module slot, or it might be more significant. Start a console session with the switch, and at the CLI prompt issue the command <b>show logging</b>. In the event log that is displayed, there will be messages that describe the extent of the problem. If the problem is with individual slots, the remainder of the switch slots will be fully operational and can be used until you get a chance to replace the switch.</p> <p>If necessary to resolve the problem, contact your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.</p>
4	The module installed in the slot that corresponds to the letter that is blinking is an invalid module.	<p>The fact that the Link and Mode LEDs never are lit on the module indicates that it is a ProCurve Switch gl module and should not be used in your zl switch.</p>  <p>Ensure you have installed a zl module in the slot. ProCurve xl/gl modules will fit in the slot, but they are not compatible with your ProCurve zl switch. Check to ensure the module has a Blue “zl module” symbol on it.</p> <p>Remove the module from the switch and replace it with a zl module, or recover the slot with the cover plate. You can remove and replace the module without having to power down the switch. Call your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve to get information on supported Switch zl modules. The modules that are available as of the printing of this manual are listed on <a href="#">page 1-13</a>.</p>

Tip Number	Problem	Solution
5	The module installed in the slot that corresponds to the letter that is blinking has experienced a self test or initialization fault.	<p>The modules are all tested whenever the switch is powered on, or reset (through the Reset button on the switch, or the Boot or Reset options in the console or web browser interface), and when they are hot swapped (installed when the switch is powered on).</p> <p>Since the Link and Mode LEDs on the module were lit at least briefly, that indicates that the module did receive power from the switch, but the subsequent download process failed. Either the module is faulty, or it is a new module type that is not yet supported by the operating code on the switch.</p> <p>As ProCurve Networking introduces new modules for your ProCurve Switch zl, you may have to update the switch with new operating code that supports the new module. The documentation that came with the module will indicate which version of the operating code is needed to support the module. The modules that are supported in your Switch zl, as of the printing of this manual, are listed on <a href="#">page 1-13</a> under "Switch Features". The latest code can be downloaded from the ProCurve Networking Web site at <a href="http://www.procurve.com">http://www.procurve.com</a>.</p> <p>First verify the switch has a version of code that supports the module that is indicating the fault. If the module is not one of the ones listed on <a href="#">page 1-13</a>, check the module documentation to see what version of switch code is needed. Download the new code and retest the module.</p> <p>If you have the correct code installed in the switch, try removing and reinstalling the module. You can do this without having to power down the switch. When the module is reinstalled, it will be retested automatically.</p> <p>If the fault indication reoccurs, the module may have failed. Remove the module from the switch and replace it with another module, or recover the slot with the cover plate. Call your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.</p>
6	In the slot corresponding to the letter that is blinking, a module was installed that is a different type than the previously installed module, and the switch has not yet been reset.	<p>When you "hot swap" modules in the switch slots, if you install a different module type than the one that was previously installed in the slot, you must reset the switch so the switch processor can properly initialize and configure the new module type. The blinking LED informs you that this change of module types has occurred. The module will not work properly until the switch is reset.</p> <p>You can reset the switch by any of these methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• pressing the Reset button.</li><li>• power cycling the switch.</li><li>• selecting the reset or reboot option from the console, web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager.</li></ul>

Tip Number	Problem	Solution
7	The network port for which the Link LED is blinking has experienced a self test or initialization failure.	<p>During the module self test, described in tip number 4 earlier in this table, each network port is also tested. If the port self test fails, the individual port is not usable, but the rest of the ports on the module, which have passed their self test, will continue to operate normally.</p> <p>If the port is a mini-GBIC, verify it is one of the mini-GBICs supported by the mini-GBIC zI Module. Unsupported mini-GBICs will be identified with this fault condition. The supported mini-GBICs are listed in the module <i>Installation Guide</i>. The mini-GBICs are also tested when they are "hot-swapped"--installed or changed after the mini-GBIC zI Module is installed and receiving power from the switch.</p> <p>To verify the port has failed, try removing and reinstalling the module, as described in tip number 4. For the mini-GBICs, you can just remove and reinstall the mini-GBIC without having to remove the module. If the port fault indication reoccurs, and you need to be able to use the port, you will have to replace the mini-GBIC or the module. In the mean time, all the other module ports will operate normally.</p>
8	A fault condition has been detected on the power supply installed in the slot corresponding to the blinking number.	<p>Try removing and reinstalling the power supply.</p> <p><b>Caution:</b> <i>Ensure the AC power cord is disconnected from the supply before removing and reinstalling the supply.</i></p> <p>Reconnect the power supply to the AC power source. If the error indication reoccurs after the supply is reinstalled, the power supply may be faulty. Call your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve Networking to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.</p>
9	One or more of the switch cooling fans may have failed.	<p>Try disconnecting power from the switch and wait a few moments. Then reconnect the power to the switch and check the LEDs again. If the error indication reoccurs, one or more of the fans has failed. The switch has multiple fans and may continue to operate OK under this condition if the ambient temperature does not exceed normal room temperature, but for best operation, the switch should be replaced. Contact your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer, or use the electronic support services from ProCurve Networking to get assistance. See the Customer Support/Warranty card for more information.</p>
10	The network port for which the Link LED is blinking has been disabled because port security has been configured on the switch and a security violation has been detected on the port.	<p>For the Port Security feature, you can configure the switch so that whenever a security violation is detected on a port, the switch will disable the port. When a port is disabled by this feature, the port Link LED will be continuously flashed at the fast rate of 0.8 seconds per cycle. The blinking continues until you clear the security violation through the switch console. In the console, you can view the identity of the connected device that committed the security violation.</p> <p>Once the security violation is cleared, you must re-enable the port through the console.</p> <p>For more information on the Port Security feature, see the <i>Management and Configuration Guide</i> that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch.</p>

Tip Number	Problem	Solution
❶	The network connection is not working properly.	<p>Try the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For the indicated port, verify both ends of the cabling, at the switch and the connected device, are securely connected.</li><li>• Verify the connected device and switch are both powered <i>on</i> and operating correctly.</li><li>• Verify you have used the correct cable type for the connection.<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– for any of the twisted-pair connections, in the default configuration (Auto), either a straight-through or a crossover cable can be used and the switch will automatically adjust its operation. See the “HP Auto-MDIX Feature” description on <a href="#">page B-6</a> for more information.</li></ul></li></ul> <hr/> <p><b>Note:</b> <i>If the module configuration is changed to one of the <b>fixed configuration</b> options though (for example, 100-Full Duplex), then the port operates as <b>MDI-X only</b> and the correct type of cable must be used. In general, for connecting to an end node (MDI port), use straight-through cable; for connecting to MDI-X ports on hubs, other switches, and routers, use crossover cable.</i></p> <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– for fiber-optic connections, verify that the transmit port on the switch is connected to the receive port on the connected device, and the switch receive port is connected to the transmit port on the connected device, and that both devices are transmitting correctly.</li><li>• For a 1000 Mbps connection, verify the network cabling complies with the IEEE 802.3ab standard. The cable should be installed according to the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-5 specifications. Cable testing should comply with the stated limitations for Attenuation, Near-End Crosstalk, Far-End Crosstalk, Equal-Level Far-End Crosstalk (ELFEXT), Multiple Disturber ELFEXT, and Return Loss. The cable verification must include all patch cables from any end devices, including the switch, to any patch panels in the cabling path.</li><li>• Verify the port has not been disabled through a switch configuration change. You can use the console interface, or, if you have configured an IP address on the switch, use the web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager network management software to determine the state of the port and re-enable the port if necessary.</li><li>• Verify the switch port configuration matches the configuration of the attached device. For example, if the switch port is configured as “Auto”, the port on the attached device also <b>MUST</b> be configured as “Auto”. Depending on the port type, twisted-pair or fiber-optic, if the configurations don’t match, the results could be a very unreliable connection, or no link at all.</li></ul> <p>If the other procedures don’t resolve the problem, try using a different port or a different cable.</p>

# Proactive Networking

The Series 5400zl Switches have built-in management capabilities that proactively help you manage your network including:

- finding and helping you fix the most common network error conditions (for example, faulty network cabling, and non-standard network topologies)
- informing you of the problem with clear, easy-to-understand messages
- recommending network configuration changes to enhance the performance of your network

The following interfaces provide tests, indicators, and an event log that can be used to monitor the switch and its network connections, and to help you take advantage of these proactive networking features:

- ProCurve Manager - an SNMP-based network management tool included with your switch
- A graphical web browser interface you can use to manage your switch from a PC that is running a supported web browser, for example Microsoft Internet Explorer or Netscape Communicator.
- A full-featured easy-to-use console interface you can access by merely connecting a standard terminal or PC running a terminal emulator to the switch's console port. The cable to make that connection is provided with your switch. The console interface is also accessible through a telnet connection.

See the “Troubleshooting” chapter in the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch, for more information on using these software tools to diagnose and manage your switch.

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# Hardware Diagnostic Tests

## Testing the Switch by Resetting It

If you believe the switch is not operating correctly, you can reset the switch to test its circuitry and operating code. To reset a switch, either:

- Unplug and plug in the power cord (power cycling)
- Press the Reset button on the front of the switch
- Select the reset or reboot option from the console, web browser interface, or ProCurve Manager.

Power cycling the switch, pressing the Reset button, and the software reset or reboot options all cause the switch to perform its power-on self-test, which almost always will resolve any temporary operational problems. These reset processes also cause any network traffic counters to be reset to zero and cause the System Up Time timer to reset to zero. Neither of these reset procedures causes any changes to the switch configuration.

## Checking the Switch LEDs

The self-test passes if the Fault and Test LEDs on the front of the switch go off after approximately 90 to 150 seconds depending on the number and type of modules installed in the switch. If these LEDs stay on longer than 180 seconds or begin blinking, the switch, or a module, or an individual mini-GBIC may have to be replaced as indicated by the LEDs.

See “Diagnosing With the LEDs” on [page 5-4](#) for information on interpreting the LED patterns.

## Checking Console Messages

Useful diagnostic messages may be displayed on the console screen when the switch is reset. As described in chapter 2 under step 8, “Connect a Console to the Switch”, connect a PC running a VT-100 terminal emulator program or a standard VT-100 terminal to the switch’s Console Port and configure it to run at 9600 baud and with the other terminal communication settings shown on [page 2-20](#). Then, when you reset the switch, note the messages that are displayed.

## Testing Twisted-Pair Cabling

If you think the cable should work but still isn't working, it may not be compatible with the IEEE 802.3 Type 10Base-T, 100Base-TX, or 1000Base-T standards, as appropriate for the switch port type that the cable is connected to. The twisted-pair cables attached to the Series 5400zl Switches must be compatible with these standards. To verify your cable is compatible with these standards, use a qualified cable test device.

ProCurve Networking also offers a wire testing service. Contact your ProCurve authorized LAN dealer or your local ProCurve Networking sales office for more information.

## Testing Switch-to-Device Network Communications

You can perform the following communication tests to verify the network is operating correctly between the switch and any connected device that can respond correctly to the communication test.

- Link Test -- a physical layer test that sends IEEE 802.2 test packets to any device identified by its MAC address
- Ping Test -- a network layer test used on IP networks that sends test packets to any device identified by its IP address

These tests can be performed through the switch console interface from a terminal connected to the switch or through a telnet connection, or from the switch's web browser interface. See the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

These tests can also be performed from an SNMP network management station running a program that can manage the switch, for example, ProCurve Manager.

## Testing End-to-End Network Communications

Both the switch and the cabling can be tested by running an end-to-end communications test -- a test that sends known data from one network device to another through the switch. For example, if you have two PCs on the network that have LAN adapters between which you can run a link-level test or Ping test through the switch, you can use this test to verify the entire communication path between the two PCs is functioning correctly. See your LAN adapter documentation for more information on running the a link test or Ping test.

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## Restoring the Factory Default Configuration

As part of your troubleshooting process, it may become necessary to return the switch configuration to the factory default settings. This process momentarily interrupts the switch operation, clears any passwords, clears the console event log, resets the network counters to zero, performs a complete self test, and reboots the switch into its factory default configuration including deleting an IP address, if one is configured.

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### Note

This process removes all switch configuration changes that you have made from the factory default settings. This includes, for example, configuration of VLANs, spanning tree, trunks, stacking, meshing, routing, and security. Returning the configuration of these features to their factory default settings (usually disabling them) may result in network connectivity issues.

If the switch has a valid configuration, and you are restoring the factory default settings for a reason other than configuration problems, you should save the switch configuration prior to performing the factory default reset. Then, after the reset and resolution of the original problem, you can restore the saved configuration to the switch. For both the save and restore processes, you can use the console **copy** command. See the switch *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM for more information on this command.

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You can restore the factory default configuration either on the switch itself or through the switch console.

To execute the factory default reset on the switch, perform these steps:

1. Using pointed objects, simultaneously press both the Reset and Clear buttons on the front of the switch.
2. Continue to press the Clear button while releasing the Reset button.
3. As soon as the Test LED begins to flash, release the Clear button.

The switch will then complete its self test and begin operating with its configuration restored to the factory default settings.

To restore the factory default configuration using the console, execute the **erase startup config** command from the console command prompt.



## Downloading New Code

When product enhancements occur for the Series 5400zl Switches, new code can be downloaded to the switch through several methods, for product enhancements and new features. Please see the *Management and Configuration Guide* that is on the documentation CD-ROM that came with your switch for more information.

The new code would be available on the ProCurve Networking Web site, <http://www.procurve.com>.

## HP Customer Support Services

If you are still having trouble with your switch, Hewlett-Packard offers support 24 hours a day, seven days a week through the use of a number of automated electronic services. See the Customer Support/Warranty booklet that came with your switch for information on how to use these services to get technical support. The ProCurve Networking Web site, <http://www.procurve.com> also provides up-to-date support information.

Additionally, your ProCurve authorized network reseller can provide you with assistance, both with services that they offer and with services offered by ProCurve Networking.

### Before Calling Support

Before calling your networking dealer or ProCurve Support, to make the support process most efficient, retrieve the following information:

Information Item	Information Location
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>product identification, including the chassis, modules, and mini-GBICs</li> </ul>	the front of the switch, and on the modules and mini-GBICs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>details about the switch's status including the OS (software) version, a copy of the switch configuration, a copy of the switch Event Log, and a copy of the switch status and counters information</li> </ul>	switch console: <b>show tech</b> command
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>copy of your network topology map, including network addresses assigned to the relevant devices</li> </ul>	your network records



# Specifications

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## Physical

<b>Width:</b>	44.2 cm (17.4 in)
<b>Depth:</b>	45.0 cm (17.7 in)
<b>Height:</b>	
• Switch 5406zl	17.5 cm (6.8 in)
• Switch 5412zl	30.74 cm (12.1 in)
<b>Weight:</b>	
• Switch 5406zl	• 10.68 kg (23.55 lbs)
• Switch 5406zl-48G	• 15.54 kg (34.25 lbs) – includes two modules and one power supply
• Switch 5412zl	• 15.86 kg (34.95 lbs)
• Switch 5412zl-96G	• 26.32 kg (58.0 lbs) – includes four modules and two power supply

## Electrical

The Series 5400zl Switches automatically adjust to any voltage between 100-127 and 200-240 volts when using the J8712A power supply, and 200-240 volts only when using the J8713A power supply, and either 50 or 60 Hz.

	<b>J8712A</b>	<b>J8713A</b>	
<b>AC voltage:</b>	100–127 volts	200–240 volts	200–240 volts only
<b>Maximum current:</b>	11.5 A	5.7 A	10 A
<b>Frequency range:</b>	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
<b>Maximum continuous output power:</b>	875W	875W	1500W

Each installed module may draw 369.6W@50V for PoE

## Environmental

	<b>Operating</b>	<b>Non-Operating</b>
<b>Temperature:</b>	0°C to 55°C (32°F to 131°F) <sup>1</sup>	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
<b>Relative humidity: (non-condensing)</b>	15% to 80% at 55°C (131°F)	15% to 90% at 65°C (149°F)
<b>Maximum altitude:</b>	4.6 km (15,000 ft)	4.6 km (15,000 ft)

<sup>1</sup> If you are installing either the J8705A or J8707A modules, or any of the X2 transceivers, the operating ambient temperature should not exceed 40°C (104°F). See transceiver specifications below.

### TRANSCIVERS

<b>Temperature:</b> SR Optic J8436A LR Optic J8437A ER Optic J8438A Copper J8440B	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)
<b>Relative humidity: (non-condensing)</b>	15% to 95% at 40°C (104°F)
<b>Maximum altitude:</b>	4.6 Km (15,000 ft)

## Acoustic

### Switch 5400zl and 5406zl-48G:

Geräuschemission LpA = 40.2 dB am fiktiven Arbeitsplatz nach DIN 45635 T.19

Noise Emission LpA = 40.2 dB in a virtual workspace according to DIN 45635 T.19

### Switch 5412zl and 5412zl-96G:

Geräuschemission LpA = 45.8 dB am fiktiven Arbeitsplatz nach DIN 45635 T.19

Noise Emission LpA = 45.8 dB in a virtual workspace according to DIN 45635 T.19

## Network Connectors

- The 10/100 Mbps RJ-45 twisted-pair ports on the 10/100-TX zl Module are compatible with the IEEE 802.3 10Base-T and IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX standards.
- The 100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 twisted-pair ports on the 100/1000-T zl Module are compatible with the IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX and IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standards.
- The 1000 Mbps fiber-optic ports on the Gigabit-SX and Gigabit-LX mini-GBICs are compatible with the IEEE 802.3z Gigabit-SX and Gigabit-LX standards respectively.
- The copper ports are compatible with the IEEE 802.1ak standards.
- The fiber-optic ports are compatible with the IEEE 802.1ae standards.
- The console port is a standard RS-232, (standard DB-9) connector.

## Safety

- EN60950
- CSA 22.2 No. 60950
- UL 60950
- IEC 60950

## Lasers

The following products are Class 1 Laser Products.

- Laser Klasse 1: The 10-GbE X2-SC SR transceiver
- The 10-GbE X2-SC LR transceiver
- The 10-GbE X2-SC ER transceiver

The following products are Class 1m Laser Products.

Laser Klasse 1m:

- The 10-GbE X2 SR-SC transceiver

The transceivers comply with IEC 60825.

# Switch Ports and Network Cables

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This appendix includes switch connector information and network cable information for cables that should be used with the Series 5400zl Switches, including minimum pin-out information and specifications for twisted-pair cables.

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**Note**

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Incorrectly wired cabling is the most common cause of problems for LAN communications. It is recommended that you work with a qualified LAN cable installer for assistance with your cabling requirements.

## Switch Ports

### Twisted Pair

- The RJ-45 ports on the modules accept 100-ohm differential unshielded and shielded twisted-pair cable with RJ-45 connectors as described on the next page.

### Fiber-Optic

- The LC-type connector port on the **Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC** transmits at 850 nm wavelength, and accepts the low metal content, multimode fiber-optic cables for Gigabit-SX described on [page B-3](#).
- The LC-type connector port on the **Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC** transmits at 1310 nm wavelength, and accepts the low metal content, single-mode or multimode fiber-optic cables for Gigabit-LX described on [page B-3](#).
- The LC-type connector port on the **Gigabit-LH mini-GBIC** transmits at 1550 nm wavelength, and accepts the low metal content, single-mode or multimode fiber-optic cables for Gigabit-LH described on [page B-3](#).

## Cables

### Twisted-Pair

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<b>10 Mbps Operation</b>	Category 3, 4, or 5 100-ohm differential unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shielded twisted-pair (STP) cable, complying with IEEE 802.3 Type 10Base-T specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors.
<b>100 Mbps Operation</b>	Category 5 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable, complying with IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors.
<b>1000 Mbps Operation</b>	Category 5 100-ohm differential 4-pair UTP or STP cable, complying with IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T specifications, fitted with RJ-45 connectors—Category 5e or better is recommended. <i>(See “Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements”, below)</i>

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**Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements.** The Category 5 networking cables that work for 100Base-TX connections should also work for 1000Base-T, as long as all four-pairs are connected. But, for the most robust connections you should use cabling that complies with the Category 5e specifications, as described in Addendum 5 to the TIA-568-A standard (ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A-5).

Because of the increased speed provided by 1000Base-T (Gigabit-T), network cable quality is more important than for either 10Base-T or 100Base-TX. Site cabling that is being used to carry 1000Base-T networking must comply with the IEEE 802.3ab standards. In particular, the cabling must pass tests for Attenuation, Near-End Crosstalk (NEXT), and Far-End Crosstalk (FEXT). Additionally, unlike the cables for 100Base-TX, the 1000Base-T cables must pass tests for Equal-Level Far-End Crosstalk (ELFEXT), Multiple Disturber ELFEXT, and Return Loss.

When testing your cabling, be sure to include the patch cables that connect the switch and other end devices to the patch panels on your site. The patch cables are frequently overlooked when testing cable and they must also comply with the cabling standards.



## Fiber-Optic Cables

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Maximum Length
<b>Gigabit-SX</b>	62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ or 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 850 nm, low metal content, multimode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.651 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type A1b or A1a respectively.	<b>LC</b> - Gigabit-SX mini-GBIC <b>SC</b> - Gigabit-SX transceiver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>62.5 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 160 MHz*km=220 meters</li> <li>– 200 MHz*km=275 meters</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>50 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 400 MHz*km=500 meters</li> <li>– 500 MHz*km=550 meters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Gigabit-LX</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 1310 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards. OR the multimode fiber-optic cables listed for Gigabit-SX.	<b>LC</b> - Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC <b>SC</b> - Gigabit-LX transceiver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>single-mode cable:</b> 10 kilometers</li> <li>• <b>Multimode cable:</b> 550 meters</li> </ul>
<p>Note: To use multimode cables for Gigabit-LX, a mode conditioning patch cord may be needed - See the <i>Installation Guide</i> that came with your module for more information.</p>			
<b>Gigabit-LH</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, graded-index 1550 nm, low metal content, single mode fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	<b>LC</b> - Gigabit-LH mini-GBIC	70 kilometers
<p><b>Note:</b> Between the transmit and receive ends of the cable, at least 5db of attenuation is required for a reliable connection. This is equivalent to 20Km of the fiber-optic cable. For distances less than 20Km, you must add attenuators to bring the total attenuation to at least 5db. Most cable vendors carry attenuators.</p>			
<b>10-GbE SR</b>	Multimode fiber-optic cable designed for Gigabit Ethernet: 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter or 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ , 850 nm, low metal content, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>62.5 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 160 Mhz*km = 2-26 meters</li> <li>• 200 Mhz*km = 2-33 meters</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ <b>50 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> cable:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 400 Mhz*km = 2-66 meters</li> <li>• 500 Mhz*km = 2-82 meters</li> <li>• 2000 Mhz*km = 2-300 meters</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>10-GbE LR</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, 1310 nm, low metal content, <b>single mode</b> fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	<b>single-mode cable:</b> 2-10 kilometers

## Switch Ports and Network Cables

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Maximum Length
<b>10-GbE ER</b>	9/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, 1550 nm, low metal content, <b>single mode</b> fiber-optic cables, complying with the ITU-T G.652 and ISO/IEC 793-2 Type B1 standards.	SC	<b>single-mode cable:</b> 2-30 kilometers (40 kilometers, on an engineered fiber optic link that meets standards in the specification).
<b>Note:</b> Conditioning patch cord cables are not supported for 10-GbE.			
<b>OMC CX4 Fiber</b>	12 fiber 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable. 12 fiber 62.5/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (core/cladding) diameter, multimode Fiber ribbon cable is also supported.	Optical Media Converter	1-300 meters

## Copper Cables

Port Type	Cable Specifications	Connector Type	Supported Length
<b>CX4</b>	Speed 3.125Gbx4 (Cables compliant with the 802.3ak standard)	CX4	0.5-15 meters

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## Mode Conditioning Patch Cord for Gigabit-LX

The following information applies to installations in which multimode fiber-optic cables are connected to a Gigabit-LX port.

---

### Note

Mode Conditioning Patch Cord cables only apply to one Gigabit operation. Mode Conditioning Patch Cord cables are not supported for 10 Gigabit operation.

Unlike Gigabit-SX, which connects to only multimode fiber-optic cabling, Gigabit-LX can use either single-mode or multimode cable. Multimode cable has a design characteristic called “Differential Mode Delay”, which requires that the transmission signals be “conditioned” to compensate for the cable design and thus prevent resulting transmission errors. Since Gigabit-SX is designed to operate only with multimode cable, Gigabit-SX mini-GBICs can provide that transmission conditioning internally.

Gigabit-LX mini-GBICs, since they are designed to operate with both single-mode and multimode cable, do not provide the transmission conditioning internally. Thus, under certain circumstances, depending on the cable used and the lengths of the cable runs, an external **Mode Conditioning Patch Cord** may need to be installed between the Gigabit-LX transmitting device and the multimode network cable to provide the transmission conditioning.

If you experience a high number of transmission errors on the Gigabit-LX ports, usually CRC or FCS errors, you may need to install one of these patch cords between the Gigabit-LX port in your switch and your multimode fiber-optic network cabling, and between the Gigabit-LX transmission device and the network cabling at the other end of the multimode fiber-optic cable run. A patch cord must be installed at both ends.

The patch cord consists of a short length of single-mode fiber cable coupled to graded-index multimode fiber cable on the transmit side, and only multimode cable on the receive side. The section of single-mode fiber is connected in such a way that it minimizes the effects of the differential mode delay in the multimode cable.

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### Note

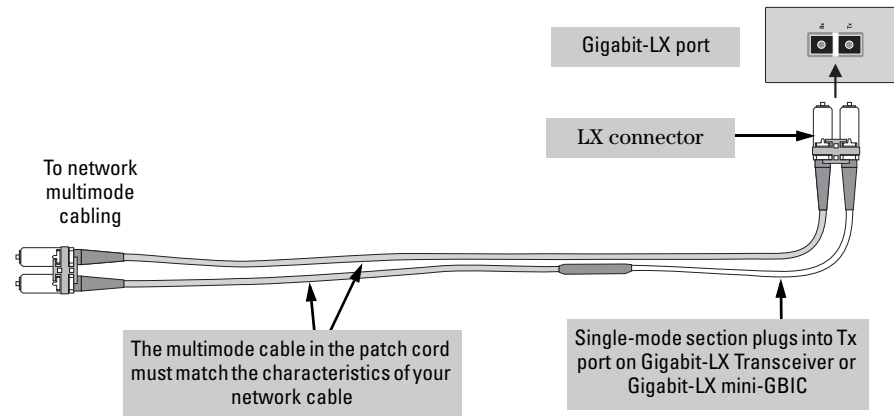
If you are using good quality graded-index multimode fiber cable that adheres to the standards listed on [page 3](#), there should not be a need to use mode conditioning patch cords. This is especially true if the fiber runs in your network are relatively short. If you are using *single-mode* fiber-optic cabling, there is no need to use mode conditioning patch cords. Connect the single-mode network cable directly to the Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC.

---

## Installing the Patch Cord

As shown in the illustration below, connect the patch cord to the Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC with the section of single-mode fiber plugged in to the Tx (transmit) port. Then, connect the other end of the patch cord to your network cabling patch panel, or directly to the network multimode fiber.

If you connect the patch cord directly to the network cabling, you may need to install a **female-to-female adapter** to allow the cables to be connected together.



**Figure B-1. Mode Conditioning Patch Cord**

Make sure you purchase a patch cord that has LC connectors on the end that connects to the Gigabit-LX mini-GBIC, and has multimode fibers that match the characteristics of the multimode fiber in your network.

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## Twisted-Pair Cable/Connector Pin-Outs

**The HP Auto-MDIX Feature.** In the **default configuration**, “Auto”, the 10/100Base-TX ports on the 10/100-TX and PoE x1 Modules used in the Series 5400zl Switches all automatically detect the type of port on the connected device and operate as either an MDI or MDI-X port, whichever is appropriate. So for any connection, a straight-through twisted-pair cable can be used – *you no longer have to use crossover cables*, although crossover cables can also be used for any of the connections. The 100/1000-T x1 Module supports the IEEE 802.3ab standard, which includes the “Auto MDI/MDI-X” feature, which operates the same way.

---

**Note**

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HP Auto-MDIX was developed and shared with the IEEE for the development of the IEEE 802.3ab standard. HP Auto-MDIX and the IEEE 802.3ab Auto MDI/MDI-X feature are completely compatible.

If you connect a Series 5400zl Switch twisted-pair port to another switch or hub, which typically have MDI-X ports, the Series 5400zl Switch port automatically operates as an MDI port. If you connect it to an end node, such as a server or PC, which typically have MDI ports, the Series 5400zl Switch port operates as an MDI-X port. In all cases, you can use standard straight through cables.

If you happen to use a correctly wired crossover cable, though, the switch will still be able to automatically detect the MDI/MDI-X operation and link correctly to the connected device.

If the port configuration is changed to any of the **fixed configurations** though, for example 100 Mbps/full duplex, the port operates as **MDI-X only** and the correct cable type must be used. In general, for connections to MDI ports, such as end nodes, use a straight-through cable; for connections to MDI-X ports, such as on hubs and other switches, use a crossover cable.

**Other Wiring Rules:**

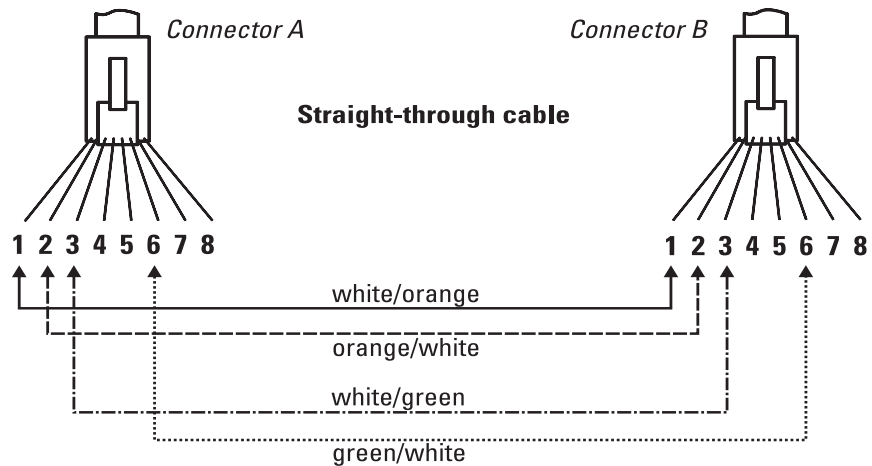
- All twisted-pair wires used for 10 Mbps, and 100 Mbps operation must be twisted through the entire length of the cable. The wiring sequence must conform to EIA/TIA 568-B (not USOC). See the Pin Assignment tables below the cable illustrations later in this appendix for a listing of the signals used on each pin.
- For 1000Base-T connections, all four pairs of wires in the cable must be available for data transmission. See “Note on 1000Base-T Cable Requirements” on [page B-2](#) for more information on 1000Base-T cabling.
- For 10 Mbps connections to the ports, you can use Category 3, 4, or 5 100-ohm differential unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shielded twisted-pair (STP) cable, as supported by the IEEE 802.3 10Base-T standard.
- For 100 Mbps connections to the ports, use Category 5 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable only, as supported by the IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX standard.
- For 1000 Mbps connections, Category 5 or better 100-ohm differential UTP or STP cable only, as supported by the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard; Category 5e or better is recommended.

## Straight-Through Twisted-Pair Cable for 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps Network Connections

Because of the HP Auto-MDIX operation of the 10/100 ports on the switches, for all network connections, to PCs, servers or other end nodes, or to hubs or other switches, you can use straight-through cables.

If any of these ports are given a fixed configuration, for example 100 Mbps/ Full Duplex, the ports operate as MDI-X ports, and straight-through cables *must* be then used for connections to PC NICs and other MDI ports.

### Cable Diagram



**Figure B-2. Straight-through Cable Diagram for 10/100 Mbps Network Connection**

### Note

Pins 1 and 2 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 1 and 2 on connector "B".

Pins 3 and 6 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 3 and 6 on connector "B".

Pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 are not used in this application, although they may be wired in the cable.

### Pin Assignments

Switch End (MDI-X)		Computer, Transceiver, or Other End		
Signal	Pins	Pins	Signal	
receive +	1	←	1	transmit +
receive -	2	←	2	transmit -
transmit +	3	→	3	receive +
transmit -	6	→	6	receive -

## Crossover Twisted-Pair Cable for 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps Network Connection

The HP Auto-MDIX operation of the 10/100 ports on the switches also allows you to use crossover cables for all network connections, to PCs, servers or other end nodes, or to hubs or other switches.

If any of these ports are given a fixed configuration, for example 100 Mbps/ Full Duplex, the ports operate as MDI-X ports, and crossover cables *must* be then used for connections to hubs or switches or other MDI-X network devices.

### Cable Diagram

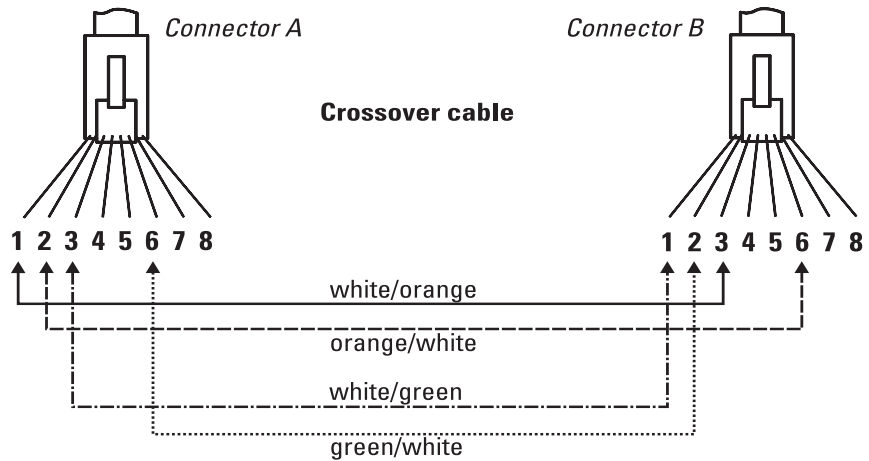


Figure B-3. Cross-over Cable Diagram for 10/100 Mbps Network Connection

### Note

Pins 1 and 2 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 3 and 6 on connector “B”.  
Pins 3 and 6 on connector “A” *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 1 and 2 on connector “B”.  
Pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 are not used in this application, although they may be wired in the cable.

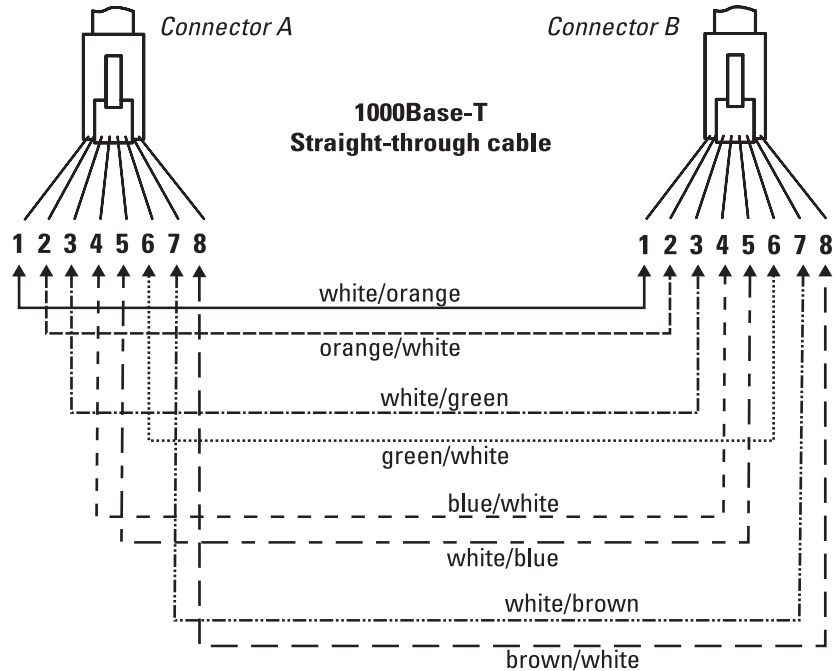
### Pin Assignments

Switch End (MDI-X)		Hub or Switch Port, or Other MDI-X Port End	
Signal	Pins	Pins	Signal
receive +	1	6	transmit -
receive -	2	3	transmit +
transmit +	3	2	receive -
transmit -	6	1	receive +

## Straight-Through Twisted-Pair Cable for 1000 Mbps Network Connections

1000Base-T connections require that all four pairs or wires be connected.

### Cable Diagram



**Figure B-4. Straight-through Cable Diagram for 1000 Mbps Network Connection**

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### Note

Pins 1 and 2 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 1 and 2 on connector "B".  
Pins 3 and 6 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 3 and 6 on connector "B".  
Pins 4 and 5 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 4 and 5 on connector "B".  
Pins 7 and 8 on connector "A" *must* be wired as a twisted pair to pins 7 and 8 on connector "B".

---

### Pin Assignments

For 1000Base-T operation, all four pairs of wires are used for both transmit and receive.



# Safety and EMC Regulatory Statements

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## Safety Information



Documentation reference symbol. If the product is marked with this symbol, refer to the product documentation to get more information about the product.

### **WARNING**

A **WARNING** in the manual denotes a hazard that can cause injury or death.

### Caution

A Caution in the manual denotes a hazard that can damage equipment.

Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** or Caution notice until you have understood the hazardous conditions and have taken appropriate steps.

### **Grounding**

These are safety class I products and have protective earthing terminals. There must be an uninterruptible safety earth ground from the main power source to the product's input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, disconnect the power cord until the ground has been restored.

For LAN cable grounding:

- If your LAN covers an area served by more than one power distribution system, be sure their safety grounds are securely interconnected.
- LAN cables may occasionally be subject to hazardous transient voltages (such as lightning or disturbances in the electrical utilities power grid). Handle exposed metal components of the network with Caution.

### **Servicing**

There are no user-serviceable parts inside these products. Any servicing, adjustment, maintenance, or repair must be performed only by service-trained personnel.

These products do not have a power switch; they are powered on when the power cord is plugged in.

## Informations concernant la sécurité



Symbole de référence à la documentation. Si le produit est marqué de ce symbole, reportez-vous à la documentation du produit afin d'obtenir des informations plus détaillées.

### **WARNING**

Dans la documentation, un **WARNING** indique un danger susceptible d'entraîner des dommages corporels ou la mort.

### Caution

Un texte de mise en garde intitulé Caution indique un danger susceptible de causer des dommages à l'équipement.

Ne continuez pas au-delà d'une rubrique **WARNING** ou Caution avant d'avoir bien compris les conditions présentant un danger et pris les mesures appropriées.

Cet appareil est un produit de classe I et possède une borne de mise à la terre. La source d'alimentation principale doit être munie d'une prise de terre de sécurité installée aux bornes du câblage d'entrée, sur le cordon d'alimentation ou le cordon de raccordement fourni avec le produit. Lorsque cette protection semble avoir été endommagée, débrancher le cordon d'alimentation jusqu'à ce que la mise à la terre ait été réparée.

Mise à la terre du câble de réseau local:

- si votre réseau local s'étend sur une zone desservie par plus d'un système de distribution de puissance, assurez-vous que les prises de terre de sécurité soient convenablement interconnectées.
- Les câbles de réseaux locaux peuvent occasionnellement être soumis à des surtensions transitoires dangereuses (telles que la foudre ou des perturbations dans le réseau d'alimentation public). Manipulez les composants métalliques du réseau avec précautions.

Aucune pièce contenue à l'intérieur de ce produit ne peut être réparée par l'utilisateur. Tout dépannage, réglage, entretien ou réparation devra être confié exclusivement à un personnel qualifié.

Cet appareil ne comporte pas de commutateur principal ; la mise sous tension est effectuée par branchement du cordon d'alimentation.

---

## Hinweise zur Sicherheit



Symbol für Dokumentationsverweis. Wenn das Produkt mit diesem Symbol markiert ist, schlagen Sie bitte in der Produktdokumentation nach, um mehr Informationen über das Produkt zu erhalten.

### **WARNING**

Symbol für Dokumentationsverweis. Wenn das Produkt mit diesem Symbol markiert ist, schlagen Sie bitte in der Produktdokumentation nach, um mehr Informationen über das Produkt zu erhalten.

### Caution

Symbol für Dokumentationsverweis. Wenn das Produkt mit diesem Symbol markiert ist, schlagen Sie bitte in der Produktdokumentation nach, um mehr Informationen über das Produkt zu erhalten.

Fahren Sie nach dem Hinweis WARNING oder Caution erst fort, nachdem Sie den Gefahrenzustand verstanden und die entsprechenden Maßnahmen ergriffen haben.

Dies ist ein Gerät der Sicherheitsklasse I und verfügt über einen schützenden Erdungsterminal. Der Betrieb des Geräts erfordert eine ununterbrochene Sicherheitserdung von der Hauptstromquelle zu den Geräteingabeterminals, den Netzkabeln oder dem mit Strom belieferten Netzkabelsatz voraus. Sobald Grund zur Annahme besteht, daß der Schutz beeinträchtigt worden ist, das Netzkabel aus der Wandsteckdose herausziehen, bis die Erdung wiederhergestellt ist.

Für LAN-Kabelerdung:

- Wenn Ihr LAN ein Gebiet umfaßt, das von mehr als einem Stromverteilungssystem beliefert wird, müssen Sie sich vergewissern, daß die Sicherheitserdungen fest untereinander verbunden sind.
- LAN-Kabel können gelegentlich gefährlichen Übergangsspannungen ausgesetzt werden (beispielsweise durch Blitz oder Störungen in dem Starkstromnetz des Elektrizitätswerks). Bei der Handhabung exponierter Metallbestandteile des Netzwerkes Vorsicht walten lassen.

Dieses Gerät enthält innen keine durch den Benutzer zu wartenden Teile. Wartungs-, Anpassungs-, Instandhaltungs- oder Reparaturarbeiten dürfen nur von geschultem Bedienungspersonal durchgeführt werden.

Dieses Gerät hat keinen Netzschalter; es wird beim Anschließen des Netzkabels eingeschaltet.

## Considerazioni sulla sicurezza



Simbolo di riferimento alla documentazione. Se il prodotto è contrassegnato da questo simbolo, fare riferimento alla documentazione sul prodotto per ulteriori informazioni su di esso.

### **WARNING**

La dicitura **WARNING** denota un pericolo che può causare lesioni o morte.

### Caution

La dicitura Caution denota un pericolo che può danneggiare le attrezzature.

Non procedere oltre un avviso di **WARNING** o di Caution prima di aver compreso le condizioni di rischio e aver provveduto alle misure del caso.

Questo prodotto è omologato nella classe di sicurezza I ed ha un terminale protettivo di collegamento a terra. Dev'essere installato un collegamento a terra di sicurezza, non interrompibile che vada dalla fonte d'alimentazione principale ai terminali d'entrata, al cavo d'alimentazione oppure al set cavo d'alimentazione fornito con il prodotto. Ogniquale volta vi sia probabilità di danneggiamento della protezione, disinserite il cavo d'alimentazione fino a quando il collegamento a terra non sia stato ripristinato.

Per la messa a terra dei cavi LAN:

- se la vostra LAN copre un'area servita da più di un sistema di distribuzione elettrica, accertatevi che i collegamenti a terra di sicurezza siano ben collegati fra loro;
- i cavi LAN possono occasionalmente andare soggetti a pericolose tensioni transitorie (ad esempio, provocate da lampi o disturbi nella griglia d'alimentazione della società elettrica); siate cauti nel toccare parti esposte in metallo della rete.

Nessun componente di questo prodotto può essere riparato dall'utente. Qualsiasi lavoro di riparazione, messa a punto, manutenzione o assistenza va effettuato esclusivamente da personale specializzato.

Questo apparato non possiede un commutatore principale; si mette scotto tensione all'inserirsi il cavo d'alimentazione.

---

## Consideraciones sobre seguridad



Símbolo de referencia a la documentación. Si el producto va marcado con este símbolo, consultar la documentación del producto a fin de obtener mayor información sobre el producto.

### **WARNING**

Una **WARNING** en la documentación señala un riesgo que podría resultar en lesiones o la muerte.

### Caution

Una Caution en la documentación señala un riesgo que podría resultar en averías al equipo.

No proseguir después de un símbolo de **WARNING** o Caution hasta no haber entendido las condiciones peligrosas y haber tomado las medidas apropiadas.

Este aparato se enmarca dentro de la clase I de seguridad y se encuentra protegido por una borna de puesta a tierra. Es preciso que exista una puesta a tierra continua desde la toma de alimentación eléctrica hasta las bornas de los cables de entrada del aparato, el cable de alimentación o el juego de cable de alimentación suministrado. Si existe la probabilidad de que la protección a tierra haya sufrido desperfectos, desenchufar el cable de alimentación hasta haberse subsanado el problema.

Puesta a tierra del cable de la red local (LAN):

- Si la LAN abarca un área cuyo suministro eléctrico proviene de más de una red de distribución de electricidad, cerciorarse de que las puestas a tierra estén conectadas entre sí de modo seguro.
- Es posible que los cables de la LAN se vean sometidos de vez en cuando a voltajes momentáneos que entrañen peligro (rayos o alteraciones en la red de energía eléctrica). Manejar con precaución los componentes de metal de la LAN que estén al descubierto.

Este aparato no contiene pieza alguna susceptible de reparación por parte del usuario. Todas las reparaciones, ajustes o servicio de mantenimiento debe realizarlos solamente el técnico.

Este producto no tiene interruptor de potencia; se activa cuando se enchufa el cable de alimentación.

## Safety Information (Japan)

安全性の考慮

安全記号



マニュアル参照記号。製品にこの記号がついている場合はマニュアルを参照し、注意事項等をご確認ください。

WARNING マニュアル中の「WARNING」は人身事故の原因となる危険を示します。

CAUTION マニュアル中の「CAUTION」は装置破損の原因となる危険を示します。

「WARNING」や「CAUTION」の項は飛ばさないで必ずお読みください。危険性に関する記載事項をよく読み、正しい手順に従った上で次の事項に進んでください。

これは安全性クラス I の製品で保護用接地端子を備えています。主電源から製品の入力配線端子、電源コード、または添付の電源コード・セットまでの間、切れ目のない安全接地が存在することが必要です。もしこの保護回路が損なわれたことが推測されるときは、接地が修復されるまで電源コードを外しておいてください。

LAN ケーブルの接地に関して:

- もし貴社の LAN が複数の配電システムにより電力を受けている領域をカバーしている場合には、それらのシステムの安全接地が確実に相互に結合されていることを確認してください。
- LAN ケーブルは時として危険な過度電圧（例えば雷や、配電設備の電力網での障害）にさらされることがあります。露出した金属部分の取扱いには十分な注意をはらってください。

本製品の内部にはユーザーが修理できる部品はありません。サービス、調整、保守および修理はサービス訓練を受けた専門家におまかせください。

本製品には電源スイッチがありません。電源コードを接続したとき電源入となります。

# Safety Information (China)

## HP 网络产品使用安全手册

### 使用须知

欢迎使用惠普网络产品，为了您及仪器的安全，请您务必注意如下事项：

1. 仪器要和地线相接，要使用有正确接地插头的电源线，使用中国国家规定的220V电源。
2. 避免高温和尘土多的地方，否则易引起仪器内部部件的损坏。
3. 避免接近高温，避免接近直接热源，如直射阳光、暖气等其它发热体。
4. 不要有异物或液体落入机内，以免部件短路。
5. 不要将磁体放置于仪器附近。

### 警告

为防止火灾或触电事故，请不要将该机放置于淋雨或潮湿处。

### 安装

安装辅助管理模块，请参看安装指南。

### 保修及技术支持

如果您按照以上步骤操作时遇到了困难，或想了解其它产品性能，请按以下方式与我们联系。

如是硬件故障：

1. 与售出单位或当地维修机构联系。
2. 中国惠普有限公司维修中心地址：  
北京市海淀区知春路49号希格玛大厦  
联系电话：010-62623888 转 6101  
邮政编码：100080

如是软件问题：

1. 惠普用户响应中心热线电话：010-65645959
2. 传真自动回复系统：010-65645735

## EMC Regulatory Statements

### U.S.A.

#### FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

### Canada

This product complies with Class A Canadian EMC requirements.

### Australia/New Zealand



This product complies with Australia/New Zealand EMC Class A requirements.

### Japan

#### VCCI Class A

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。



## Korea

사용자 안내문 : A 급기기

이기는 업무용으로 전자파 적합등록을 받은 기기 이오니, 판매자 또는 사용자는 이점을 주의하시기 바라며, 만약 잘못 구입하셨을 때에는 구입한 곳에서 비업무용으로 교환하시기 바랍니다.

## Taiwan

警告使用者：這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

## Regulatory Model Identification Number

**For regulatory identification purposes, the ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches are assigned a Regulatory Model Number. The Regulatory Model Number for these switches is RSVLC-0503.**

**This regulatory number should not be confused with the marketing name (ProCurve Series 5400zl Switches), or product numbers (J8697A, J8698A, J8699A, and J8700A).**

## European Community



### DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014

**Manufacturer's Name:** Hewlett-Packard Company

**Manufacturer's Address:** 8000 Foothills Blvd.  
Roseville, CA 95747-5502  
U.S.A.

**declares, that the product**

**Product Name:** ProCurve Switch 5406zl Chassis Edge Switch, ProCurve Switch 5412zl Chassis Edge Switch, ProCurve Switch 5406zl Bundle, ProCurve Switch 5412zl Bundle,

**Product Number(s):** J8697A, J8698A, J8699A, J8700A

**Regulatory Model:** RSVLC-0503

**Product Options:** All

**conforms to the following Product Specifications:**

**Safety:** EN 60950:2001 / IEC 60950-1:2001  
EN 60825-1:1994 +A1+A2


**EMC:** EN 55022:1998 / CISPR 22:1997 Class A  
EN 55024:1998 +A1+A2 (2003) / CISPR 24:1997 +A1+A2(2002)  
EN 61000-3-2:2000 / IEC 61000-3-2:2001  
EN 61000-3-3:1995 +A1(2001) / IEC 61000-3-3:1994 +A1(2001)

**Supplementary Information:**

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and carries the CE marking accordingly.

The product was tested with Hewlett-Packard branded products only.

Roseville, 19 December 2005

  
Mike Avery, Regulatory Engineering Mgr.

European Contact: Your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or Hewlett-Packard GmbH, Department HQ-TRE, Herrenberger Straße 140, D-71034 Böblingen (FAX: + 49-7031-14-3143)

# Recycle Statements

## Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Statements



### Disposal of Waste Equipment by Users in Private Household in the European Union

This symbol on the product or on its packaging indicates that this product must not be disposed of with your other household waste. Instead, it is your responsibility to dispose of your waste equipment by handing it over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the shop where you purchased the product.



### Likvidace zařízení soukromými domácími uživateli v Evropské unii

Tento symbol na produktu nebo balení označuje výrobek, který nesmí být vyhozen spolu s ostatním domácím odpadem. Povinností uživatele je předat takto označený odpad na předem určené sběrné místo pro recyklaci elektrických a elektronických zařízení. Okamžité třídění a recyklace odpadu pomůže uchovat přírodní prostředí a zajistí takový způsob recyklace, který ochrání zdraví a životní prostředí člověka. Další informace o možnostech odevzdání odpadu k recyklaci získáte na příslušném obecním nebo městském úřadě, od firmy zabývající se sběrem a svozem odpadu nebo v obchodě, kde jste produkt zakoupili.



### Bortskaffelse af affald fra husstande i den Europæiske Union

Hvis produktet eller dets emballage er forsynet med dette symbol, angiver det, at produktet ikke må bortskaffes med andet almindeligt husholdningsaffald. I stedet er det dit ansvar at bortskaffe kasseret udstyr ved at aflevere det på den kommunale genbrugsstation, der forestår genvinding af kasseret elektrisk og elektronisk udstyr. Den centrale modtagelse og genvinding af kasseret udstyr i forbindelse med bortskaffelsen bidrager til bevarelse af naturlige ressourcer og sikrer, at udstyret genvindes på en måde, der beskytter både mennesker og miljø. Yderligere oplysninger om, hvor du kan aflevere kasseret udstyr til genvinding, kan du få hos kommunen, den lokale genbrugsstation eller i den butik, hvor du købte produktet.



### Seadmete jäätmete kõrvaldamine eramajapidamistes Euroopa Liidus

See tootel või selle pakendil olev sümbol näitab, et kõnealust toodet ei tohi koos teiste majapidamisjäätmetega kõrvaldada. Teie kohus on oma seadmete jäätmed kõrvaldada, viies need elektri- ja elektroonikaseadmete jäätmete ringlussevõtmiseks selleks ettenähtud kogumispunkti. Seadmete jäätmete eraldi kogumine ja ringlussevõtmine kõrvaldamise ajal aitab kaitsta loodusvarasid ning tagada, et ringlussevõtmine toimub viisil, mis kaitseb inimeste tervist ning keskkonda. Lisateabe saamiseks selle kohta, kuhu oma seadmete jäätmed ringlussevõtmiseks viia, võtke palun ühendust oma kohaliku linnakantsleji, majapidamisjäätmete kõrvaldamise teenistuse või kauplusega, kust Te toote ostsite.

## Recycle Statements

### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Statements



#### Laitteiden hävittäminen kotitalouksissa Euroopan unionin alueella

Jos tuotteessa tai sen pakkauksessa on tämä merkki, tuotetta ei saa hävittää kotitalousjätteiden mukana. Tällöin hävitettävä laite on toimitettava sähkölaitteiden ja elektronisten laitteiden kierrätyspisteeseen. Hävitettävien laitteiden erillinen käsittely ja kierrätys auttavat säästämään luonnonvaroja ja varmistamaan, että laite kierrätetään tavalla, joka estää terveyshaitat ja suojelee luontoa. Lisätietoja paikoista, joihin hävitettävät laitteet voi toimittaa kierrätettäväksi, saa ottamalla yhteyttä jätehuoltoon tai liikkeeseen, josta tuote on ostettu.



#### Élimination des appareils mis au rebut par les ménages dans l'Union européenne

Le symbole apposé sur ce produit ou sur son emballage indique que ce produit ne doit pas être jeté avec les déchets ménagers ordinaires. Il est de votre responsabilité de mettre au rebut vos appareils en les déposant dans les centres de collecte publique désignés pour le recyclage des équipements électriques et électroniques. La collecte et le recyclage de vos appareils mis au rebut indépendamment du reste des déchets contribue à la préservation des ressources naturelles et garantit que ces appareils seront recyclés dans le respect de la santé humaine et de l'environnement. Pour obtenir plus d'informations sur les centres de collecte et de recyclage des appareils mis au rebut, veuillez contacter les autorités locales de votre région, les services de collecte des ordures ménagères ou le magasin dans lequel vous avez acheté ce produit.



#### Entsorgung von Altgeräten aus privaten Haushalten in der EU

Das Symbol auf dem Produkt oder seiner Verpackung weist darauf hin, dass das Produkt nicht über den normalen Hausmüll entsorgt werden darf. Benutzer sind verpflichtet, die Altgeräte an einer Rücknahmestelle für Elektro- und Elektronik-Altgeräte abzugeben. Die getrennte Sammlung und ordnungsgemäße Entsorgung Ihrer Altgeräte trägt zur Erhaltung der natürlichen Ressourcen bei und garantiert eine Wiederverwertung, die die Gesundheit des Menschen und die Umwelt schützt. Informationen dazu, wo Sie Rücknahmestellen für Ihre Altgeräte finden, erhalten Sie bei Ihrer Stadtverwaltung, den örtlichen Müllentsorgungsbetrieben oder im Geschäft, in dem Sie das Gerät erworben haben



#### Απορρίψη άχρηστου εξοπλισμού από χρήστες σε ιδιωτικά νοικοκυριά στην Ευρωπαϊκή Ένωση

Το σύμβολο αυτό στο προϊόν ή τη συσκευασία του υποδεικνύει ότι το συγκεκριμένο προϊόν δεν πρέπει να διατίθεται μαζί με τα άλλα οικιακά σας απορρίμματα. Αντίθετα, είναι δική σας ευθύνη να ανακύκλωση άχρηστο ηλεκτρικού και ηλεκτρονικού εξοπλισμού. Η ξεχωριστή συλλογή και ανακύκλωση του άχρηστου εξοπλισμού σας κατά την απόρριψη θα συμβάλει στη διατήρηση των φυσικών πόρων και θα διασφαλίσει ότι η ανακύκλωση γίνεται με τρόπο που προστατεύει την ανθρώπινη υγεία και το περιβάλλον. Για περισσότερες πληροφορίες σχετικά με το πού μπορείτε να παραδώσετε τον άχρηστο εξοπλισμό σας για ανακύκλωση, επικοινωνήστε με το αρμόδιο τοπικό γραφείο, την τοπική υπηρεσία διάθεσης οικιακών απορριμμάτων ή το κατάστημα όπου αγοράσατε το προϊόν.



#### Készülékek magánháztartásban történő selejtezése az Európai Unió területén

A készüléken, illetve a készülék csomagolásán látható azonos szimbólum annak jelzésére szolgál, hogy a készülék a selejtezés során az egyéb háztartási hulladéktól eltérő módon kezelendő. A vásárló a hulladékká vált készüléket köteles a kijelölt gyűjtőhelyre szállítani az elektromos és elektronikai készülékek újrahasznosítása céljából. A hulladékká vált készülékek selejtezőskori begyűjtése és újrahasznosítása hozzájárul a természeti erőforrások megőrzéséhez, valamint biztosítja a selejtezett termékek környezetre és emberi egészségre nézve biztonságos feldolgozását. A begyűjtés pontos helyéről bővebb tájékoztatást a lakhelye szerint illetékes önkormányzattól, az illetékes személtakarító vállalattól, illetve a terméket eláruló helyen kaphat.



### Smaltimento delle apparecchiature da parte di privati nel territorio dell'Unione Europea

Questo simbolo presente sul prodotto o sulla sua confezione indica che il prodotto non può essere smaltito insieme ai rifiuti domestici. È responsabilità dell'utente smaltire le apparecchiature consegnandole presso un punto di raccolta designato al riciclo e allo smaltimento di apparecchiature elettriche ed elettroniche. La raccolta differenziata e il corretto riciclo delle apparecchiature da smaltire permette di proteggere la salute degli individui e l'ecosistema. Per ulteriori informazioni relative ai punti di raccolta delle apparecchiature, contattare l'ente locale per lo smaltimento dei rifiuti, oppure il negozio presso il quale è stato acquistato il prodotto.



### Nolietotu iekārtu iznīcināšanas noteikumi lietotājiem Eiropas Savienības privātajās mājāsaimniecībās

Šāds simbols uz izstrādājuma vai uz tā iesaiņojuma norāda, ka šo izstrādājumu nedrīkst izmest kopā ar citiem sadzīves atkritumiem. Jūs atbildat par to, lai nolietotās iekārtas tiktu nodotas speciāli iekārtotos punktos, kas paredzēti izmantoto elektrisko un elektronisko iekārtu savākšanai otrreizējai pārstrādei. Atsevišķa nolietoto iekārtu savākšana un otrreizējā pārstrāde palīdzēs saglabāt dabas resursus un garantēs, ka šīs iekārtas tiks otrreizēji pārstrādātas tādā veidā, lai pasargātu vidi un cilvēku veselību. Lai uzzinātu, kur nolietotās iekārtas var izmest otrreizējai pārstrādei, jāvēršas savas dzīves vietas pašvaldībā, sadzīves atkritumu savākšanas dienestā vai veikalā, kurā izstrādājums tika nopirkts.



### Vartotojū iš privačių namų ūkių įrangos atliekų šalinimas Europos Sąjungoje

Šis simbolis ant gaminio arba jo pakuotės rodo, kad šio gaminio šalinti kartu su kitomis namų ūkio atliekomis negalima. Šalintinas įrangos atliekas privalote pristatyti į specialią surinkimo vietą elektros ir elektroninės įrangos atliekoms perdirbti. Atskirai surenkamos ir perdirbamos šalintinos įrangos atliekos padės saugoti gamtinius išteklius ir užtikrinti, kad jos bus perdirbtos tokiu būdu, kuris nekenkia žmonių sveikatai ir aplinkai. Jeigu norite sužinoti daugiau apie tai, kur galima pristatyti perdirbtinas įrangos atliekas, kreipkitės į savo seniūniją, namų ūkio atliekų šalinimo tarnybą arba parduotuvę, kurioje įsigijote gaminį.



### Verwijdering van afgedankte apparatuur door privé-gebruikers in de Europese Unie

Dit symbool op het product of de verpakking geeft aan dat dit product niet mag worden gedeponeerd bij het normale huishoudelijke afval. U bent zelf verantwoordelijk voor het inleveren van uw afgedankte apparatuur bij een inzamelingspunt voor het recyclen van oude elektrische en elektronische apparatuur. Door uw oude apparatuur apart aan te bieden en te recyclen, kunnen natuurlijke bronnen worden behouden en kan het materiaal worden hergebruikt op een manier waarmee de volksgezondheid en het milieu worden beschermd. Neem contact op met uw gemeente, het afvalinzamelingsbedrijf of de winkel waar u het product hebt gekocht voor meer informatie over inzamelingspunten waar u oude apparatuur kunt aanbieden voor recycling.



### Pozbywanie się zużytego sprzętu przez użytkowników w prywatnych gospodarstwach domowych w Unii Europejskiej

Ten symbol na produkcie lub jego opakowaniu oznacza, że produktu nie wolno wyrzucać do zwykłych pojemników na śmieci. Obowiązkiem użytkownika jest przekazanie zużytego sprzętu do wyznaczonego punktu zbiórki w celu recyklingu odpadów powstałych ze sprzętu elektrycznego i elektronicznego. Osobna zbiórka oraz recykling zużytego sprzętu pomogą w ochronie zasobów naturalnych i zapewnią ponowne wprowadzenie go do obiegu w sposób chroniący zdrowie człowieka i środowisko. Aby uzyskać więcej informacji o tym, gdzie można przekazać zużyty sprzęt do recyklingu, należy się skontaktować z urzędem miasta, zakładem gospodarki odpadami lub sklepem, w którym zakupiono produkt.



### Descarte de Lixo Elétrico na Comunidade Européia

Este símbolo encontrado no produto ou na embalagem indica que o produto não deve ser descartado no lixo doméstico comum. É responsabilidade do cliente descartar o material usado (lixo elétrico), encaminhando-o para um ponto de coleta para reciclagem. A coleta e a reciclagem seletivas desse tipo de lixo ajudarão a conservar as reservas naturais; sendo assim, a reciclagem será feita de uma forma segura, protegendo o ambiente e a saúde das pessoas. Para obter mais informações sobre locais que reciclam esse tipo de material, entre em contato com o escritório da HP em sua cidade, com o serviço de coleta de lixo ou com a loja em que o produto foi adquirido.



### Likvidácia vyradených zariadení v domácnostiach v Európskej únii

Symbol na výrobku alebo jeho balení označuje, že daný výrobok sa nesmie likvidovať s domovým odpadom. Povinnosťou spotrebiteľa je odovzdať vyradené zariadenie v zbernom mieste, ktoré je určené na recykláciu vyradených elektrických a elektronických zariadení. Separovaný zber a recyklácia vyradených zariadení prispieva k ochrane prírodných zdrojov a zabezpečuje, že recyklácia sa vykonáva spôsobom chrániacim ľudské zdravie a životné prostredie. Informácie o zberných miestach na recykláciu vyradených zariadení vám poskytne miestne zastupiteľstvo, spoločnosť zabezpečujúca odvoz domového odpadu alebo obchod, v ktorom ste si výrobok zakúpili.



### Odstranjevanje odslužene opreme uporabnikov v zasebnih gospodinjstvih v Evropski uniji

Ta znak na izdelku ali njegovi embalaži pomeni, da izdelka ne smete odvreči med gospodinjске odpadke. Nasprotno, odsluženo opremo morate predati na zbirališče, pooblaščeno za recikliranje odslužene električne in elektronske opreme. Ločeno zbiranje in recikliranje odslužene opreme prispeva k ohranjanju naravnih virov in zagotavlja recikliranje te opreme na zdravju in okolju neškodljiv način. Za podrobnejše informacije o tem, kam lahko odpeljete odsluženo opremo na recikliranje, se obrnite na pristojni organ, komunalno službo ali trgovino, kjer ste izdelek kupili.



### Eliminación de residuos de equipos eléctricos y electrónicos por parte de usuarios particulares en la Unión Europea

Este símbolo en el producto o en su envase indica que no debe eliminarse junto con los desperdicios generales de la casa. Es responsabilidad del usuario eliminar los residuos de este tipo depositándolos en un "punto limpio" para el reciclado de residuos eléctricos y electrónicos. La recogida y el reciclado selectivos de los residuos de aparatos eléctricos en el momento de su eliminación contribuirá a conservar los recursos naturales y a garantizar el reciclado de estos residuos de forma que se proteja el medio ambiente y la salud. Para obtener más información sobre los puntos de recogida de residuos eléctricos y electrónicos para reciclado, póngase en contacto con su ayuntamiento, con el servicio de eliminación de residuos domésticos o con el establecimiento en el que adquirió el producto.



### Bortskaffande av avfallsprodukter från användare i privathushåll inom Europeiska Unionen

Om den här symbolen visas på produkten eller förpackningen betyder det att produkten inte får slängas på samma ställe som hushållssopor. I stället är det ditt ansvar att bortskaffa avfallet genom att överlämna det till ett uppsamlingsställe avsett för återvinning av avfall från elektriska och elektroniska produkter. Separat insamling och återvinning av avfallet hjälper till att spara på våra naturresurser och gör att avfallet återvinns på ett sätt som skyddar människors hälsa och miljön. Kontakta ditt lokala kommunkontor, din närmsta återvinningsstation för hushållsavfall eller affären där du köpte produkten för att få mer information om var du kan lämna ditt avfall för återvinning.

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